

# The NEW LIGHT OF MYANMAR

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10<sup>th</sup> Waxing of Tawthalin 1373 ME

Wednesday, 7 September, 2011

## Ministry of Forestry renamed Ministry of Environmental Conservation and Forestry

NAY PYI TAW, 6 Sept—President Office of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar issued Notification No. 83/2011 dated 6-9-2011 as follows:

Republic of the Union of Myanmar  
President Office

Notification No. 83/2011  
9<sup>th</sup> Waxing of Tawthalin, 1373 ME  
6 September, 2011

### Renaming the Ministry

Under the agreement at the second regular session of the first Pyidaungsu Hluttaw, Ministry of Forestry was renamed Ministry of Environmental Conservation and Forestry.

Sd/ Thein Sein  
President  
Republic of the Union of Myanmar

### Our Three Main National Causes

- \* Non-disintegration of the Union
- \* Non-disintegration of National solidarity
- \* Perpetuation of Sovereignty

### Noteworthy amounts of rainfall (6-9-2011)

Putao	6.97 inches
Machanbaw	4.72 inches
Kyaikkhami	3.94 inches
Paung	3.46 inches
Chaungzon	3.42 inches
Mawlamyine	3.35 inches

**Staff members of administrative bodies to systematically perform management tasks in line with constitution, laws, rules and regulations paying heed to wishes, attitude of people**

**Vice-President Thiha Thura U Tin Aung Myint Oo meets Leading Body of Pa-O Self-Administered Zone, officials, local people in Hopong**



Vice-President of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar Thiha Thura U Tin Aung Myint Oo speaking to leading body of Pa-O self-administered zone, departmental personnel, members of social organizations, townsenders, ward/village administrators at Hopong Town Hall.—MNA

NAY PYI TAW, 6 Sept— Vice-President of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar Thiha Thura U Tin Aung Myint Oo, accompanied by Union Ministers, Shan State Chief Minister U Sao Aung Myat, Commander of Eastern Command Maj-Gen Soe Htut, deputy ministers, state ministers and departmental heads, left Taunggyi by car yesterday morning and arrived at Hopong of Pa-O Self-Administered Zone.

At Hopong Town Hall, the Vice-President met members of the Leading Body of Pa-O Self-Administered Zone, township level departmental officials, social organization members, townsenders and ward/village administrators.

Chairman of Leading Body of Pa-O Self-Administered Zone U Khun San Lwin reported on administration, management, economic and social tasks in the zone for meeting the target of the State. He briefed the Vice-President on facts about the region, area of the zone, population, cultivation of 10 major crops, communication, strength of Fire Services Department and fire engines, electricity, drinking water, basic education school and township people's hospital and requirements.

Union Minister for Home Affairs Lt-Gen Ko Ko reported on implementation of security, peace and tranquility, prevalence of law and order and public welfare tasks.

Union Minister for National Planning and Economic Development and for Livestock and Fisheries U Tin Naing Thein reported on economic progress of the zone, economic prospects of livestock breeding, trade, tourism, agriculture, mining, private hydropower generation, rural small-scale industries, micro-credit cooperative societies, development of cooperative syndicate, development of rural socio-economy and environmental conservation.

Deputy Minister for Agriculture and Irrigation U Ohn Than submitted the reports on extension of arable land on vacant and virgin lands remained in (See page 6)

**PERSPECTIVES**

Wednesday, 7 September, 2011

**Public interests at the fore**

Hluttaw sessions are now going on as a result of the constitution and with legislative, executive and judiciary powers taking shape, the machinery of the new executive system is gaining momentum.

The new government has articulated its doctrine as Good Governance and Clean Government and thus governmental institutions are to strive for transparency, accountability, being agreeable to the constitution and existing laws, listening to the expectations of the people while enhancing operational effectiveness.

Economic development is of crucial importance to a nation. The President has given directives to private entrepreneurs, economists and social organizations for GDP growth. National Workshop on Reforms for National Economic Development is first step towards the economic reform of the nation.

At the same time, the government, with a view to easing poverty of rural farmers and workers, the basic strata of the nation, and bolstering up their socio-economic life, has adopted eight-point rural development and poverty alleviation scheme and launched operations. It is needed to start from the possibilities as conditions may differ between the regions.

Plans for 2011-2012 fiscal year have been in operation with every region having an economic target to pursue. If only economic plans bear fruitful results, can individuals and the nation reap benefits and thus administrative bodies are responsible for reaching the targets of such projects.

Members of region and state governments know climate, geographical features and real situations of people of their own regions and states well. They are however to avoid committing honest mistakes because of an overwhelming sense of duty and goodwill but to prioritize tasks according to the actual requirements of the region and locals, putting public interests at the fore.

**RUMFCCI President to attend 31<sup>st</sup> Executive Committee Meeting of AFMA**

YANGON, 6 Sept — President of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar Federation of Chambers of Commerce and Industry U Win Aung left here by air to attend the 31<sup>st</sup> Executive Committee Meeting of Agriculture and Food Marketing Association for Asia and the Pacific (AFMA) to be held at Hong Kong of the People's Republic of China on 7 September. He was seen off at Yangon International Airport by officials of the federation. — MNA

**Earthquake News**

NAY PYI TAW, 6 Sept—A strong earthquake of magnitude (6.6) Richter scale with its epicenter outside Myanmar (Northern Sumatra, Indonesia) about (1000) miles South of Kaba-Aye seismological observatory was recorded at (00) hrs (25) min (13) sec M.S.T on 6<sup>th</sup>, September 2011, announced by the Department of Meteorology and Hydrology.

**Union Foreign Minister receives UNHCR Representative**



NAY PYI TAW, 6 Sept—U Wunna Maung Lwin, Union Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar received Mr Bhairaja Panday, Representative of the

*Union Minister for Foreign Affairs U Wunna Maung Lwin receives Representative of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) to Myanmar Mr Bhairaja Panday.*  
MNA

United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) to Myanmar this evening at his office here and discussed cooperation between Myanmar and UNHCR. — MNA

**Union Construction Minister attends opening and closing ceremonies of engineering courses**

NAY PYI TAW, 6 Sept — Union Minister for Construction U Khin Maung Myint addressed opening and closing ceremonies of engineering courses at central training school of the ministry here yesterday.

The Union minister presented completion

certificates to trainees and cordially greeted them.

A total of 20 trainees are taking the four-week assistance engineer (electrical) course. A total of 24 trainees took the four-week road quality testing, surveying and supervision course (Engineer).

MNA

**Dental, oral patients given free treatment in Nay Pyi Taw Zeyathiri Tsp**

NAY PYI TAW, 6 Sept— An educative talk on dental and oral care to the residents in Nay Pyi Taw Zeyathiri

Township was given this morning.

The educative talk and free dental treatment were headed by dentist

Dr Thin Naing Oo. Nay Pyi Taw Council member U Myo Nyunt, Township Administrator and officials concerned

and other dentists.

A total of 990 dental and oral patients—220 dental patients, 25 surgery including 745 students came to see the dentists.

MNA



*Mandalay Region Chief Minister U Ye Myint viewed booths at Mandalay ICT Expo 2011 at City Hall of Mandalay on 4 September. The expo was held from 2 to 4 September.*  
MNA

**Old mine blast injures six, kills one child in Kutkai Tsp**

NAY PYI TAW, 6 Sept— An old mine blast at No. E/77 in Ward 5, Ring Road in Kutkai in Shan State claimed a child's life and left six civilians injured at 5: 30 pm on 3 September.

The blast occurred while the children U Twan Sein Chan were playing with the bomb found in the way home from his field work about three or four years ago.

It was reported that his children used to play with it because they thought it was out of order.

The victims were sent to Kutkai People's Hospital in Lashio where they are receiving

**Flood bulletin**

NAY PYI TAW, 6 Sept—According to the (12:30) hr MST observation today, the water level of Sittaung River at Toungoo (624) cm has exceeded by (24) cm (about 0.8 ft) above its danger level. It may fall below its danger level (600) cm during the next (48) hours commencing noon today, announced the Meteorology and Hydrology Department.

MNA

medical treatment. Officials concerned announced to stay away from any projectiles or bombs when someone happens to find them.

MNA

# Two German hikers found dead in northern Afghanistan

CHARIKAR, 6 Sept—Two German citizens who had been reported missing last month when they went hiking in the Afghan Province of Parwan have been found dead, officials said on Monday.

The bodies of the dead Germans were found in the southern part of the Salang Pass, which is a large mountain Pass which connects northern Afghanistan and Kabul, the nation's capital, provincial police chief Brigadier General Sher Ahmad Maldani told *Pajhwok Afghan News*.

According to the media outlet, the two German nationals, who had disappeared on 19 August in the Salang District, about 100 kilometres (62 miles) north of Kabul, were kidnapped by a group of unidentified men, and locals near the mountains of the Gararai Qaichi area of Salang District later discovered the bodies.—*Internet*

**Afghan police vehicles are seen parked near to the area where the bodies of two Germans were found in Salang, north of Kabul, Afghanistan on Monday, on 5 Sept, 2011.**



## Eight soldiers killed in gunmen attack in western Iraq

RAMADI, 6 Sept — Eight Iraqi soldiers were killed and another injured in an gunmen attack in Iraq's western Province of Anbar on Tuesday, a provincial police source said.

The attack took place in the morning when gunmen wearing military uniforms attacked an Iraqi army convoy with their assault rifles near the City of Haditha, some 200 km west of Baghdad, the source from Anbar's operations command told *Xinhua* on condition of anonymity.

An officer was among the killed by the attack, the source said.

Iraqi security forces sealed off the area and carried out search operation for the attackers who fled the scene, the source added.—*Internet*

## Six Taliban commanders detained in S Afghanistan

LASHKAR GAH, 6 Sept— Security forces have arrested six Taliban commanders in Helmand province 555 km south of capital city Kabul, spokesman for Helmand's provincial administration said Tuesday.

"Personnel of law enforcing agencies have

captured six Taliban commanders over the past week from different parts of Helmand province," Daud Ahmadi told *Xinhua*.

With the capture of these commanders the situation will be further improved across the restive Helmand province, Ahmadi stated.

Taliban militants fighting Afghan and NATO-led troops have yet to make comment.

*Xinhua*



**Iraqi security forces inspect the scene of a car bomb in Baghdad recently.—INTERNET**

# NATO airstrike kills two militants in southern Afghanistan

KANDAHAR, 6 Sept— A NATO airstrike killed two suspected Taliban IED (Improvised Explosive Device) planters in Taliban birthplace Kandahar Province on Monday, said a statement released by local administration on Tuesday. "An airstrike conducted by NATO-led International Security Assistance Force (ISAF) killed two militants who were busy in planting IED along a road in Sozanian village of Shah Wali Kot District at around 04:00 pm local time on Monday," said the statement.

The bodies of the two militants were recovered by police and no civilian casualties or property damages were reported after the operation, it said.

It added that police found and defused two more explosive devices near the gate of municipality office building in first precinct of Kandahar City, the capital of Kandahar Province Monday.

Taliban militants who largely rely on IED and suicide attacks have yet to make comment.

The Taliban-led militancy has been rampant since the militant group launched spring offensive on 1 May against Afghan security force and NATO-led troops stationed in Afghanistan.

Five civilians were killed on Monday when their vehicle ran over a roadside bomb in Qaisar district of northern Faryab Province.—*Internet*



**Doctor treats a girl who was wounded in a suicide car bomb attack in Baghdad recently.—INTERNET**



**A victim is taken away from the site of a suicide car bomb attack in Kabul on 5 Sept, 2011. —INTERNET**

HERAT, 6 Sept — A suicide attack hits Herat Province, 640 km west of capital City Kabul on Tuesday, leaving the attacker dead and injured two civilians, an official said.

"A suicide bomber riding an explosive-laden car blew himself up next a convoy of police this morning, leaving himself dead and injuring two civilians," spokesman for provincial administration

## Suicide attack hits Herat in west Afghanistan, killing attacker, wounding two

Mahiuinding Nuri told *Xinhua*.

Foreign trainers of police were in the convoy, he further said.

Earlier police spokesman in western Region Abdul Rauf

Ahmadi told *Xinhua* that the bomber blew himself up next to a convoy of NATO-led troops in Ahmadabad area outside provincial capital the Herat City, leaving himself dead.

There were no casualties on military, Ahmadi emphasized.

Taliban militants fighting Afghan and NATO-led troops have yet to make comment.

*Xinhua*

# China bought back a lot of BoFA assets

**Business**



A sign for a Bank of America office is pictured in Burbank, California on 19 August, 2011.

INTERNET

NEW YORK, 6 Sept— A consortium that included the Chinese government was the biggest buyer of a 5 percent stake in China Construction Bank Corp sold last month by Bank of America, the *Financial Times* reported on Sunday.

The State Administration of Foreign Exchange, the National

Social Security Fund and Citic Securities bought the CCB shares, the FT said, citing unnamed sources.

The Chinese government role has been a closely guarded secret as it comes amid fears that Chinese bank stocks will raise additional capital and dilute the stakes of current investors, the FT said.

There has been concern that loans and other assets held by CCB and other Chinese banks are vulnerable to losses in a possible slowdown of the Chinese economy. CCB has been the world's second-largest bank by market value.

Bank of America agreed to sell 13.1 billion CCB shares — half of its stake — because of its own drive to raise capital to make up for losses from mortgage loans made during the US housing boom. Bank of America, the biggest US bank by assets, will get \$8.3 billion cash from the sale. Trading volume in CCB shares surged after the sale, suggesting to some in the market that about one-third of the shares sold by Bank of America went to hedge funds and other institutional investors.

Reuters



Youths gather outside a McDonald's restaurant in London, on 4 Sept, 2011. About 1,200 McDonald's restaurants in Britain will begin displaying the calorie count of each food and drink item on their wall-mounted menu boards this week, as part of a government-led programme to fight obesity and promote healthier eating, the chain said Sunday. —INTERNET

## Health Tip: When aspirin therapy may be harmful

Low-dose aspirin therapy helps lower the risk of heart attack in many people, but it isn't for everyone.

The American Diabetes Association says you should avoid aspirin therapy if:

- \* You have an allergy to aspirin.
- \* You bleed easily.
- \* You've had recent bleeding in the digestive tract.
- \* You have active liver disease.
- \* You are younger than age 21.

The association says you should check with your doctor to determine if aspirin therapy is safe for you.—Internet

**Health**



Toyota Prius hybrid model cars are seen at a dealer in Hollywood, California. Toyota Motor will manufacture the Prius hybrid and its key parts in China in a bid to boost sales in the world's largest car market, a company spokeswoman has said.—INTERNET

# Australia's new car sales jump in August

**Business**

SYDNEY, 6 Sept—Australia's new motor vehicle sales increased significantly in August 2011 compared with the same month in 2010, figures released on Monday by the Federal Chamber of Automotive Industries (FCAI) showed.

The FCAI said new vehicle sales hit 88,082 in August, up 7.3 percent on the same month a year ago. "These positive figures are good news for the automotive industry in Australia, and put the industry firmly on track to achieve the one million sales target for 2011," FCAI acting Chief Executive Steve Payne said in a statement on Monday. Payne said the big jump in new vehicle sales in August reflected a range of factors, including the attractive large range of models available to Australian buyers. "We're continuing to see a recovery in supply from earthquake and tsunami-damaged Japan, along with stronger sales in Queensland as the state recovers from severe weather events earlier in the year," he said.—Xinhua

## Swine flu vaccine 'linked to narcolepsy'

**Health**

HELSINKI, 6 Sept—Researchers in Finland said Thursday they had confirmed a link between the swine flu vaccine and the onset of the sleep disorder narcolepsy in children. Narcolepsy is a chronic nervous system disorder which causes people to become excessively drowsy, often uncontrollably falling asleep and, in more severe cases, suffering hallucinations or paralysing physical collapses called cataplexy.

In this age group, patients who were inoculated were 12.7 times more likely to develop narcolepsy than those who were not, although all of the patients who developed the disorder had a genetic predisposition to it, the study found.

The vaccine did not have an effect on the number of narcolepsy cases among children under four years of age or youth older than 19, according to the researchers. In Finland, 79 children between the ages of four and nine developed narcolepsy after receiving the Pandemrix vaccine, which is a rate of six in 100,000.

Of these cases, an unusually high number, 76, also suffered from bouts of cataplexy, said THL. Sweden, Norway, and France are also investigating the possible link between Pandemrix or the comparable vaccine Arepanrix and an increase in narcolepsy, but so far the link has only been shown in Finland and Sweden.

"The European Medicines Agency recommends that Pandemrix is used on those under 20 years of age only if seasonal influenza vaccines are not available, and only if the individual is at risk of developing severe

influenza or other complications," said THL.

Finnish researchers announced in January that preliminary studies showed a link between Pandemrix and narcolepsy, but Thursday's announcement finalises this conclusion. During the flu season of 2009-2010, laboratory tests confirmed 44 deaths from swine flu in Finland.

THL said that it agrees with the position of the European Medicines Agency that despite the "extremely unfortunate" cases of narcolepsy, the vaccine did more good than harm. "Based on the data, we estimate that the swine flu vaccine prevented 40,000 infections in the 2009-2010 season and a further 40,000 infections in the 2010-2011 season," said THL.—Internet



A nurse injects a patient with a vaccine against the H1N1 or swine flu influenza. Researchers in Finland have confirmed a link between the swine flu vaccine and the onset of the sleep disorder narcolepsy in children.—INTERNET

# Literacy for All in Myanmar

*Daw Nyunt Nyunt (DMERB)*

Since the early days of Myanmar, Literacy has been highly valued. Foreign visitors have been impressed with the high level of literacy prevailing in the country. It had been out in 1954 Octennial Report that, '...round about 1831, the literacy rate in Myanmar was much greater than that of English'. However, the literacy rate was decreased from 85% to 35% when Myanmar was falling under British colonial.

After independence, Myanmar enacted Mass Education Law and practised mass education trainings and 3-R's trainings. Literacy movement was introduced as a pilot project in 1964-65. In 1996, Central Literacy and Coordinating Committee was formed and the literacy programme was organized as a mass campaign. As a result, awarded two UNESCO prizes, namely Mohammad Reza Pahlavi and Noma in 1971 and in 1983 respectively.

With the realization that literacy is not just about educating, it is a unique and powerful tool to eradicate poverty and a strong means for social and human progress, Myanmar is placing special emphasis on literacy and education. The Ministry of Education has been continuously improving the education system. The aim is to provide greater access to education and to promote the quality of education at every level. Two modalities namely, formal education and non-formal education, have been implemented simultaneously to make the entire country literate. Due to the concerted efforts of Ministry of Education, local authorities and other government organizations and non-government organizations, the adult literacy rate is now increased to 95.01%.

## Literacy through Formal Education

The following programmes are implemented in Formal Education mode to reduce the number of illiterates:

**Promoting Access to Basic Education:** In the Basic Education Sector, the number of Basic Education schools and the number of teachers appointed have been markedly increased not only in urban but also rural areas. Promotion of accessibility has led to a huge increase in enrolment. The number of schools has been increased from 33,747 in 1987-88 AY to 39,536 in 2010-2011 AY. Similarly, there are 173,772 teachers in 1987-88 AY and 276,077 teachers in 2010-2011 AY. The number of students has also markedly increased from over 5.2 million in 1987-88 AY to 7.99

million in 2010-2011 AY.

**School Enrolment Promotion Programme:** An endeavours of the basic education sector is initiating the school enrolment promotion programme on a national scale. The last week of May has been proclaimed as Enrolment Week and the whole Township Enrolment Day is observed in every township as a mass movement. The mass media such as the TV, radio and newspapers are used to mobilize public participation in the programme. Due to the efforts, the school enrolment rate has been increased to 98.37% in 2010-2011.

**Inclusive Education Programme:** The Ministry of Education is making arrangements for disabled and other excluded children to attend basic education schools and the learning circles under the non-formal education programme. In 2010-2011 AY, 3522 disabled students are attending in basic education schools.

**Mobile Schools:** Local authorities and social organizations are collaborating for the realization of the Mobile Schools programme under which teachers accompany migrant workers living far from schools to provide primary education to their children. In 2010-2011 there were 22 mobile schools.

## Literacy through Non-Formal Education (NFE)

Ministry of Education leads the literacy programme with the cooperation and coordination of Department of Myanmar Education Research Bureau (DMERB), which is the focal institution for NFE and Departments of Basic Education. The Ministry of Information has established township libraries that are helpful for improving literacy skills while Ministries have assisted in numerous ways to promote literacy and continuing education. International agencies such as UNESCO, UNDP and other non-government organizations have also supported the literacy programme. The following programmes were implemented through non-formal education mode.

**Basic Literacy Programme:** As a focal institution for NFE, the Department of Myanmar Education Research Bureau provides technical support and produces learning materials with UNICEF, UNDP, UNESCO and ACCU. These materials are the outcomes of series of workshops. Many other departments and organizations actively involved in the development of curriculum and materials for basic literacy, functional literacy and skills-based literacy for women.

Since the year 2007, all States and Regions themselves have developed their own micro plans and implemented the literacy programmes in the regions. Through these literacy programmes, the adult literacy rate has been increased. Myanmar with fine tradition in striving for literacy has been duly recognized for her achievements.

**Continuing Education Programmes through Community Learning Centres (CLCs):** Together with the literacy programmes, 2742 CLCs have been established and Continuing Education Programmes such as Post Literacy Programme, Income Generating Programme, Quality of Life Improvement Programme are provided through CLCs. These programmes give opportunities to those who completed primary education or basic literacy to continue their lifelong learning. As a consequence, the community can gain the socioeconomic development and life improvement.

Post literacy is aiming to accelerate their reading skills; the reading content is based on the interest of the readers. Income Generating Programme is provided by local wisdoms and respective departments. Under this programme the learners can learn business knowledge and vocational skills which is relevant to their lives and interest. Under the Quality of Life Improvement Programme, such topics as personal hygiene, family health, nutrition, drug abuse, HIV/AIDS, conservation of environment, prevention of women abuse are provided.

**Non-Formal Primary Education (NFPE) Programme:** It is a two-year NFE programme that is equivalent to formal primary education in terms of relevant knowledge and skills. It is being provided for out-of-school children aged 10-14, who never enrolled or who are early dropouts. The programme is now implemented with the coordination of GOs, NGOs and UNICEF in 20 townships in 2010-2011 AY.

In brief, the literacy and continuing education programmes being undertaken through formal and non-formal education will enhance the building of a learning society that can further serve the needs of our country as it strives to become a modern and developed nation. Let us take an oath to make our country literate by accelerating the momentum of literacy and continuing education activities throughout the country.

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## Amazon reworks website before offering new tablet Tech

NEW YORK, 6 Sept— Amazon.com Inc is rolling out a major redesign of its familiar website as it prepares to offer a new \$250 tablet device to rival Apple Inc's iPad.

The changes in Amazon's online store "practically scream 'tablet-optimized'," TechCrunch blogger Sarah Perez wrote over the weekend after her site

reported seeing a prototype of the company's new device.

The new web pages show a bigger search bar and less clutter to better highlight music, e-books, digital games and applications from the Amazon Appstore using Google's Android operating system, the blog said. Amazon started rolling out the new design in the last

days of August, spokeswoman Sally Fouts said in an email on Sunday.

"We are continuing to roll out the new design to additional customers, but I can't speculate on when the new design will be live for everyone," Fouts wrote.

Amazon, the world's largest online retailer, is introducing

the new site and tablet device as the company goes beyond its roots selling through personal computers to reaching customers via the kind of mobile connections they increasingly use.

Getting more mobile devices into the hands of Amazon customers is important, too, because it may enable more impulse

buying and increased regular purchases.

The device Amazon is developing sports a back-lit, 7-inch (17.8-cm) screen — smaller than the iPad's and about the same as Research in Motion's

PlayBook, TechCrunch reported earlier.

*Reuters*

*People attend a workshop on the first day of the 18<sup>th</sup> World Wide Web Conference in Madrid on 20 April, 2009.—INTERNET*



## Vice-President Thiha Thura U Tin Aung Myint Oo, wife Daw Khin Saw Hnin pay homage to Thiri Mingala Standing Buddha Image in Taunggyi

NAY PYI TAW, 6 Sept— Vice-President of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar Thiha Thura U Tin Aung Myint Oo and wife Daw Khin Saw Hnin, accompanied by Union Ministers, Shan State Chief Minister U Sao Aung Myat, Commander of Eastern Command Maj-Gen Soe Htut, deputy ministers, state ministers and departmental heads, yesterday morning arrived at Thiri Mingala Standing Buddha Image in Chantha Ward of Taunggyi where they were welcomed by members of the Pagoda Board of Trustees.



**Vice-President Thiha Thura U Tin Aung Myint Oo and wife Daw Khin Saw Hnin pay homage to Thiri Mingala Standing Buddha Image.**

MNA

The Vice-President and wife offered fruit, flowers, water, lights and

joss sticks to the standing Buddha Image in the

Gandakuti Chamber.

He donated cash to the funds of the pagoda through

members of the Pagoda Board of Trustees who presented the picture of the Buddha Image to him.

Later, the Vice-President and party visited the Gandakuti Chamber.

MNA

### Staff members of administrative bodies...

(from page 1)

the zone for its economic development, use of quality strains of crops in paddy, groundnut, pigeon pea, maize and tea, use of fertilizer and practices of scientific agriculture methods.

On behalf of the townelders, U Sai Hla Maung reported on requirements of the zone.

Next, the Vice-President fulfilled the requirements of education, health, agriculture, communication, availability of fine engines for the zone. He gave instructions on coordination to be made between ministries concerned, regional administrative bodies and private entrepreneurs for supply of electricity and prospects for economic growth of the zone.

Speaking on the occasion, the Vice-President said that the State is carrying out economic development of the nation through various ways

and means. Likewise, region and state administrative bodies are striving for economic development of their respective regions.

In so doing, stability and peace and prevalence of law and orders are the most important. The Tatmadaw government had made peace with the armed groups. Joining hands with them through trusts, unity and amity, they carried out regional development, so all the border areas are gathering development momentum. The local people are now enjoying fruits of peace and stability, prevalence of law and order. As such, they can peacefully undertake tasks for improvement of individual socio-economy.

The President invites the persons and organizations with different views at every opportune time to cooperate in serving the common interest that can benefit the State.

Moreover, announcement No. 1/2011 dated 18-8-2011 was issued to hold peace talks for internal peace after ceasing the internal

insurrections.

All the national people are to participate in safeguarding the peace of the nation for perpetual existence.

At present, Pyithu Hluttaw is being convened in accord with the constitution of the State, and executive and judicial organizations have been formed. Taking responsibilities of respective organizations with legislative, executive and judicial powers, undertakings of the tasks are gaining momentum within six-month period.

At present, the National Workshop on Reform for National Economic Development was organized with the participation of economists, private entrepreneurs, responsible persons of social and economic organizations for seeking the progress of the State. The plans will be laid down based on outcomes of the workshop.

Likewise, rural development and poverty alleviation tasks are being undertake across the nation. Only when the rural regions where the largest amount of the population of the nation are residing develop, will the State economy achieve progress. Moreover, only when the rural people enjoy fruits of socio-economic development, will poverty alleviate. As such, it is necessary to organize the local people to participate in successfully carrying out rural development and poverty alleviation tasks.

Nowadays, the Union government is implementing the national education promotion plan and health policies. Therefore, it is necessary to achieve progress in health sector with the facilities of rural health centres, station hospitals and township hospital. Moreover, primary, middle and high school educational institutions are to achieve success in the region.

In the time of new administrative system, staff members of the administrative bodies are to systematically perform their management tasks in line with the constitution, existing laws, rules and regulations. They are to emphasize the wish and attitude of the people. By enlisting the strength of

(See page 7)



**Vice-President Thiha Thura U Tin Aung Myint Oo greets lecturers of universities at Taunggyi University.—MNA**

## Staff members of administrative bodies...

(from page 6)

people, success can be achieved rapidly in carrying out the tasks. As such, they all are to place emphasis on wish of the people.

The administrative bodies are to perform their tasks with correct leadership and benevolent acts to be able to organize the participation of the people.

Afterwards, Chairman of Shwethanlwin Co Ltd U Kyaw Win presented Sky Net receivers to the basic education high schools who won the first and second best pass rate for the 2010-11 matriculation examination in townships in Pa-O Self-administered Zone and the office of the leading body of the Pa-O Self-administered Zone. School heads and Chairman of the Pa-O Self-administered Zone U Khun San Lwin accepted the receivers.

After the meeting, the Vice-President and his entourage visited Hopong Township People's Hospital and gave instructions on construction of



**Vice-President Thiha Thura U Tin Aung Myint Oo greets members of leading body of Pa-O Self-administered Zone and departmental personnel.—MNA**

Aye Myint, Deputy Minister for Education U Ba Shwe and Deputy Minister for Construction U Kyaw Lwin also reported on matters related to the

increasing in number of intellectuals and intelligentsia who are vital human resources for the development of the State.

He quoted the President as saying at the Pyidaungsu Hluttaw on 30 March that improvement of national education standard and the quality of teachers, teaching and learning with full teaching aids and sending scholars to foreign countries are needed.

The Vice-President stressed the need for combination of the country's natural resources and human resources for the development of the country. He also thanked the faculty members for teaching and training the students who are the human resource industrial development which were being carried out by the State and private sectors. Today, the State had been making efforts for development of the agricultural sector and building an industrial nation, he added.

He also urged the faculty members to produce qualified intellectuals and intelligentsia who are reliable to build a modern and developed nation.

Afterwards, Chairman of Shwe Thanlwin Co Ltd U Kyaw Win presented Sky Net receivers to universities, education colleges, government technological schools and basic education high schools in Taunggyi and rectors, principals and headmasters accepted the receivers. Today, the company presented altogether 29 Sky Net receivers to universities, colleges and schools.

The Vice-President and party viewed research works on the greening of the 20-mile parameter of the Inlay Lake, theses and research papers exhibited at the research booth of the Taunggyi University.—MNA



**Vice-President Thiha Thura U Tin Aung Myint Oo comforts patients at Hopong Township People's Hospital.—MNA**

the Monks Ward, drilling a tube-well and building staff quarter.

Afterwards, the Vice-President comforted the patients receiving treatment and inspected the dental and oral unit, delivery room and the site chosen to build a staff quarter.

The Vice-President also visited the Basic Education High School in Hopong and contributed cash to the funds of the school. He also viewed the construction of a one-storey building for the school which is 480 feet in length, 30 feet in width and 12 ft in height.

Afterwards, they proceeded to the Government Technical School (Pinpat) of the Ministry of Science and Technology and inspected the school's laboratory rooms including electronic experiment room, the electrical power room and the mineralogy laboratory.

During the tour of Taunggyi, the Vice-President met with rectors, professors, principals and faculty members from Taunggyi University, Technological University (Taunggyi) and University of Computer Science (Taunggyi) at Taunggyi University.

Rector in-charge of Taunggyi University Dr. Daw Mu Mu Myint, Acting Principal of the Technological University (Taunggyi) Dr. Daw San San Yi, Acting Principal of University of Computer Science (Taunggyi) Dr. Daw Nan His Kham reported on academic and management matters and efforts for improvement of the educational standard of the universities.

Union Minister for Science and Technology U

respective ministries.

After hearing reports, the Vice-President gave a green light to officials concerned to draw a master plan to construct lecture rooms phase by phase within five-year period as the number of students has increased at the universities year after year.

At the meeting with faculty members from universities in Taunggyi, the Vice-President expressed his delight for the number of students at the Taunggyi University and at other universities in Taunggyi has increased year after year, promising

**Vice-President Thiha Thura U Tin Aung Myint Oo views students doing practical lessons at Government Technical Training School (Pinpat). MNA**



## Second regular session ...

(from page 16)

Information Team on behalf of the Union Government; that the State is enjoying greater degree of peace than before 1988; that but, there are remnants of armed national races pursuing arm struggle line in border areas; and still, there are armed national groups that disagree with transformation in accord with the Constitution.

He continued that the government does not want armed strife and bloodshed; that what the entire people desire is peace; that overwhelming aspiration of the whole people for peace is understood; that it is realized that Pyithu Hluttaw representatives at the today's session aspire peace; that some have doubts on Seven-Step Road Map and have no belief in Constitution; that showing genuine goodwill, the President will try to clear their suspicion and misunderstanding and persuade them to serve national interests; that common ground should be sought while keeping aside differences; and that the government openly made an offer saying that it opens the peace door to armed national races who do not accept the Constitution yet in view of public interest.

The offer is made not only for political parties and politicians who are holding different views but also for armed groups that oppose the government in any forms. The government has committed itself to applying economic reform for "emergence of Hluttaws, governments, judicial bodies and peaceful, modern and disciplined new democratic nation in accord with the Constitution"; it is taking measures to change to macro economic policies; to lay down eight steps for micro economy; to amend, subtract and enact law for legislative procedure; make education and health reforms in addition to increases in pension rate; improvement for international relations; more cooperation in political affairs showing benevolence and giving more freedom; and other remaining sectors.

In order to make peace with KIO/KIA in Kachin State, the government held peace negotiations making concessions to the most possible extent with 'genuine goodwill, farsightedness and understanding'. All measures the governance is taking were explained the press conference held on 12-8-2011.

Apart from KIO/KIA, other remaining armed national races and all armed groups that do not make peace in accord with the Constitution have been offered peace proposal with Notification No. 1/2011 dated 18-8-2011.

(1) upholding the Our Three Main

National Causes, the government believes that the State and the people need to work together to build a peaceful, developed nation, end armed conflicts and bring about development in every part of the country.

(2) as first step, armed national groups wishing to tackle armed conflicts and make peace may contact related state and region governments in order to carry out necessary measures. Peace groups are being formed in region and state governments.

(3) it is clearly announced that after preliminary measures, groups to be on the government side will be formed to make talks with related peace-making groups.

The groups from government side will be formed with suitable nationals. So, the government made negotiation with armed national groups in accord with peace Notification No. 1/2011. After temporary ceasefire, measures will be taken for eternal peace.

Peace cannot be made one-sidedly, and can be made through negotiation with honesty and trade-off by both sides. In the recent peace talks with KIO/KIA, although the State acceded to the wishes to the most possible extent, peace cannot be made till now because of one-sided proposals of the armed group. Similarly, looking back at some peace talks held in the past, armed groups taking advantage of ceasefire by government committed extension of territory and force, extortion, speeding up anti-peace campaigns. That was why peace talks failed to realize the goal. Some armed groups pretended to make peace talks so as to relieve their military and political dilemmas for the time being. Due to lack of genuine will, they could not reach agreement. So, it is found that peace-making process relies on right aspiration for peace and right stance to some extent.

So, Hluttaw representatives including Daw Nan Wah Nu need not only to urge the government and also to urge and advise armed groups to have right stance so that they will have genuine peace and make peace talks in all honesty. Moreover, it is needed to find out obstacles from behind the scenes that are hampering peace peace, and to organize and urge them to be free from such obstacles.

The people need not only to make proposal to the government but also to bring armed groups to the peace talks table showing aspiration for peace. Within the framework of the 2008 Constitution that can guarantee Our Three Main National Causes, the government will take steps for eternal peace by acceding to the wishes of armed groups to the most possible extent.

If not only the State but also Hluttaw representatives and people will participate in restoring peace, the peace all the people aspire can be



**Union Minister for Industry-1  
U Soe Thein answers question.**

MNA



**Union Minister for Education  
Dr Mya Aye answers question.**

MNA

made successfully.

Four Hluttaw representatives raised five questions, and Union Minister for Education Dr Mya Aye replied to them.

U Aung Kyaw Soe of Natmauk Constituency said that **if the Ministry of Education sets up one more department to build and maintain buildings of the ministry and practises construction and maintenance of the schools across the nation, it may contribute more to the education sector. He asked whether there is a plan to practise the new system.** The Union Minister replied that spending the capital expenditure, construction of new buildings was carried out through contract system to meet the PAE standard. All the schools damaged in the natural disasters were repaired through contract system according to the PAE standard with the use of ordinary expenditure. The ministry paid the cost to respective region/state governments for repairing the schools for their betterment, and new buildings were constructed under the supervision of the respective governments. Respective school construction committees undertook minor maintenance of the school buildings, finishing the buildings with the contributions of local people and construction of new school buildings with the use of suitable funds. As such, current practices of the Ministry of Education have been in conformity with the question, so there is no plan to change the system.

U Sai Thein Naing of Papun Constituency asked **whether there is a plan to allot more funds for construction of schools due to inadequate funds, for extension of school buildings due to imbalance on ratio of students to teachers and for construction of new buildings to be better images in Kayin State.** The Union Minister replied that capital and ordinary expenditures will be allotted

to the No 1 Basic Education Department on priority for finishing five basic education schools, for extending four basic education school buildings due to imbalance on ratio of students to teachers and for construction of two basic education school buildings to be better images in Kayin State.

U Than Sein of Kyimyindine Constituency raised a question that **how arrangements are made for PhD thesis papers conferred in Myanmar to be served the interest of the State and the nation, whether there is a plan to use the research works for serving the interest of the State and the people and whether there is a plan to cooperate with private entrepreneurs to apply the research works to serve the public interest.** The Union Minister replied that doctoral course students are to conduct research works in their respective fields and to submit the PhD dissertation with the use of research outcomes. Depending on the findings in the research fields, the PhD Dissertations are categorized as subject-wise beneficial research works, region-wise beneficial research works and State beneficial research works. A total of 671 research papers were presented in Universities' Research Journal published by the Ministry of Education, 1173 region-wise beneficial research papers in research journals of universities and degree colleges and 1453 subject-wise beneficial research works in the research journals published by Myanmar Academy of Arts and Science to disseminate research knowledge to the people on a wider scale.

The research outcomes were depicted with the use of research posters at the educational exhibitions. Encouragements were given to direct use of research works in the economic, production, management, agriculture and livestock breeding and service

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## Second regular session ...

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sectors and conducting more research works. research outcomes and research findings were presented in the research journals, and emphasis is being placed on applying the research outcomes and research findings in the practical fields. In so doing, enthusiasts in the research outcomes and research findings were handed over to the researchers.

Daw Tin Nwe Oo of Dagon Myothit (North) Constituency asked **how many expenditure proportion of education sector for 2011-2012 academic year and expenditure proportion of the whole government are spent, and whether there is a plan to spend the funds on development of education sector in long run like other countries.** The Union Minister replied that there are two sectors as basic education sector and higher education sector. The Ministry of Education is taking responsibility of 64 universities, degree college and colleges in the higher education sector and other 12 ministries, 97 universities, degree college and colleges. Educational expenditure of universities, degree college and colleges of 12 ministries spent K 352584 million, accounting for 4.42 per cent of the education sector. The President had adopted 10-point education policies and the Ministry of Education is implementing them. Compulsory primary education is being realized beginning 2011-2012 academic year, and exercise books were freely provided to over 5 million students of basic education schools. In addition to the ordinary expenditure, the government allotted over K 2087 million to the education sector. According the scholarship programme, arrangements are being made for awarding K 1089.6 million of university scholarship, basic education scholarship and stipends to the outstanding students starting from 2012-2013 academic year. The private school registration law (bill) was drawn in coordination with the Attorney-General's Office to issue private school law and rules, and according to the permission of the President, the bill was submitted to the Hluttaw for scrutinizing it. The remaining seven educational policies are being realized with momentum.

According to the work plans of rural social economic development supporting committee, arrangements are being made for undertaking 13-point educational tasks in rural regions in line with the eight tasks of rural development and poverty alleviation. In accord with the education policies of the new government, plans are

underway to allot larger amount of educational expenditure depending on economic development of the State for promoting learning opportunities and raising educational qualification in both basic and higher education sectors.

U Than Oo of Myawady Constituency raised a question asking **whether there is a plan to allow establishment of garment factories and furniture factories in Hpa-an and Myawady townships and similar factories.** Union Minister for Industry-1 U Soe Thein replied that in accord with the guidance of the President to establish an industrial zone near Hpa-an, establishment of an industrial zone is being carried out on 969 acres of land, seven miles from Hpa-an-Hlaingbwe Road. Especially, emphasis will be placed on construction of labour intensive industry in the zone. The industrial zone will create the job opportunities for 5000 to 10,000 people within six to nine months. Hpa-an Industrial Zone will not be allowed to manufacture automobile. At present, there is no plan to set up the industrial zone in Myawady Township due to lack of regional peace and stability and when the township can restore peace and stability, emphasis will be placed on establishment of industrial zone. Arrangements have been made to establish industrial zones near Phayathonzu region of Mon State, Namphatka region in Shan State and Ponnagayun region of Rakhine State soon.

U Kyan Tun of Kani Constituency said that **he has learned Shwesayay Hydropower Project will be implemented for enabling the people to travel in Chindwin River and to maintain the water course. He asked when the project will be implemented and how many villages will be included in the project areas as the local people dare not construct new buildings there.** Union Minister for Electric Power No. 1 U Zaw Min replied that the Ministry of Electric Power No. 1 and NHPC Ltd of India government signed an MoU on 16-9-2008 to conduct feasibility study on implementation of Shwesayay Hydropower Project to generate 660 megawatts, which will be the third of its kind at Chindwin River. The project will be implemented through JV/BOT system. NHPC Ltd submitted the interim report on project feasibility on 27-5-2011. The feasibility study continues to submit detailed report in March 2012. The report will access the real situation for effecting river and environments in implementing the project. Colenco Power Engineering Ltd of Switzerland has compiled the report on environmental degradation in 2007.

Biodiversity Nature Conservation



**Pyithu Hluttaw Representative U Than Oo from Myawady Constituency raising question.**—MNA



**Pyithu Hluttaw Representative Daw Tin Nwe Oo from Dagon Myothit (North) Constituency raising question.**—MNA

Association (BANCA) of Myanmar compiled a report on study of biodiversity from 28-8-2006 to 5-10-2006. At present, as project feasibility is under way, there is no detail report on environmental impact on downstream embankment. Therefore, the area of villages to be included in the wetland cannot be designated yet. According to the detailed report on the project of NHPC Ltd, if there is possibility for implementation of the project, the ministry will cooperate with internal and international organizations to study the assessment on environmental impact and social living impacts. After that, calculating the both side economy will be conducted. If it is acceptable, Memorandum of Agreement and joint venture contracts will be signed. When implementation of the project will be allowed, NHPC Ltd will fix the project period depending on the fund to be provided by the Indian Government as it is based on FDI system. However, such project will be implemented after completion of Htamanthi Hydropower Project to be built upstream of Chindwin River.

U Zaw Kir Ahmad (a) U Aung Zaw Win of Maungtwaw Constituency said that **as most of the mosques in wards and villages for local Muslims in Maungtwaw District of Rakhine State are old and damaged, they face difficulties because local authorities do not allow repairing and construction of new ones. He asked how the State will help them overcome the difficulties.** Union Minister for Religious Affairs Thura U Myint Maung replied that when the renovation of old and damaged mosques, churches and Hindu temples in the Republic of the Union of Myanmar are submitted to the ministry with the recommendations of local authorities to the attachment of maintenance form and documentary photos of damaged buildings, respective region and state religious affairs officer and party will made a field trip to the sites and submit the report to the Ministry of Religious

Affairs. After discussing it at the management committee of the ministry, the remarks on the report will be replied on religious affairs point of view.

According to the remarks, the region/state Development Affairs Committees concerned give permission to repair and construct the buildings. Likewise, when those wishing to repair religious edifices such as old and damaged pagodas, stupas, images, monasteries and Dhammayons are to submit the application together with recommendations of respective local authorities and Sangha Nayaka Organizations. The team comprising region/state religious affairs officers concerned inspected it and submits the report to the management committee meeting of the Ministry of Religious Affairs. The ministry then replies the remarks that there is no objection on religious affairs point of view. According to the remarks, the region/state DACs allows to repair the building.

After storm Nargis in 2008, repairing of 66 mosques, 56 churches and 18 Hindu temples were allowed. From January 2011 to date, the ministry allowed 14 mosques, 13 churches and six Hindu temples. There is no submission on repairing the mosque in Maungtwaw Township of Rakhine State to the Ministry of Religious Affairs. When applications are submitted in line with the prescribed rules and regulations, the Ministry of Religious Affairs is ready to give any assistance to them.

The Hluttaw discussed the amendment to the **Bill Amending Pyithu Hluttaw Election Law** submitted on 31 August to approve individual paragraphs and then sought approval.

As there was no amendment regarding the paragraph 1 of the bill, the proposal to seek the approval was submitted to the Hluttaw. As the proposal won a unanimous support and the Hluttaw decided that paragraph 1 shall be part of the bill.

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The Pyithu Hluttaw Bill Committee reviewed that paragraph 2, sub-paragraph (1) of Section 49 (a) should be prescribed in line with the original provision and it shall not be amended. Member of the Union Election Commission U Nyunt Tin submitted the agreement of the commission.

As there was no objection against the proposal that paragraph 2, sub-paragraph (1) of Section 49 (a) should be prescribed in line with the original provision, the Hluttaw approved it. There was no discussion on amendment to paragraph 2, sub-paragraph (b). Therefore, the Hluttaw approved the proposal that the paragraph 2, sub-paragraph (b) shall be part of the bill.

U Soe Win of Sangyoung Constituency submitted the amendment proposal that Section 88 (a) of paragraph 2, sub-paragraph (c) shall be part of the bill. One Hluttaw representative seconded it.

Union Election Commission member U Nyunt Tin submitted to withdraw the proposal on cancelling Section 88 (a) of paragraph 2, sub-paragraph (c). U Soe Win wanted to seek the decision of the Hluttaw.

In seeking decision at the Hluttaw, numbers of those who object the proposal of U Soe Win were larger, and the Hluttaw decided that the proposal was not approved.

Therefore, the proposal was submitted again to seek approval. There was no objection against the proposal that Section 88 (a) of paragraph 2, sub-paragraph (c) shall be part of the bill. The Hluttaw approved it.

The Bill Committee submitted that it should supplement "except above-mentioned sub-paragraph (a) and (b)" at the start of paragraph 2, sub-paragraph (c) of Section 88. Member of the Union Election Commission U Nyunt Tin agreed it.

Therefore, as the Hluttaw agreed the supplement of the word "except above-mentioned sub-paragraph (a) and (b)" at the start of paragraph 2, sub-paragraph (c) of Section 88, the amendment to the Bill Committee was approved. As there was no objection against the proposal that the introduction and title shall be part of the bill, the Hluttaw decided that the proposal was approved.

Member of the Union Election Commission U Nyunt Tin submitted a proposal to approve the Bill Amending the Pyithu Hluttaw Election Law according to the Pyithu Hluttaw Rule 158, Sub-Rule (a). A Hluttaw representative seconded it.

There was no objection against the approval that the Bill Amending

the Pyithu Hluttaw Election Law would be approved in line with the amendment of the Bill Committee, and the Hluttaw approved it.

As 'Bill Amending the Amyotha Hluttaw Election Law' and 'Bill Amending the Region or State Hluttaw Election Law' were accepted at the Pyithu Hluttaw on 3 September, a plan was adopted to discuss the bills this week. After completion of the scrutiny, the Bill Committee is to submit the bills together with the report of the committee to the Hluttaw, and the Hluttaw representatives wishing to discuss them are to register with the application to be discussed together with the paragraph, sub-paragraph, reason and facts of the bills, not later than 7 September (Wednesday).

Four Hluttaw representatives discussed the proposal to **alleviate poverty of Naga national races residing in Naga Self-Administered Zone (Leshi, Lahe and Nanyun) townships** submitted on 1 September by U Hsa Mu of Lahe Constituency.

Dr Sai Kyaw Ohn of Namhkam Constituency supported that the proposal can affect not only Naga national race but also the State.

Defence Services Personnel Pyithu Hluttaw Representative Col Htay Naing participated in the discussions. He said that while the State and regional government are to build economic, social, education and health infrastructures, the local people in individuals or in groups are to make concerted efforts by taking privileges created by the government and then they are to uplift their live standard by pursuing suitable technologies to be applied in their actual situations.

U Shithe of Leshi Constituency said that he seconded the proposal so that the State can speed up works to upgrade roads in Leshi, Lahal and Nanyun townships linking with the mainland to be all-weather ones, assign full-time doctors for health care, provide funds for transformation of slash-and-burn farms to terraced farms and breeding livestock on a manageable scale to increase per capita income leading to better living standards,

U Hla Tun of Khanti Constituency said that the proposal should come into operation for poverty reduction.

Union Minister for Border Affairs Lt-Gen Thein Htay said that the proposal should be welcomed as it represents social development the proposal submitter's region and its locals; that the work plans included in the proposal are the works done by the Ministry of Border Affairs since 1990s in line with Border Areas and National Races Development Law issued in 1933 and amendment to the 1993 Border Areas and National Races Development Law in 2006; that Border Areas and National Races Development Implementation Central

Committee has officially recognized Naga region as special development region and allocating border region development funds yearly; that Leshi-Htamanthi, Lahe-Sinthaylan, Nanyun-Shinbweyan, Leshi-Pansub-Swamara, Lahe-Laungngaut-Htanpakwe and Nanyun-Panhsaung roads are 260 miles and three furlongs in total length and are of Union-level road; that to cover the whole Naga region, it will have to construct a total of about 600 miles and the primary need for development of Naga region is transportation; that without smooth transportation, there is less likely to see economic and social development in the region; that in developing the whole region, the major barrier is nothing but limited funds and to overcome this barrier, more funds should be raised through acceleration of national production and only then, can border regions be developed year by year; and that the proposal does not need to be separately submitted for Naga region being designated as special development region, rural development and poverty alleviation scheme being implemented as national duty and the President himself taking responsibility of the chairman of the central committee for those two tasks.

The Hluttaw decided that the proposal does not need to be submitted separately and recorded the proposal.

Eight Hluttaw representatives discussed the proposal of U Shwe Maung (a) U Abdul Rawzek of Buthidaung Constituency that conventional parrot-learning system currently practiced in universities, colleges and institutions should be replaced with modern education system which involves learning, discussion, research and invention and friendly relations between teachers and learners to broaden the horizons of the people and enable the nation to keep abreast of global partners.

Defence Services Personnel Hluttaw Representative Major Myat Moe said that the proposal is constructive and meaningful and represents the ongoing tasks; and that continued measures should be taken systematically through detailed analysis as the proposal is concerned with the wide field.

Dr Sai Kyaw Ohn of Namkhan Constituency seconded the proposal saying that he believed that the education standards of the nation will be better in the future as Education Promotion Committee chaired by Pyithu Hluttaw Representative Dr Chan Nyein with Dr Mya Oo as secretary.

U Than Nwe of Butalin Constituency said that capabilities being provided to students at universities in Myanmar are identical to nurturing of scholars with high reasoning and imaginative powers of

today's international universities in different regions and that the education system being practiced in universities, colleges and institutes are not traditional by-heart learning system but up-to-date one.

Dr Mya Oo of Nganzun Constituency discussed that current education system of universities in Myanmar is not a traditional education system which relies on parrot learning but the modern education system being implemented in accordance with internationally-recognized curriculum and international teaching methods; that the nation has to be practicing modern or advanced education system in the future.

U Ye Tun of Thandwe Constituency seconded the proposal suggesting that if private universities, colleges and institutes are permitted in addition to government universities, colleges and institutes, the implementation process will be easier, creating enormous educational and economic opportunities not only for national entrepreneurs but for bright youths.

U Tun Aung Kyaw of Ponayagyun Constituency said that economic reform will contribute to education sector of Myanmar scholars as well as providing human resources for building modern, developed nation short time.

Dr Daw Aye Myint of Shwetaung Constituency seconded the proposal saying it is needed to provide adequate quantity of teaching aids necessary for particular subjects.

U Khin Maung Yi (a) Khaing Maung Yi of Ahlon Constituency said that he also seconded the proposal because it would reduce the pursuance of foreign education at large cost and help the nation practice education system on a par with global nations.

In response, Union Minister for Education Dr Mya Aye said that teacher-centered teaching approach is being replaced with conceptual teaching which helps students reasoning power mature based on the teaching of the teachers, at basic education schools and universities.

Concerning educational works of the State, Article 28 (d) of the Constitution of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar states that "modern education system which will contribute to correct sector-wise concept, high standard of morality and building the State must be implemented" and Article 33 describes that "the State will take measures to ensure youths have strong patriotism, correct concept and five strengths" and those prescriptions are on the same path of the trends of today's education marching towards "education which boosts reasoning skill"; that National Education Promotion Seminar (Higher Education Sector)

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## Second regular session ...

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has adopted future plans to assess teaching and learning curriculum and contexts by conceptual teaching/learning by Board of Studies, open central level refresher courses, sharing knowledge learned from such courses at respective, universities and colleges, assign students to make assignments, include puzzles related to texts in exams, tutorials and practical works and assign students to make presentation and reading at seminar in every module; that central level workshop was held at Yangon Institute of Foreign Languages so as to put future plans into operation in universities simultaneously and further workshops were made in

respective universities and faculties and coordination being made for programmes for respective subjects.

Student-centered approach is aimed to create active learning environment with the participation of the students by discussing over explanations of teacher who corrects and solves the discussion and problems of the students and guides them to be able to think and act reasonably and to improve reasoning, lateral thinking and innovation of the students and thus is being polished to become most suitable teaching methods for conceptual teaching/learning.

The Hluttaw decided that the proposal does not need to be submitted separately and recorded it as necessary measures.

U Thein Nyunt proposed that a

## Second regular session of First Amyotha...

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The road section in Mandalay region is 60 miles and three furlongs long from Thabeikkyin 7<sup>th</sup>-Mile to Tagaung-Yayshingyi road section. Constructions of 28 miles and three furlongs from mile post Nos. 0/0 to 19/0 and 35/0 to 44/3 are being built by PyinOoLwin District Group and Building Construction Special Group-6. Construction of bridges is being constructed by Bridge Construction Special Group-14 and maintenance of eight-mile gravel road, road works of seven miles and five furlongs road section, construction of new six bridges and maintenance works of 24 bridges are being carried out, said Union Minister for Construction U Khin Aung Myint said.

Six bridges with 20-110 feet in length which were extremely damaged in Kachin State are being upgraded as reinforced concrete bridges by Special Project Group-2 with the use of capital funds for the 2011-12 fiscal year.

For smooth transport, maintenance of 20 miles and three furlongs tarred road, maintenance of 17-mile gravel road, construction of new 3.5 furlong gravel road, repair of two bailey bridge and two wooden bridges, construction of seven concrete conduits, maintenance of three drains with 275 feet long and 45 feet deep in total, maintenance of four bailey bridges and repair of Ngarbetgyi bridge and Sekkala bridge.

To upgrade road sections and bridges along the road, the groups of the ministry is carrying out upgrading works in cooperation with national companies. In order not to stop transportation in rainy season, maintenance works are being carried out by the ministry with might and main, the Union Minister said.

U Mann Kan Nyunt of Kayin State Constituency No (2) asked **whether there is any plan to upgrade Wabodaw-Kamamaung road. Although there was a waterway schedule to Shwegun run by a vessel of Inland Water Transport ran in past, now there is no waterway schedule. Wabodaw-**

**Kamamaung road is a strategic road linking Kamamaung-Papun road. Local people of 12 village-tracts in Hpa-an Township and six village-tracts in Kamamaung sub-township are relying on the road.** Regarding the question, Wabodaw-Kamamaung road is a road that links Wabodaw of Hpa-an District in Kayin State and Kamamaung sub-township. From Wabodaw on Thaton-Hpa-an road to Kamamaung sub-township is 34 miles and two furlongs long. Up to 31 May 2011, five miles and four furlongs is tarred road, 26 miles and one furlong is gravel road and two miles and five furlongs is hard road.

Under normal maintenance funds allotted for the 2011-12 fiscal year, normal maintenance work for the whole road, filling gravels in pits and leveling on 11 miles and four furlongs long road section, dredging of six miles long drains along both sides of the road, leveling 12 miles long road shoulder and maintenance of 18 wooden bridges including an above 180-foot bridge are being carried out.

Depending on the funds demanded for normal maintenance works in the respective fiscal year for upgrading of roads and bridges, works will be carried out.

Regarding the question U Moe Myint of Taninthayi Region Constituency No (7) asked **whether there is a plan to build a river crossing rail-cum-road that links Thamoke village in Myeik Township and Lok Lok village, Yangon-Myeik Union Highway was built to link Myeik and Dawei in Taninthayi Region. The 25-mile Myeik detour was constructed detouring Thamoke river on the road and 255-foot Papyin bridge, 80-foot Alechaung bridge and 70-foot Daw bridge on the detour are being maintained under normal maintenance funds for 2011-12 fiscal year.**

To carry out maintenance works of bridges along the detour and the road, a Myeik-based airport special group is being assigned duty to carry out the maintenance work with the use of funds allotted yearly.

Depending on the funds for the 2012-13 fiscal year, works to upgrade the three

## Special appeal cases heard

NAY PYI TAW, 5 Sept—Special appellate court comprising Union Chief Justice U Tun Tun Oo, and Union Supreme Court Judges U Tha Htay and U Mya Thein sat this morning at Union Supreme Court No

(1) and passed verdicts on 11 criminal special appeal cases and one civil general application case (Writ of Certiorari) and heard ten special civil appeal cases.

MNA

**labour rights bill should be drafted with international norms and necessary programmes should be laid down and that a law ensuring the press freedom should be passed.** Daw Dwebu of Ingyanyan Constituency proposed that **male and female students from remote areas should be given favour regarding their grades in the matriculation examination for entrance to education colleges, midwifery and nurse training schools and should be**

**allowed to attend such colleges and schools in their own regions.**

Those proposals will be put on table at tomorrow's session and Hluttaw representatives wishing to discuss the proposal registered in the evening.

The 12<sup>th</sup>-day second regular session of Pyithu Hluttaw came to an end at 4.30 pm and this evening and the 13<sup>th</sup>-day session continues at 10 am tomorrow.

MNA

bridges as reinforced concrete bridges will be carried out. So, still, there is no plan to build a Thamoke river crossing rail-cum-road bridge that links Thamoke village and Lok Lok village in Myeik Township on Yangon-Dawei-Myeik road.

U Steven Thabeik of Chin State Constituency No (4) asked **whether the government has a plan to upgrade**



**Amyotha Hluttaw representative U Paw Hlyan of Chin State Constituency No. 9 holds discussion.**—MNA

**the road section from Kalewa to Yagyi village for convenience of running of small and large cars in rainy season.** Although Myittha bridge (Kalewa) on Kalay-Kalewa-Yagyi-Monywaroad built by the State can be used at any time in summer and winter season, a road section from Kalewa to Yagyi village cannot be used in rainy season as it is a latrite one. The 115-mile and five-furlong Monywa-Yagyi-Kalewa road located in Sagaing Region links Kani, Minkin and Kalewa Townships. Up to 31 May 2011, 73 miles and two furlongs is tarred road, 16 mile and four furlong is gravel road, 22 miles and three furlongs is hard road and three miles and four furlongs is earth road, the Union Minister said.

With the aim of completion of construction of tarred road characterized with set standards, a national company, Monywa Group construction Co Ltd. was allowed to upgrade the road and bridge under BOT system on 17 August 2011.

**Union Minister U Myint Hlaing replies questions.**—MNA

Road works, repair of bailey bridges and wooden bridges and dredging of drains were carried out for convenience of running of small and large cars of the company and not for stopping road transport in rainy season, the Union Construction Minister said.

The company working under BOT system handed over the project to the ministry as high technology was required to upgrade the road which was located in the crust zone between Puhtolone Mountain and Shwethamin Mountain Range and where landslides happened when heavy rain poured down. The ministry had made assessment to the road and had a plan to work together with engineers from the Thai-based NEDA to repair the road section between Monywa and Kalewa, the Union minister said.

As the question raised by U Steven Thabeik is an important question, the Hluttaw made decision to change the question as the proposal and approved it as the proposal.

Afterwards, Union Minister for Agriculture and Irrigation U Myint Hlaing answered questions on farmland and rights of farmers raised by two representatives.

Afterwards, U Naing Tun Ohn of Mon State Constituency No. 5 asked (See page 12)

## Second regular session of First Amyotha...

(from page 11)

the ministry why the ministry had tried to seize rubber farms around the airport in Tu Myaung Village-tract in Ye Township; whether the ministry could try not to seize the rubber farms, and whether the ministry could arrange to pay compensation to the owners of the rubber farms at current prices if the ministry could not stop it. He suggested the ministry to give back the seized farmland, garden and land at Seikalay Village in Asin Village-tract area No. 18 in Ye Township to owners if they are not important for security and asked the ministry if the ministry had a plan to give compensation to owners of the farmland, gardens and land at current prices if it wanted to seize them.

In his answers to the questions, Union Minister for Agriculture and Irrigation U Myint Hlaing said that the government had not seized any farmland of peasants or farmers for no reasons. If the State needed to do it for long term interests of the country, the government such as the State's projects and regional development and construction projects, it would try not to include the farmland of farmers and give priority to vacant and virgin land.

If farmlands of farmers were unavoidably seized to implement the State's projects, the existing law, rules and regulations prescribed that the departments concerned shall give compensation to owners, the Union minister said.

In his answer to the first question, the Union minister said local administrative bodies and respective departments which could know the situation of the areas were urged to make field trips, to do assessment of the rubber farmlands and to report to the Mon State government so that the government could scrutinize and resolve the case.

Similarly, if there was a plan to seize farmlands and gardens in Seikkalay Village in Ye Township, the department concerned would need to coordinate with the Mon State government and to resolve the case, he said.

U Zaw Naing Oo of Mon State constituency No. 12 asked the ministry whether the ministry had a plan to legally protect the peasants who lost farmland and jobs as authority at grass-root level seized them while State leaders did not know the situation and whether the ministry had a plan to give compensation to the peasants who lost farmlands which they had owned since the time of their ancestors and though they had paid tenancy of the farmlands to the governments.

In his answer to the questions, the

Union minister said the Section (23) of the State Basic Principles in the Chapter (1) of the 2008 constitution prescribes that The Union shall assist (a) enact necessary laws to protect the rights of the peasants.

In the time of the new government, the bill was being written to protect the interests and rights of the peasants and law experts were drawing the bill and rules and regulations which would protect the farmers by law, the minister said.

Therefore, the plan had been made to lawfully protect the peasants, he added.

Regarding the question of not resolving the case of grievances of farmers who lost their farmlands located at field No. 280 and Field No. OSS-38 in Kasai Village-tract, Bilin Township, Mon State, by grass-root level authority and departments concerned, the Union minister said local administrative bodies and departments concerned were urged to make field trips, to make assessment and to report to the Mon State government so that the government could resolve the case.

Regarding the question of the grievance of the peasants who lost over 40 acres of farmlands at field No. 285 and 286 at Anaingpun Village, Bilin Township, Mon State, for which they had paid tenancy to the government and worked since the time of their ancestors, the Union Minister said the township administration department had applied to reclaim 143.15 acres of pastures located in the fields and the department had got the approval to do it. Over 40 acres owned by the peasants included in the pastures, he said.

He continued to say that since 2006, 37 peasants had been allowed to work in the farmlands which were reclaimed from the pastures by paying tenancy of 6 baskets of paddies per acre to the department.

Therefore, the Ministry of Agriculture and Irrigation had sent the letter dated 5. September, 2011, to the General Administration Department and the Ministry of Home Affairs to be able to make field survey.

The Hluttaw made the decision to hand over the cases related to questions of U Naing Tun Ohn and U Zaw Naing Oo to the committee on people's complains and appeal.

The Hluttaw representatives discussed the proposal yesterday submitted by U Swe Aung of Yangon Region Constituency (12) for government's measures to hold peace talks over current armed conflicts without affecting Our Three Main National Causes. Dr Banyar Aung Moe of Mon State Constituency (7) discussed that peace talks with national races armed groups will create amicable atmosphere and will lead to eternal peace; so, it will contribute towards the development of the State.

U Hla Swe of Magway Region Constituency (12) discussed that current conflicts are sparked by the

armed groups which do not abide by Section (338) of the Constitution which says all the armed forces in the Union shall be under the command of the Defence Services; separate talks should be held because each group has different historical background; the talks will have to be based on the Constitution and Our Three Main National Causes; only those who respect the Constitution should be included in the committee for peace talk; and the committee should uphold Our Three Main National Causes,



**Amyotha Hluttaw representative U Saw Tun Mya Aung of Kayin State Constituency No. 5 holds discussion.—MNA**

cooperating on common grounds despite diverse views as guided by the President.

U Sai Thant Zin of Shan State Constituency (4) seconded the proposal, citing he believed the armed conflicts will be settled without impacting upon Our Three Main National Causes as prescribed in the Constitution; Our Three Main National Causes is the firm policy pursued by Tatmadaw government which could build up the temporary peace; and the talks based on that policy may lead to peace and ceasefire.

Dr Win Myint Aung of Sagaing Region Constituency (4) seconded the proposal, saying the government should hold peace talks over current insurgent attacks and for ceasefire; and the talks should not impact on Our Three Main National Causes.

U Sakhon Taint Yein of Kachin State Constituency (4) discussed that it will be very dangerous if armed conflicts disturbing national reconciliation and development intensified to insurgency; it is hoped the armed attacks causing casualties will be abandoned and peace talks will be held for benefits of the national brethren; national race armed groups which are involved in armed conflicts are hoped to stop their armed movements, return to legal fold and pursue fair rights in legal framework; and the government is hoped to fulfill the needs for security and welfare of the people.

U Paw Lyan Lwin of Chin State Constituency (9) discussed the Hluttaw representatives, who are working in

national interest in accord with the Constitution, wish to resolve the issues of national brethren at the table involved by all the national races; the absolute end of domestic armed conflicts is required; it is suggested that peace committee should be formed with significant figures in Myanmar, the committee should receive guidance of the President, the resolutions which will effect Our Three Main National Causes should not be passed; the freedom, democratic rights and equity of the people should be considered;



**Amyotha Hluttaw representative U Naing Tun Ohn of Mon State Constituency No. 5 raising question.—MNA**

and the answer will be sought for national reconciliation with no doubts between each others.

U Saw Ohn of Mon State Constituency (9) discussed that perpetuation of the sovereignty means safeguarding the independence of the State; the independence, regained after sacrificing blood and sweat of the national brethren, could not be lost at any time; the nation will not be obedient to stronger countries; the neo-colonialism is opposed; every citizen will have to safeguard the consolidated union, firm national reconciliation, and sovereignty; and if the peace talks base on patriotism, the negotiation will be succeeded.

Dr Khin Shwe of Yangon Region Constituency (9) discussed that security issues had occurred to harm national interest, discouraging foreign investments while the political system is changing and economic development is picking up acceleration; national races armed groups should not take actions, destroying the region; the insurgency should be abandoned and political will should clearly be expressed; they are responsible for revealing work plans, tactics and strategies for development which do not affect Our Three Main National Causes; and negotiations are needed for resolutions which do not impact on Our Three Main National Causes.

U Saw Tun Mya Aung of Kayin State Constituency (5) discussed that peace talks should get rid of foreign intervention; Section (338) of the Constitution should be upheld.

(See page 13)

## Second regular session of First Amyotha...

(from page 12)

Constitution suggests the armed forces in the Union shall be under the command of the Defence Services; and the peace talks will be held on common grounds apart from diverse opinions within the framework of the Constitution.

U Man Aung Tin Myint of Kayin State Constituency (12) discussed that vague visions; misunderstandings and doubts will be abandoned; the usage of words should be cared; the national brethren should join hands with farsightedness, generosity, understanding to cope with the current age.

U Hsai Paung Nat of Shan State Constituency (12) discussed that the disputes over rights, racial issues and conflicting views and armed attacks had broken out after regaining the independence; now all are working for development of the State and peace offers are given to armed groups; the respective regions are enjoying the fruits of peace; eternity peace will only be gained through those peace talks; and Our Three Main National Causes should not be affected and forgotten at the talks.

U Khin Maung Yi of Ayeyawady Region Constituency (6) discussed the proposal "the Union government

is urged to amend and prescribe Cooperative Society Law (1992) administered by the Ministry of Cooperative" and a Hluttaw representative seconded the proposal.

Regarding the proposal, Union Minister for Cooperatives U Ohn Myint discussed that the law concisely prescribes important data as to the policy; rules and regulations of respective law include detailed explanation; the detailed facts are included in 1992 Cooperative Society Law and Cooperative Society Rule; in regard of tax, Section 389 of the Constitution suggests, "Every citizen has the duty to pay taxes to be levied according to the law"; and so the cooperative societies also have the duty to pay taxes; 1970 Union of Myanmar Cooperative Society Law was prescribed in accord with policies of then Myanmar Socialist Programme Party government; 1992 Cooperative Society Law was aimed to engage with the age; it is found that the law still matches with current age; only the usage "Minister" in Section (2), Sub-section (p) of the law should be changed to "Union Minister"; the actions will be taken for changing the usages which match with the constitution; Section (36), Sub-section (a) of the 2008 Constitution suggests, "The Union shall permit all economic forces such as the State, regional organizations, cooperatives, joint-ventures, private individual, so forth,

to take part in economic activities for the development of National economy"; the President in his address to the Pyidaungsu Hluttaw on 30 March, 2011, said, "We will practice the market economy as the economic policy for achievements in the economic programmes. The theme of the economic programmes is evolution of the market economy. In the process, we will make sure that all the economic forces such as the State, regional organizations, cooperatives and private enterprises can work in harmony in the framework of the market economy"; the President in his address at National Level Workshop on Rural Development and Poverty Alleviation held from 20 to 22 May, 2011, said, "In the international community, cooperative system is successful, but that system did not win public trust in Myanmar because in the past, under the cooperative system, all the residents in villages and wards were forced to participate in activities and corruption was rampant. Learning lessons from those events, we should encourage formation of cooperative societies with congenial people", "Township syndicates will later become Township cooperative syndicates and Village syndicates, village cooperative syndicates. It is needed to save money in a group with common interest to change after two years with Bottom-Up Initiative averting Top-Down

Policy"; Village-Based Communities will have to be formed in villages and Townships for rural development and poverty alleviation of Myanmar; those are to be developed to cooperative societies (branches) and syndicates at the time of public trust; the role of the Ministry of Cooperative is important in taking such measures; followed by the guidance of the President, the ministry formed 1398 cooperative societies and syndicates, capital of K 37329.062 million have been allocated to date since the government took office; there were 11107 cooperative societies in the past; one central cooperative society, 20 syndicates, 460 portals, 10670 basic societies, 1151 total societies and 1354 groups have been formed now.

The Hluttaw decided to delay the proposal for Public Accounts Committee has to scrutinize the law and rules.

The 12<sup>th</sup>-day second regular session of first Amyotha Hluttaw concluded at 3.25 pm and 13<sup>th</sup>-day session continues at 10 am on 7 September, 2011(Wednesday).

At today's session, eight questions were raised and answered, one answer was changed to proposal and approved, one proposal submitted yesterday was approved, one new proposal was submitted and suspended.

MNA

## One sustained injury by mine planted by KNU

NAY PYI TAW, 6 Sept—Daw Khin Sein, aged 48, of old Zalokgyi Village, Shwekyin Township, Bago Region, on 3 September morning, stepped on a mine planted by KNU armed group on a lane while she was on her way to Khaing Shwe Thein rubber plantation

about three miles east of the village for work. She suffered cuts at her foot by the blast and was rushed to Thaye Thamein Station Hospital, Shwekyin Township for medical treatment. Officials concerned provided her with necessary assistance.—MNA

## Scottish mummies said to be 'assembled'

Science

SHEFFIELD, 6 Sept—*Daily Telegraph* reported British scientists say this week.

prehistoric mummies found on Scottish islands were made of body parts from several different people but arranged to look like one person.

The mummies found at Cladh Hallan in the Outer Hebrides, which were carefully placed in a natural-looking crouched burial position, were assembled from a number of body parts belonging to different people, the *British newspaper The*

*Daily Telegraph* reported this week. Mike Parker Pearson of Sheffield University said the mummies had not been buried directly after preservation, and the body parts may have come from people in the same families, possibly as part of spiritual ceremonies.

One of the mummies, first thought to be a female in her 40s, was in fact made up of three people with some

parts, such as the skull, coming from a male.

"These could be kinship components, they are putting lineages together, the mixing up of different people's body parts seems to be a deliberate act," Parker Pearson said. "I don't believe these 'mummies' were buried immediately, but played an active part in society, as they do in some tribal societies in other parts of the world," he said.

Internet

## Amazon reworks website before offering new tablet

Tech



People attend a workshop on the first day of the 18<sup>th</sup> World Wide Web Conference in Madrid on 20 April, 2009.

INTERNET

Amazon Appstore using Google's Android operating system, the blog said. Amazon started rolling out the new design in the last days of August, spokeswoman Sally Fouts said in an email on Sunday.

"We are continuing to roll out the new design to additional customers, but I can't speculate on when the new design will be live for everyone," Fouts wrote.

Reuters

NEW YORK, 6 Sept—Amazon.com Inc is rolling out a major redesign of its familiar website as it prepares to offer a new \$250 tablet device to rival Apple Inc's iPad.

The changes in Amazon's online store "practically scream 'tablet-optimized',"

TechCrunch blogger Sarah Perez wrote over the weekend after her site reported seeing a prototype of the company's new device.

The new web pages show a bigger search bar and less clutter to better highlight music, e-books, digital games and applications from the

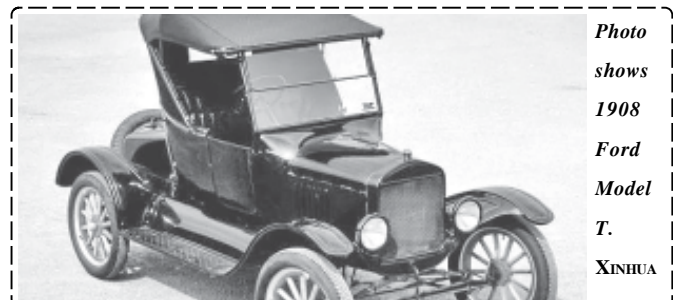


Photo shows 1908 Ford Model T. XINHUA

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**Tin Ohnmar Tun**

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For. Domnern Somgiat & Boonma, Attorneys at Law, Thailand)

Dated 07 September,2011.

**CLAIMS DAY NOTICE**

**MV WEST SCENT VOY NO (11017)**

Consignees of cargo carried on MV WEST SCENT VOY NO (11017) are hereby notified that the vessel will be arriving on 6.9.2011 and cargo will be discharged into the premises of A.W.P.T where it will lie at the consignee's risk and expenses and subject to the byelaws and conditions of the Port of Yangon.

Damaged cargo will be surveyed daily from 8 am to 11:20 am and 12 noon to 4 pm to Claims Day now declared as the third day after final discharge of cargo from the Vessel.

No claims against this vessel will be admitted after the Claims Day.

**SHIPPING AGENCY DEPARTMENT  
MYANMA PORT AUTHORITY  
AGENT FOR: M/S T.S LINES**

Phone No: 256908/378316/376797

**Electric motor made in single molecule**

BEIJING, 6 Sept — Scientists from Tufts University of the US have created the world's smallest electrical motor in a single molecule. The finding was published in the journal *Nature Nanotechnology* on Monday.

In the research, scientist successfully made a single molecule accept an electrical charge and rotate as fast as 120 revolutions per second."This is

the first time that electrically-driven molecular motors have been demonstrated, despite a few theoretical proposals," said Charles H. Sykes, professor of chemistry at Tufts who led the team.

The single molecule electric motor could lead to new types of electrical circuitry, giving hope for scientists to apply it in medicine and engineering, he said. "The next thing to do is to couple it to other molecules, lining them up next to one another so they're like miniature cogwheels, and then watch the rotation propagation down the chain," said Sykes.

*Xinhua*

**Female Slovakian model fell to her death in Shanghai**

SHANGHAI, 6 Sept — A 20-year old female model from the Slovak Republic fell to her death on early Tuesday morning in Shanghai Municipality, said local police. The young woman is believed to have fallen at around 1:20 am in a residential area in Xuhui District, said Shanghai municipal police. The initial investigation found that her death is the result of her fall and no foul play is suspected, police said.

*Xinhua*

*Thomas celebrates as she is declared the winner of the Buffalo Wing Eating Championship in Buffalo, New York, on 4 Sept, 2011. Thomas won after racing the clock to eat a record breaking 183 wings.*

**XINHUA**



**China-made civilian helicopter hits new heights**

BEIJING, 6 Sept—China's domestically developed civilian freight helicopter, the AC313, successfully climbed to a height of 8,000 meters, an altitude that will enable the chopper to fulfill plateau missions.

The AC313, developed and manufactured by the Aviation Industry Corporation of China (AVIC), hit its highest altitude to date during a trial flight on 2 Sept at Gonghe Airport in northwest China's Qinghai Province, AVIC said in a statement Tuesday.

"The test flight has fully proven the helicopter's function and reliability, and will decide the range of its flight altitude," said Xu Chaoliang, chief engineer of the AC313.

The helicopter, with a Maximum Takeoff Weight of 13.8 tons, can be used for transportation, forest fire prevention, emergency search and rescue missions, disaster relief and medical aid.

The AC313 completed its maiden flight in March 2010.

*Xinhua*

**Fallen old man dies as bystanders look on**

BEIJING, 6 Sept —The death of an 88-year-old man in Wuhan, Hubei Province on Sunday, after he fell and was ignored by bystanders, has sparked a new round of debate on trust, legal procedures and moral decline in the country.

The old man, surnamed Li, fell at around 7:30 am at the exit of a vegetable market. Pas-

sengers surrounded him and watched, but none offered assistance. One hour later, Li's relatives, who lived 100 metres away, came and rushed him to the hospital.

However, the man died due to suffocation caused by a nosebleed. "If someone had helped him and let his nosebleed flow out, he could have survived," Li's wife told the *Chutian Metropolis Daily*. "The tragedy is apparently a result of several previous cases, in which people who had received help sued those who helped them for allegedly knocking them down," Wang Dawei, a professor at the Chinese People's Public Security University, told the *Global Times*.

On 20 November, 2006, an elderly woman in Nanjing, Jiangsu

Province, who suffered two fractures after falling at a bus station successfully sued Peng Yu, a man who claimed to have voluntarily helped her. Despite not having adequate evidence to reconstruct the scene, a local court found Peng guilty and ordered him to pay about 45,000 yuan (\$7,057.17) in compensation to the elderly woman.

*Xinhua*

**Colombian navy seizes 1.1 tons of cocaine**

BOGOTA, 6 Sept—The Colombian Navy has seized 1.1 tons of cocaine on a small boat captured in the Pacific Ocean close to international waters, a navy spokesman said on Monday.

Hernando Wills, commander of Colombia's Pacific Naval Force, said the operation was conducted in an area known as Bocas de Charambira in waters off the central province of Choco and three people were detained. The drugs were all seized aboard a boat named "Lacoste," where the cocaine bound for Central America was found hidden among 57 bags of cargo placed on the deck of the boat, said Wills.

"The illegal substance seized was subject to a preliminary screening test approved by the judicial police, who determined it was cocaine of high purity," he said, adding the drugs were worth of 30 million US dollars on the black market. The three people, together with the drugs, were turned over to prosecutors. Since the beginning of the year, the Colombian Navy has seized more than 20 tons of cocaine.—MNA/Xinhua

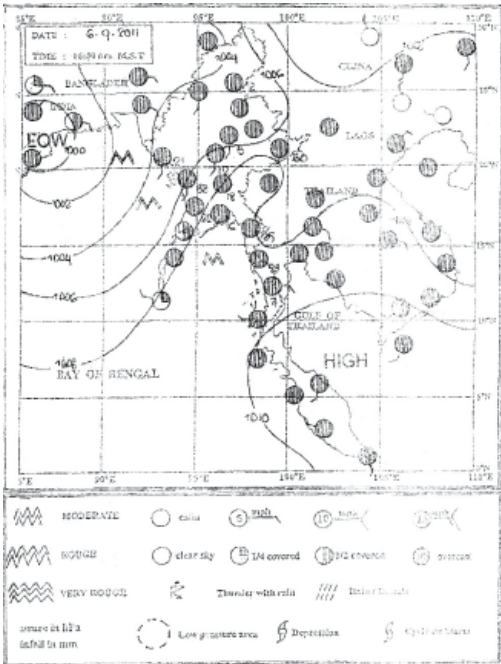
**Eddie Murphy front-runner to host Oscars 2012**



*Cast member Eddie Murphy attends the premiere of the film "Imagine That" in Los Angeles on 6 June, 2009. — XINHUA*

BEIJING, 6 Sept — Renowned US Actor Eddie Murphy is now the front-runner to host the 84th Academy Awards in 2012, according to media reports on Tuesday. Eddie Murphy is said to be favored by Brett Ratner, a producer of the awards broadcast who just finished directing Murphy in the soon-to-be-released thriller "Tower Heist," according to Hollywood Reporter. Brett Ratner is expected to meet with Academy president Tom Sherak after the Labour Day holiday to discuss potential hosts, the magazine said. Murphy has never acted as Oscars host before. Watchers say his onstage reputation for unpredictability, as well as high-profile public scandal has most likely made Oscars organizers reluctant in the past.—Internet

**Weather Map of Myanmar and Neighbouring Areas**



**Weather forecast for 7<sup>th</sup> September, 2011**

Sr. No.	Regions/States	Temperature (C/F)		For Tomorrow	
		Maximum	Minimum	Forecast	Percent
1	Kachin	33/91	26/79	Widespread rain or thundershowers (RH)	80%
2	Kayah	26/79	20/68	Widespread rain or thundershowers	80%
3	Kayah	28/82	24/75	Widespread rain or thundershowers	80%
4	Chin	21/70	14/57	Widespread rain or thundershowers	80%
5	Upper Sagaing	32/90	24/75	Fairly widespread rain or thundershowers	80%
6	Lower Sagaing	30/86	25/77	Fairly widespread rain or thundershowers	80%
7	Tainthay	29/84	22/72	Widespread rain or thundershowers	80%
8	Bago	30/86	21/70	Widespread rain or thundershowers	80%
9	Magway	32/90	25/77	Fairly widespread rain or thundershowers	80%
10	Mandalay	30/86	25/77	Fairly widespread rain or thundershowers	80%
11	Mon	26/79	23/73	Widespread rain or thundershowers	80%
12	Yangon	30/86	24/75	Fairly widespread rain or thundershowers	80%
13	Rakhine	30/86	22/72	Widespread rain or thundershowers	80%
14	Southern Shan	21/70	18/64	Fairly widespread rain or thundershowers	80%
15	Northern Shan	29/84	22/72	Fairly widespread rain or thundershowers	80%
16	Eastern Shan	30/86	21/70	Fairly widespread rain or thundershowers	80%
17	Ayeyawady	30/86	24/75	Widespread rain or thundershowers	80%
18	Neighbouring Nay Pyi Taw	33/91	25/77	One or two rain or thundershowers	80%
19	Neighbouring Yangon	30/86	24/75	One or two rain or thundershowers	80%
20	Neighbouring Mandalay	30/86	25/77	One or two rain or thundershowers	80%

During the past (24) hours, rain or thundershowers have been fairly widespread in Upper Sagaing, Mandalay, Yangon and Tainthay Regions, Kachin State and widespread in the remaining Regions and States with regionally heavy falls in Mandalay and Magway Regions, Kachin and Mon States and isolated heavy fall in Lower Sagaing Region Kayah State. The noteworthy amounts of rainfall recorded were Puno (6.97) inches, Machanbaw (4.72) inches, Kyaukhani (3.94) inches, Paung (3.46) inches, Changzong (3.42) inches, Mawlamyine (3.35) inches, Hpa-an (3.27) inches, Tada-U (3.23) inches, Singu (2.85) inches, Saw (2.00) inches, Kanbala (1.93) inches and Aungmye (1.50) inches.

Bay Inference: Monsoon is strong in the Andaman Sea and Shuth Bay and moderate elsewhere in the Bay of Bengal.

State of the Sea: Squalls with moderate to rough seas are likely at times off and along Myanmar Coast. Surface wind speed in squalls may reach (35) mph.

Outlook for subsequent two days: Continuation of increase of rain in extreme Northern areas.

# Thousands stranded after 42 die in Japan typhoon

TOKYO, 6 Sept—Thousands of people remained stranded in western Japan on Tuesday as the death toll from a fierce typhoon rose to 42, heaping more misery on a nation recovering from the March earthquake and tsunami.



Vehicles are piled on top of one another on muddy ground after Typhoon Talas caused flash flooding in the town of Nachikatsuura, Wakayama prefecture, in western Japan on 5 Sept.

Torrential rain brought by powerful Typhoon Talas, which made landfall Saturday and was the deadliest in seven years, caused rivers to swell and triggered floods and landslides that swept

away buildings, homes and roads.

More than 50 people were still missing, local authorities told AFP, while Japanese media reported another 100 or so could not be contacted in hard-hit Wakayama prefecture.

In Shingu city and Nachikatsuura town in Wakayama prefecture, "a considerable number of people have yet to be reached for confirmation of safety," a local police official said without elaborating further.—Internet



**Wednesday, 7 September View on today**

- 7:00 am**  
1. Pariti By Venerable Mingun Sayadaw
- 7:15 am**  
2. Dhamma Puja Song
- 7:25 am**  
3. To be Healthy Exercise
- 7:30 am**  
4. Morning News
- 7:40 am**  
5. Nice & Sweet Song

- 7:50 am**  
6. Health Programme
- 8:05 am**  
7. Cultural Dances
- 8:25 am**  
8. Selected Songs for 18<sup>th</sup> Myanmar Traditional Performing Arts Competitions (2011) (Oldies & Mono Classical) (Basic Education) (Level Men)
- 8:40 am**  
9. International News
- 8:45 am**  
10. Musical Programme
- 4:00 pm**  
1. Martial Song
- 4:10 pm**  
2. Musical Programme
- 4:20 pm**  
3. Songs of National Races
- 4:25 pm**  
4. Classical Songs
- 4:30 pm**  
5. Teleplay (Health)

- 4:50 pm**  
6. University of Dstance Education (TV Lectures) -First Year (Zoology)
- 5:05 pm**  
7. Songs for Upholding National Spirit
- 5:10 pm**  
8. Documentary
- 5:45 pm**  
9. Selected Songs for 18<sup>th</sup> Myanmar Traditional Performing Arts Competitions (2011) (Oldies & Mono Classical) (Basic Education) (Level Women)
- 5:25 pm**  
10. "ASEAN" Programmes
- 5:35 pm**  
11. Melody Tunes (Sogyaw Pyawshwin Tay Thansin)

- 6:00 pm**  
12. Evening News
- 6:15 pm**  
13. Weather Report
- 6:20 pm**  
14. Traditional Boxing
- 6:35 pm**  
15. Shwe Yin Chone Than
- 7:05 pm**  
16. Myanmar Cultural Dances
- 7:10 pm**  
17. Alinka Wut Yi Music Troupe
- 7:40 pm**  
18. 18<sup>th</sup> Myanmar Traditional Performing Arts Competitions (2011) Interview (Song)
- 8:00 pm**  
19. News
- 20. International News**
- 21. Weather Report**
- 22. Korea NG Award**
- 23. TV Drama Series**
- 24. Dramatic Arts Competitions (Traditional Drama)**

**MYANMAR INTERNATIONAL Programme Schedule (7-9-2011) (Wednesday)**

Transmissions	Times
Local	(09:00am ~ 11:00am)MST
Overseas Transmission	(7-9-11 09:30 am ~ 8-9-11 09:30 am) MST

- Local Transmission**
- \* Opening
  - \* News
  - \* Monastery Bagayar Kyaung
  - \* News
  - \* Great Artist U Lun Gywe & His Prolific Art

- \* News
- \* Mudita Low Cost Housing Project Press Conference
- \* Music Gallery
- \* News
- \* Product of Myanmar (Power Ring)
- Overseas Transmission**
- \* Opening
- \* News
- \* Monastery Bagayar Kyaung
- \* News
- \* Great Artist U Lun Gywe & His Prolific Art
- \* News
- \* Mudita Low Cost Housing Project Press Conference

- \* Music Gallery
- \* News
- \* Product of Myanmar (Power Ring)
- \* News
- \* Youth and Music (Part-1)
- \* Bagan's Mural Arts
- \* News
- \* Your Shopping to Youth Empowerment
- \* News
- \* Song for you
- \* Congratulation Ceremony of Malaysia (AAET)'s Competition Winners
- \* News
- \* Travel to the Southern Part of Myanmar
- \* Myanmar Movies "Guilt Over Love"

Ñabbanasacchikiriya ca; to realize the Ñirvana; this is the way to auspiciousness

## Second regular session of First Pyithu Hluttaw continues for 12<sup>th</sup> day

### 10 questions raised and answered, amendment bill approved, two proposals discussed, three new proposals submitted

NAY PYI TAW, 6 Sept—The second regular session of First Pyithu Hluttaw continued for 12<sup>th</sup> day at Pyithu Hluttaw Hall of Hluttaw Building here today.

Speaker of Pyithu Hluttaw Thura U Shwe Mann and 383 Pyithu Hluttaw representatives attended the session.

At the session, raising and answering 10 questions, approving amendment bill of Pyithu Hluttaw election law and discussing two proposals and submitting three new proposals were made.

In response to the question raised by Daw Nan Wah Nu of Kunhing Constituency about **how the government will carry out national reconciliation and internal peace plans, whether the government will announce procedure for national reconciliation and peace policies laid down by the previous government, and whether peace commission comprising trusty national races for peace talks with national race armed groups will be formed.** She asked that **remnant armed groups knew that when the multiparty government takes office, it will open the peace door to them; why the discussion has not started yet, how the discussion**



*Hluttaw representatives at 12<sup>th</sup>-day second regular session of first Pyithu Hluttaw.—MNA*

**will be made in that opportune time, and whether or not negotiation and policy will be made.** In response to the question, Union Minister for Information U Kyaw Hsan replied that as the meanings

and purposes of the two questions are similar in general, answers to the two questions will be given in combination as a leader of the Spokespersons and  
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## Second regular session of First Amyotha Hluttaw continues for 12<sup>th</sup> day



*Hluttaw representatives at 12<sup>th</sup> day second regular session of first Amyotha Hluttaw.—MNA*

NAY PYI TAW, 6 Sept — The second regular session of the first Amyotha Hluttaw continued for the 12<sup>th</sup> day at Amyotha Hluttaw Hall of the Hluttaw Building here this morning, attended by Speaker of Amyotha Hluttaw U Khin Aung Myint and 210 Amyotha Hluttaw representatives.

Union Minister for Construction U Khin Maung Myint answered the queries on matters related to construction raised by four Hluttaw representatives.

Regarding the question U Tun Lwin of Kachin

State Constituency (9) raised how the government will manage to carry out maintenance works as local people are facing difficulties for traveling along Bhamo-NgaO-Thabeikkyin-Mandalay motorway on which various sections are damaged, the Ministry of Construction is carrying out road works in cooperation with national companies through BOT system for development of roads and bridges in Myanmar. Groups of the ministry are building 60 miles and three furlongs and four national companies 213 miles for

construction of 227-mile and one-furlong Mandalay-Tagaung-NgaO-Shwegu-Bhamo road.

Construction of 19 miles from mile post Nos. 0/0 to 19/0 and nine miles and three furlongs from mile post Nos. 35/0 to 44/3 totaling 28 miles and three furlongs are being carried by PyinOoLwin District Group and upgrading and maintenance works of 16 miles from mile post Nos. 19/0 to 35/0 and 16 miles from mile post Nos. 44/3 to 60/3 totaling 32 miles by Building Construction Project Special Group (6).

Under BOT system, construction of 42 miles long section is being carried out by Thanti Thitsa Co. Ltd, 47 miles and four furlongs longsection by Hsu Htoo Pan Construction Co. Ltd, 59 miles and six furlongs long section by Great Wall Foodstuff Co Ltd and 63 miles and six furlongs long section by Shwe Moe Thun Aung Construction Co. Ltd.

Mandalay-Tagaung-NgaO-Shwegu-Bhamo road was upgraded to a hard road. It is a kind of facility that can be used for convenience of traveling and saving time. Works are being carried step by step by companies concerned to upgrade the road as an asphalt road. Due to terrain water triggered by torrential rains on 19 May 2011, roads and bridges were damaged, stopping transportation on some parts of the road. Thanks to maintenance works which were carried out as soon as possible, the road was reopened in August 2011.

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