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Prime Minister General Khin Nyunt addresses coordination meeting on translating Tipitaka Pali-Myanmar Dictionary into English.— MNA

More Pali-Myanmar-English dictionaries to be compiled for flourishing of Theravada Buddhism all over the world

Prime Minister General Khin Nyunt attends meeting on translation of Tipitaka Pali-Myanmar dictionaries into English

YANGON, 28 May— A coordination meeting on translation of Tipitaka Pali-Myanmar dictionaries published by the Ministry of Religious Affairs into English language was held at the meeting hall of International Theravada Buddhist Missionary University in Mayangon Township this afternoon, attended by Prime Minister General Khin Nyunt.

Also present on the occasion were Chairman of Yangon Division Peace and Development Council Commander Maj-Gen Myint Swe, ministers, deputy ministers, officials of the State Peace and Development Council Office, departmental heads, scholars of Myanmar Department of Yangon University, Department of Oriental Studies of YU, ITBMU, State Pariyatti Sasana University (Yangon) and (Mandalay) and guests. Minister for Religious Affairs Brig-Gen Thura Myint Maung presented a report, saying that now Tipitaka Pali to Myanmar treatises are in demand for those who wish to systematically learn Tri-Pitaka, five Nikayas and Atha Katha Pali treatises. So, five treatise-compiling teams were formed, and now a total of 18 treatises have been compiled and four

treatises are in the process of compilation, he said.

During the Prime Minister's visit to Masoeysin Taikthit in Mandalay, Sayadaw Bhaddanta Raja Dhamma Bhivamsa (Agga Maha Pandita) gave Ovada on translating Tipitaka Pali-Myanmar dictionaries into English for flourishing of Theravada Buddhism all over the world. Then, the Prime Minister gave instructions to the Ministry of Religious Affairs to accomplish these tasks, he said.

Therefore, this led to formation of five translating teams. Upholding the Ovada of the Sayadaws, preparations are being made to implement the tasks, he said.

Leader of Myanmar Language Group (Group 1) Director-General of Department of Myanmar Language Commission U San Lwin, Leader of Oriental Studies Group (Group 2) Prof of Oriental Studies Department of Yangon University Daw Khin Thein, Leader of English Translation Group (Group 3) Head of Department of International Theravada Buddhist Missionary University U Sao Tun Hmat Win, Deputy Leader of (Group 4) Joint Head of Pitaka Depart-

ment (English) U Ye Myint and Leader of (Group 5) Joint Head of Pali Department of the State Pariyatti Sasana University (Mandalay) U Myint Swe took part in the discussions. The participants also presented the possible difficulties in translating the treatises.

Prime Minister General Khin Nyunt looked into the requirements, saying that Patron of Masoeysin Taikthit Monastery in Mandalay Sayadaw Agga Maha Pandita Bhaddanta Raja Dhamma Bhivamsa gave ovada to translate the treatises into English. Myanmar is a country where Theravada Buddhism flourishes. It is appropriate to translate the treatises into English at a time when efforts are being made for promotion and propagation of the Theravada Buddhism. According to the discussions of the scholars, it is a demanding task. More scholars will be invited to take part in the translation work. The Government will provide academics, computer experts and other requirements.

Prime Minister General Khin Nyunt cordially greeted the participants. — MNA

Agricultural Mechanization, industrial, energy sectors designated as priority tasks

Coord meeting No 2/2004 of Industrial Development Committee held

YANGON, 28 May — The coordination meeting No 2/2004 of the Industrial Development Committee was held at the training hall of the Ministry of Industry-1 on Kaba Aye Pagoda Road here this afternoon, with an address by Chairman of the Industrial Development Committee Secretary-1 of the State Peace and Development Council Lt-Gen Soe Win. Present at the meeting were committee members

ministers, the Yangon mayor, chairmen of the work committee and subcommittees, deputy ministers, departmental heads, officials of the State Peace and Development Council Office, chairmen of industrial zone supervisory committees chairmen of district Peace and Development Councils and officials.

(See page 9)



Secretary-1 Lt-Gen Soe Win speaking at the Industrial Development Coordination Meeting No 2/2004.— MNA

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PERSPECTIVES

Saturday, 29 May, 2004

Towards emergence of more roads and bridges

In its drive for the Union of Myanmar to become a peaceful, modern and developed nation, the Government is paying serious attention to better transportation which plays a vital role in national development. In accord with the guidance of Head of State Senior General Than Shwe, a strategy designed to construct the network of roads has been laid down and motor roads and rail roads have been built the length and breadth of the nation. The Ministry of Construction has built a total of 18435 miles and 5 furlongs of roads throughout the country including 8828 miles and four furlongs of tarred road, 3264 miles of gravel road, 3112 miles and 3 furlongs of granite road and 3230 miles and 6 furlongs of earth road. These figures show that the length of roads in the country has increased 4800 miles and five furlongs after 1988.

From 1988 to this date, 183 bridges have been built— 170 by Public Works, six by Myanmar Railways and seven by Military Engineering Units— throughout the country. In addition to these endeavours, development affairs committees under the Development Affairs Department of the Ministry for Progress of Border Areas and National Races and Development Affairs are trying their best for better transportation in rural areas which is one of the five rural development tasks laid down by the Head of State.

The development affairs committees have built 840 miles of tarred road in urban areas and 281 miles in rural areas; 271 miles of gravel road in urban areas and 1305 miles in rural areas; 92 miles of granite road in urban areas and 713 miles in rural areas; 489 miles of earth road in urban areas and 1226 miles in rural areas plus 285 concrete bridges in urban areas and 218 in rural areas; 194 wooden bridges in urban areas and 429 in rural areas and 48 conduits in urban areas and 131 in rural areas. With the emergence of new roads and bridges in the country, people are now witnessing development in all sectors such as economy, social affairs, education and health. Moreover, the network of roads in the country contributes towards strengthening of friendship among national brethren and it helps forge the national unity.

We firmly believe that more roads and bridges which play a key role in raising the living standard of the entire people will emerge in the country at a time when efforts are being made for the nation to become a modern and developed one.

Film entertainment to NC delegates

YANGON, 28 May — The Entertainment and Welfare Subcommittee of the National Convention Convening Management Committee organizes entertainment programmes for delegates daily at the gymnasium of Nyaungnapin Camp. Yesterday evening, the delegates were entertained with "Chitchin Ei Achyarmai Hnate", an academy award-winning film for 2001, directed by Zinyaw Maung Maung and starred by Dway, May Than Nu, Khine Thinn Kyi and Hla Myo Thinzar Nwe. — MNA

ကမ္ဘာ့ဆေးလိပ်မသောက်ရေးနေ့ (၃၁-၅-၂၀၀၄)
World No-Tobacco Day (31-5-2004)

ဆေးလိပ်ဆေးရွက်ရှောင်ကြဉ်မှ လူမှုဘဝ ချမ်းသာရ
Tobacco Control and Poverty
ကျန်းမာရေးဝန်ကြီးဌာန



ဝဉာဏ်ရေးဝန်ကြီးဌာန
ကျောင်းအပ်နှံရေး သိတင်းပတ်
မေလ၏နောက်ဆုံးသိတင်းပတ်
ကျောင်းနေအရွယ်ကလေး ကျောင်းအပ်နှံရေး
ပြည်သူ့အားလုံးပါဝင်ဆောင်ရွက်ပေး

People's Desire

- * Oppose those relying on external elements, acting as stooges, holding negative views
- * Oppose those trying to jeopardize stability of the State and progress of the nation
- * Oppose foreign nations interfering in internal affairs of the State
- * Crush all internal and external destructive elements as the common enemy



Commander Maj-Gen Myint Swe presents a prize to an outstanding trainee. — MNA

Maritime Courses conclude

YANGON, 28 May—The Basic Maritime Course No 1/2004 and Advanced Maritime Course No 1/2004 for new generation youths sponsored by the Union Solidarity and Development Association (Central) and Office of the Commander-in-Chief (Navy), concluded at Thiha Thura Tun Tin hall in Ayeyawady Naval Region Command this morning.

Present on the occasion were Yangon Division Peace and Development Council Chairman Yangon Command Commander Maj-Gen Myint Swe, Chairman of Yangon City Development Committee Mayor

Brig-Gen Aung Thein Lin, Commander of Ayeyawady Naval Region Command Commodore Maw Thein and officials. Commander Maj-Gen Myint Swe and Commodore Maw Thein gave speeches. Next, the commander and the mayor presented prizes to the outstanding trainees and certificates to the trainees.—MNA

Internal Revenue Dept holds meeting

YANGON, 28 May — The Internal Revenue Department held an annual meeting for 2003-2004 fiscal at its head office on Pansodan Street here this morning. Minister for Finance & Revenue Maj-Gen Hla Tun, Deputy Minister Col Hla Thein Swe, Director-General of the department U Win Naing, heads of department, senior officials and others were present at the meeting. The Minister delivered an address at the meeting. — MNA

POEM:

To the world's pass masters

* Although your appearance is disfigured
Only when others apply make-up to you
Will you be handsome, and presentable
To apply make-up, keep goading
Your ilk, you organize forever
In reciprocation of gratitude, get special favour
Loving-kindness, from those pass masters
Hand a gift as response.

Po Wa (Trs)

Relief measures taken in high winds-hit townships of Rakhine State

YANGON, 28 May—High winds hit Sittway, Kyaukpadaung, Myaybon and Pauktaw townships in Rakhine State on 19 May morning and about 150 households in Sittway Township and about 1,000 households in Myaybon and Pauktaw townships were affected. There have been death and missing of people as the high winds struck

the areas at the time of fishing and farming. Relief measures were taken by the rescue team led by the Deputy Minister for Social Welfare, Relief and Resettlement under the supervision of the Western Command commander. Officials of the Ministry of Education, the Ministry of Health, the Ministry for Progress of Border Areas and National Races and Development Affairs and Myanmar Red Cross Society led by the Ministry of SWRR rushed to the affected villages and are taking relief measures such as providing necessary items and drinking water and preventing water-borne diseases. —MNA



Deputy Minister for Information Brig-Gen Aung Thein watches ASEAN quiz selection at MRTV. — MNA

Selection for ASEAN Quiz

YANGON, 28 May—Selection of outstanding student candidates to ASEAN Quiz (2003-2004) to be held in Brunei in September took place at MRTV at noon today. Present on the occasion were Deputy Minister for Information Brig-Gen Aung Thein, MRTV Director-General U Khin Maung Htay, officials and students. Among 10 candidates from States and Divisions, Ye Win Tun of Bago BEHS-3 stood first; Aung Than Toe of Yangon Institute of Education Practising School, second; and Ma Hsu Win Htaik of Dagon BEHS-1, third. Naw Wah Wah Phaw of Ahlon BEHS-6 and Tun Wai Yan Lwin of Pyay BEHS-1 won consolation prizes. — MNA



A ceremony to pay respects to faculty members of Zoological Department of Yangon University was held for the second time on 25-5-2004. Of the collected funds, K 1.4 million were donated to social establishments by the Organizing Committee. K 200,000 each to Jivithadhana Sangha Hospital; Hninzigon Home for the Aged; Kandawgalay Home for the Aged; Muslim Home for the Aged; U Hla Tun Cancer Hospice; Visakha nunnery orphanage; and funeral assistance organization on 21-5-2004. Photo shows Organizing Committee members hand over cash donation to U Hla Tun's Metta Foundation Cancer Hospice. — (H)

US military casualty in Iraq climbs to 800

BAGHDAD, 28 May—As of Thursday, 27 May, 800 US service members have died since the beginning of military operations in Iraq last year, according to the Defence Department. Of those, 585 died as a result of hostile action and 215 died of non-hostile causes.

The British military has reported 58 deaths; Italy, 18; Spain, eight; Bulgaria, six; Ukraine, four; Poland, three; Thailand, two; Denmark, El Salvador, Estonia and the Netherlands have reported one each.

Since May 1, 2003, when President Bush declared that major combat operations in Iraq had ended, 662 US soldiers have died 476 as a result of hostile action and 186 of non-hostile causes, according to the military's numbers.

The latest deaths reported by the US military: Three Marines were killed in Iraq's Anbar province.

The latest identification reported by the Pentagon:

Army Pfc James P Lambert, 23, New

Orleans; killed Tuesday in Fallujah, Iraq, when an explosive hit his patrol; assigned to the 3rd Battalion, 62nd Air Defence Artillery, 10th Mountain Division (Light Infantry), Fort Drum, NY.

Army Pfc Richard H Rosas, 21, Saint Louis, Mich; killed Tuesday in Fallujah, Iraq, when an explosive hit his patrol; assigned to the 3rd Battalion, 62nd Air Defence Artillery, 10th Mountain Division (Light Infantry), Fort Drum, NY.

Army Pfc Daniel P Unger, 19, Exeter, Calif; killed Tuesday in Iskandariyah, Iraq, during a rocket attack; assigned to the National Guard's 1st Battalion, 185th Armor, 81st Separate Armor Brigade, Visalia, Calif.

Internet

Iraq council member ambushed

BAGHDAD, 28 May—A member of Iraq's US-appointed Governing Council has escaped an ambush on her convoy, but her son was killed when his car plunged into a river during the attack, aides to other council members say.

Three bodyguards were wounded when the unidentified attackers fired on the convoy carrying council member Salama al-Khafaji, who had been in Najaf to negotiate an end to clashes between Shiite militiamen and US forces in the southern city.

"Our understanding is that there were some injuries but that (Khafaji) was not among the injured, according to initial indications,"

said an aide to council member Mohammed Bahr al-Uloum, who was also in Najaf for the talks.

Khafaji, from Iraq's majority Shiite community, was appointed to the council after the killing of another member, Akila al-Hashimi, in Baghdad last September.

It was unclear whether Thursday's attack was an assassination attempt, or the result of banditry in an area where convoys have often

come under attack by gunmen.

The aides said the convoy came under fire near a river at Yusufiya, some 40 km (25 miles) southwest of Baghdad, forcing the car carrying Khafaji's son into the water.

A group headed by Abu Musab al-Zarqawi, accused by Washington of supporting al Qaeda, claimed responsibility for that attack.—Internet

New Iraq abuse photos emerge US have soldiers tortured and humiliated Iraqi prisoners

BAGHDAD, 28 May—New photographs of the abuse of Iraqi prisoners by US soldiers at Baghdad's Abu Ghraib prison have surfaced.

Obtained by the American television network NBC, the photographs broadcast on Wednesday show three naked Iraqi prisoners clumped together on the floor during an interrogation and the use of aggressive tactics against them.

One photo shows a man sitting in a chair with his back to the camera near the prisoners on floor. NBC said the man was identified as a

civilian contractor.

Another picture shows a soldier, identified as a military intelligence officer, standing over the prisoners after apparently throwing an object at them. In the photo, the object appears to be suspended just off the floor.

A third photo shows a soldier with his knee pressing down on the neck of one prisoner, while apparently

questioning another, according to the NBC.

The abuse scandal at the Iraqi prison has inflamed the world and undermined US efforts in the country before the scheduled handover of power on 30 June.

Seven US soldiers have been charged with physically and sexually abusing and humiliating Iraqi prisoners at Abu Ghraib.

Internet



A recent photo of a British soldier and a tank secure a street in the Iraqi southern city of Amara.—INTERNET

ထုတ်ဖော်ပြောဆိုမှုများ

Americans face greater dangers because of the Bush administration's mishandling of Iraq, says Kerry

SEATTLE, 28 May—Democratic presidential candidate John Kerry argued on Thursday that Americans face greater dangers because of the Bush administration's mishandling of Iraq and vowed that if elected President, he would "never let ideology trump the truth."

"They've made America less safe than we should be in a dangerous world," Kerry said as he began an 11-day campaign focus on national security. "In short, they have undermined the legacy of generations of American leadership."

Although Kerry's advisers promoted the speech as a major policy address, the Democrat did not stake new ground as he outlined positions he has taken on the campaign trail in recent months. He said he will provide details in the coming days.

The speech was designed to show that Kerry, a decorated Vietnam War veteran, would be strong in combatting terrorism and in his command of the military while confidence in Bush's leadership has softened amid increasing violence in Iraq.

"Everyone outside of this administration seems to understand that we're in deep trouble in Iraq," Kerry told an audience of 450 invited guests, including three of his former crewmates from Vietnam and former Democratic Sens. Gary Hart

of Colorado and Max Cleland of Georgia.

Republicans portrayed the speech as disingenuous political grandstanding.

Kerry said the administration has disregarded the advice of professional military officers and ended the careers of those who gave honest assessments at odds with the White House view.

"That is not the way to make the most solemn decisions of war and peace," Kerry said. "As president, I will seek out, listen to and respect the views of our experienced military leaders and I will never let ideology trump the truth."

Kerry laid out four principles that would guide his national security policy:

- New alliances with foreign countries;
- An updated military to meet terrorist threats;
- The use of diplomacy, intelligence, economic power and "the appeal of our values and ideas" to keep the country safe;
- Freedom from dependence on oil from the Middle East.



John Kerry speaks on 27 May in Seattle.—INTERNET

Internet

Fresh prisoner abuse charges hit British troops

LONDON, 28 May—British forces faced fresh accusations on Thursday of abusing Iraqi prisoners, with details emerging of another civilian apparently killed by soldiers.

The death of Hassan Abbad Saied, thought to have been killed by British troops in Basra last August, could draw Washington's closest ally deeper into an abuse scandal that has rocked the United States.

British Army investigators have handed the case to state prosecutors, and it could result in civil murder charges.

"Papers regarding Hassan Abbad Saied have been referred to the Crown Prosecution Service," said a spokeswoman for the Ministry of Defence. She was unable to give further details. Sir Menzies Campbell, deputy leader of the opposition Liberal Democrat Party, told the *Independent* newspaper: "The immediate question in people's minds will be—how many similar cases are there? But in truth, one is too many."

An investigation is under way into the death of Baha Mousa, a 26-year-old hotel receptionist who was allegedly beaten to death during interrogations last September.

An Iraqi engineer who was detained alongside Mousa, Kifah Talah, has described how laughing soldiers competed to see who could kick-box the detainees the furthest.

His testimony will form part of a compensation claim against Britain by 12 families of Iraqis who say their relatives were unlawfully killed by British troops.

Human rights group Amnesty International says British troops have been involved in killing at least 37 civilians since May 1, 2003, when the war to topple Saddam Hussein officially ended, including an eight-year-old girl. —MNA/Reuters

E-governance conference to be held in Beijing

BEIJING, 28 May—The Chinese Academy of Sciences, together with the Ministry of Science and Technology and the Ministry of Information Industry, will hold an electronic governance technologies and application conference from August 3 to 5 in Beijing.

Shi Guangliang, vice-secretary-general of the conference, said here Wednesday that eGovChina 2004

would include forums, symposia, an exhibition and other events. The focus of development for e-governance in China has already shifted from infrastructure building to application and service providing, Shi said.

Experts estimated that China has an e-governance-related market valued at 40 billion yuan (4.8 billion US dollars), including 14 billion yuan worth of software pro-

ducts and service.

Shi said that the exhibition will show network, audio and visual and memory products, as well as high-speed broadband telecommunication technologies.

The organizers will also set up an on-line exhibition at the official website, www.egovchina.org.

This is the third such conference since it was launched in 2002. —MNA/Xinhua

China proposes amendments to US-UK resolution on Iraq

BEIJING, 28 May—China proposed on Wednesday major amendments to the US-British draft resolution on Iraq, calling for a time limit on the stay of the US-led multinational force as well as a say by Iraqis on its operations after power is transferred to a new Iraqi government on 30 June.

In a three-page paper, China said that the multinational force's mandate shall expire in January 2005 in keeping with the timetable of Iraqi political process, and its extension should have the consent of the new Iraqi government and be decided by the Security Council.

The paper, circulated before closed-door consultations of the 15-nation council, also calls for establishing a mechanism of consultations between the force, mainly composed of American troops, and the Iraqi interim government on its military actions except for self-defence.

"The interim government of Iraq shall have its say on the security matter with responsibility to control the Iraqi army and police force," the paper says.

The United States and Britain introduced a draft

measure on Iraq on Monday, seeking the Security Council's endorsement for the Iraqi power transfer and its authorization of the continued stay of the multinational force in Iraq after June 30.

But the text does not give a timetable for the withdrawal of the force. It only stipulates that the force's mandate would be reviewed one year later or at the request of Iraqis. Likewise, the draft does not mention whether the new Iraqi government would have full control of its army, and have a say on the multinational force's actions. Besides security, China's paper also covers Iraq's political process, justice and humanitarian law, economic reconstruction, and the role of the United Nations.

It says that the Iraqi interim government shall ex-

ercise full sovereignty, in the political, economic, security, judicial and diplomatic areas, including the power to control and dispose all the natural and economic resources, sign economic cooperation agreements and contracts, and enjoy judicial independence and the power to administer prisons in Iraq. The US-British draft does not specify whether the Iraqi government has the right to sign economic contracts with foreign countries, nor does it say Iraq's prisons, notorious for abuses by US troops, would be turned over to Iraqis.

Under China's proposals, UN Secretary-General Kofi Annan would consider arranging investigations on the reported violations of international humanitarian laws in Iraq.

After the council consultations, French Ambassador to the UN Jean-Marc de La Sabliere told reporters that China's proposals were supported by many council members, including France.

Chinese Ambassador Wang Guangya said the co-sponsors of the Iraqi resolution have agreed to consider China's proposals.

The council is going to meet at the experts' level on the US-British draft on Thursday, whose adoption needs nine "yes" votes, without veto by the five permanent council members China, Russia, France, the United States and Britain.

Internet

ဝက်စွမ်းအား ခေတ်ကျော်သွား

Russian plane heads for Iraq to evacuate energy company workers

Moscow, 28 May—A plane left Moscow for Iraq on Thursday to evacuate first group of workers of Russia's Interenergосervis company one day after two of its employees were killed in an attack.

An Il-76 aircraft belonging to the Emergency Situations Ministry is flying to Iraq to take home about 120 Russian experts working on reconstruction projects there, Interfax cited the ministry source as reporting.

It is planned to evacuate 241 employees of the Interenergосervis company, which has been helping to rebuild power stations in Iraq, Foreign Ministry spokesman Alexander Yakovenko said earlier.

Several administrators from the company, some ten Russian journalists and several Russian specialists will stay in the war-torn country for the moment, and they are expected to return to Russia later, according to Yakovenko.

Two contractors from the Interenergосervis were killed and six others wounded in an ambush near Baghdad on Wednesday when the bus they were travelling in came under attack. Itar-Tass said that the six injured along with the bodies of the two killed in the incident will be brought back to Moscow by the plane.—*Internet*

German, Mexican leaders in accord on Iraq

MEXICO CITY, 28 May—President Vicente Fox and German Chancellor Gerhard Schroeder said they were working with other nations to achieve a UN consensus on the hand-over of power in Iraq.

"The (UN) resolution presented by the United States and Great Britain could be the base" of an eventual UN agreement, Schroeder said. But he added that success depends on "assuring a complete transfer of sovereignty to the Iraqis" by June 30, the date set by US President George W Bush.

Talk of efforts to solve the crisis in Iraq at times threatened to overshadow the European-Latin American summit that starts Friday in the west-central city of Guadalajara. Schroeder met

the Mexican leader before leaving for the summit.

Speaking at a news conference with Schroeder after their talks, Fox said Mexico was working with Germany, France, Spain and Chile "to seek a consensus" on bringing peace to Iraq. Schroeder agreed. Both Germany and Mexico balked at US efforts to win clear UN approval for the invasion of Iraq.

While Schroeder said the Security Council resolution presented by the United States and Britain needed improvement, he stopped

short of endorsing a Chinese alternative that would set a January 2005 deadline for the departure of coalition troops.

"I don't think in the current situation you can put a deadline" for troop withdrawal, Schroeder said, adding that "obviously, there should be a day when this happens."

Schroeder added that the United Nation's chances of resolving the Iraq situation are dependent on "the Iraqis themselves improve security conditions."—*Internet*



Iraqi men demonstrate in support of radical cleric leader Muqtada al-Sadr in the centre of Najaf, Iraq, on 27 May, 2004.—INTERNET

Howard 'concerned' by Iraq war polls

SYDNEY, 28 May—Prime Minister John Howard is shown around the flight control tower at Baghdad Airport. The Prime Minister admits he is concerned by recent opinion polls showing most Australians believe the war in Iraq is unjustified.

John Howard blames the feeling on negative news coming out of Iraq, such as the recent upsurge in vio-

lence and the prisoner abuse scandal.

Mr Howard has also told Sydney's Radio 2GB that he will raise the issue of getting broader international support for Iraq when he meets US President George W Bush soon.

"He understands the need for that and the Americans are trying very hard to get that broader international

support," Mr Howard said.

"Things in Iraq would have been a lot better if that broader international support had been given in the first place. "I don't want to go over old ground but the attitude taken by countries such as France and Germany earlier on, I think, was anything but helpful. "I hope there has been some change of heart there."—*Internet*

India preparing national hydrogen energy roadmap

BEIJING, 28 May — India Wednesday said it was preparing a national hydrogen energy roadmap to effectively tap hydrogen as a reliable, sustainable, safe and affordable source of energy and welcomed international cooperation to make hydrogen applications a global reality.

In order to effectively coordinate the national efforts on hydrogen and fuel cell technologies and prepare a national hydrogen energy roadmap, the government

has set up a national hydrogen energy board, Indian Ambassador to China Nalin Surie said here.

The national hydrogen energy roadmap, which would lead to the national hydrogen energy programme, will require a dual strategy—first, to provide assistance in framing the necessary policy support and legislation and second, to develop the required technology.

MNA/PTI

Gore denounces US's Iraq war plan

NEW YORK, 28 May—Former US Vice-President Al Gore denounced on Wednesday the Bush Administration's Iraq war plan as "incompetent" and demanded the resignation of some top officials in the Administration.

In a speech made in New York University in Manhattan, Gore rated George W Bush as the most dishonest president since Richard Nixon, who resigned from the office of presidency in 1974 because of the Watergate scandal.

Blaming the officials for the "catastrophe" in Iraq, he said that Defence Secretary Donald Rumsfeld, National Security Adviser Condoleezza Rice and CIA director George Tenet should step down.

MNA/Xinhua



British troops patrol the centre of Basra, southern Iraq, on 27 May, 2004.—INTERNET

US-led terror war "bereft of principle"

LONDON, 28 May — Washington's global anti-terror policies are "bankrupt of vision" as human rights become sacrificed in the blind pursuit of security, a leading human rights group charged on Wednesday.

Amnesty International also rapped partners across the world in the United States' self-declared "war on terror" for jailing suspects unfairly, stamping on legitimate political and religious dissent, and squeezing asylum-seekers.

"The global security agenda promoted by the US Administration is bankrupt of vision and bereft of principle," Amnesty head Irene Khan said, launching its annual report.

"Violating rights at

home, turning a blind eye to abuses abroad and using pre-emptive military force where and when it chooses has damaged justice and freedom, and made the world a more dangerous place."

Specifically, Amnesty lashed Washington for unlawful killings of Iraqi civilians; questionable arrest and mistreatment of prisoners in Iraq, Guantanamo Bay and Afghanistan; and opposition to a new global criminal court.

"The world is crying out

for principled leadership," Khan added, saying the negative effects of US-led anti-terror policies had spread far and wide.

"Governments are losing their moral compass, sacrificing the global values of human rights in a blind pursuit of security."

It singled out Britain for holding 14 foreigners without charge, Spain for closing a Basque-language newspaper, the European Union for ignoring human rights in its asylum thinking,

and Uzbekistan and Turkmenistan for internal repression.

Amnesty also condemned the "callous, cruel and criminal attacks" by armed groups such as al-Qaeda.

The combined effect of those attacks and states' violations of rights was to create the most serious assault on rights and humanitarian law in half a century and make "a world of growing mistrust, fear and division", it said.

With Iraq and anti-terror policies dominating world attention has been diverted from old wars, the group also noted. Conflict in Chechnya, Colombia, the Democratic Republic of Congo, Sudan and Nepal remain "a breeding ground for some of the worst atrocities."

MNA/Reuters

သားငါးပွဲပြီး ပြည်အမျိုး

US General linked to use of dogs at Abu Ghraib

WASHINGTON, May 27 — The US Army General sent by the Pentagon to bolster the collection of intelligence from prisoners at Abu Ghraib is said to have urged the use of guard dogs to frighten Iraq detainees, *The Washington Post* reported on Wednesday, citing sworn testimony by the top US intelligence officer at the prison.

Colonel Thomas Pappas testified that the idea came from Major-General Geoffrey Miller, then commander of the US detention centre at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, and was implemented under a policy approved by Lieutenant-General Ricardo Sanchez, the top US military officer in Iraq, the newspaper reported.

Senior defence officials said on Tuesday that Sanchez was being replaced as the US commander in Iraq. But they argued the change was not triggered by the Abu Ghraib Iraqi prisoner abuse scandal.

According to a transcript obtained by *The Washington Post*, Pappas told the Army investigator, Major-General Antonio Taguba: "It was a technique I had personally discussed with General Miller, when he was here" visiting the prison.

"He said that they used military working dogs at Gitmo [the nickname for Guantanamo Bay], and that they were effective in setting the atmosphere for which, you know, you could get information" from the prisoners, Pappas said in the testimony.—MNA/Reuters



An Iraqi man sits against a mural based on the scandal of prisoner abuse in the prison of Abu Ghraib in a Shiite suburb of Baghdad, on 27 May, 2004.—INTERNET

US Army survey cites wider prisoner abuse

WASHINGTON, 28 May — A US Army synopsis of deaths and mistreatment involving prisoners in American custody in Iraq and Afghanistan shows a pattern of abuse involving more military units than previously known, *The New York Times* reported on Wednesday.

The summary, dated May 5, was prepared by the Criminal Investigation Command at the request of Army officials, according to the newspaper.

It outlines the status of investigations into 36 cases, including the continuing probe into the abuses at Abu Ghraib Prison on the outskirts of Baghdad, the paper said.

The Iraq cases date back to April 2003, the *Times* reported. In an incident reported to have taken place last month, a prisoner detained by Navy commandos died in a suspected case of

homicide blamed on "blunt force trauma to the torso and positional asphyxia", the paper said.

The US forces' treatment of prisoners has come under scrutiny because of revelations about the physical and sexual abuse of Iraqi inmates at the Abu Ghraib Prison. Seven US soldiers have been charged with abusing Iraqi prisoners there.

In a speech on Tuesday, US President George W. Bush said the prison "became a symbol of disgraceful conduct by a few American troops who dishonoured our country and disregarded

our values", and said the notorious prison would be demolished as a "symbol of Iraq's new beginning".

One of the oldest cases listed in the May 5 document involves the death of a prisoner in Afghanistan in December 2002, the paper said.

The document said enlisted personnel from a military intelligence unit at Fort Bragg, North Carolina, and an Army Reserve military-police unit from Ohio are thought to have been "involved at various times in assaulting and mistreating the detainee," according to the *Times*.—MNA/Reuters

"NY Times" admits it fell for Iraq misinformation

NEW YORK, 28 May — The *New York Times* acknowledged on Wednesday it had failed to adequately challenge information from Iraqi exiles who were determined to show Saddam Hussein had weapons of mass destruction and overthrow him.

In an unusual note from the editors, "The Times and Iraq," the newspaper said it found a number of instances before the March 2003 US and British invasion of Iraq and early in the occupation, of "coverage that was not as rigorous as it should have been."

The note said editors "should have been challenging reporters and pressing for more skepticism."

The Bush Administration also has been faulted for relying on inaccurate or incomplete intelligence in asserting Saddam had an ongoing weapons programme, a primary reason cited for

the US-led war in Iraq. No significant biological, chemical or nuclear weapons have been found.

The *Times* said it had relied on Iraqi exile Ahmad Chalabi, once considered Washington's top Iraq ally. Until last week Chalabi was paid by the United States for intelligence information that has proven to be faulty in many cases.

Chalabi was an "occasional source" in its articles since at least 1991 and introduced reporters to other exiles, the newspaper said.

"Complicating matters for journalists, the accounts of these exiles were often

eagerly confirmed by United States officials convinced of the need to intervene in Iraq," the note said. "Administration officials now acknowledge that they sometimes fell for misinformation from these exile sources."

"So did many news organizations — in particular, this one," the note said.

While the newspaper assigned no blame to individual reporters, a good deal of criticism has been directed at *Times* reporter Judith Miller, who wrote several articles about Iraq's purported weapons of mass destruction.—MNA/Reuters



Iranian protesters carry posters during a protest in front of the British Embassy in central Teheran, on 27 May, 2004. The protesters demonstrated on Thursday against the attack of Najaf and Karbala by the US-led forces in Iraq.—INTERNET

Sri Lankan President to be awarded FAO medal

COLOMBO, 28 May — Sri Lankan President Chandrika Kumaratunga will be awarded the prestigious Ceres Medal in recognition of her long-standing efforts and commitment to achieving a world free of hunger and poverty, the official *Daily News* said on Wednesday.

The Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) which minted medal states that the organization conferred this medal as a token of its esteem and respect for President Kumaratunga's commitment to improve food security and nutrition and to achieve the target set by the international

community to halve the number of undernourished people in the world by 2001.

"It is in recognition of her efforts to foster rural development, food security and peace in Sri Lanka, her support to the international efforts to reduce hunger and undernutrition in the world, as well as her personal collaboration with the FAO in the 1970s,"

the FAO said.

The presentation of the Ceres Medal to President Kumaratunga will be made by Jacques Diouf, FAO Director-General at a ceremony held in capital Colombo on Friday. The medal has been awarded since 1971 by the FAO to distinguished women who have contributed to the fight against hunger.—MNA/Xinhua



Smoke billows over central Baghdad, Iraq, on 22 May, 2004 after several strong blasts were heard in the center of the city.



More carnage in the streets of Baghdad as a car bomb killed at least five people outside the home of an Iraqi ministerial aide on 22 May 2004.

Images of Iraq



An Iraqi walks in front of a destroyed building in the city of Karbala on 21 May 2004.



An injured person is rushed to the Al Kindi hospital in Baghdad, Iraq, on 22 May, 2004.



A car bomb exploded in Baghdad on 22 May 2004, killing at least five people and destroying several vehicles.



An injured person is rushed to the Al Kindi hospital in Baghdad, Iraq on 22 May, 2004 after a car bomb exploded in front of the home of a senior Iraqi security official, killing at least five people and injuring several.



A wounded child lying in bed in the hospital in Ramadi, on 20 May, 2004.

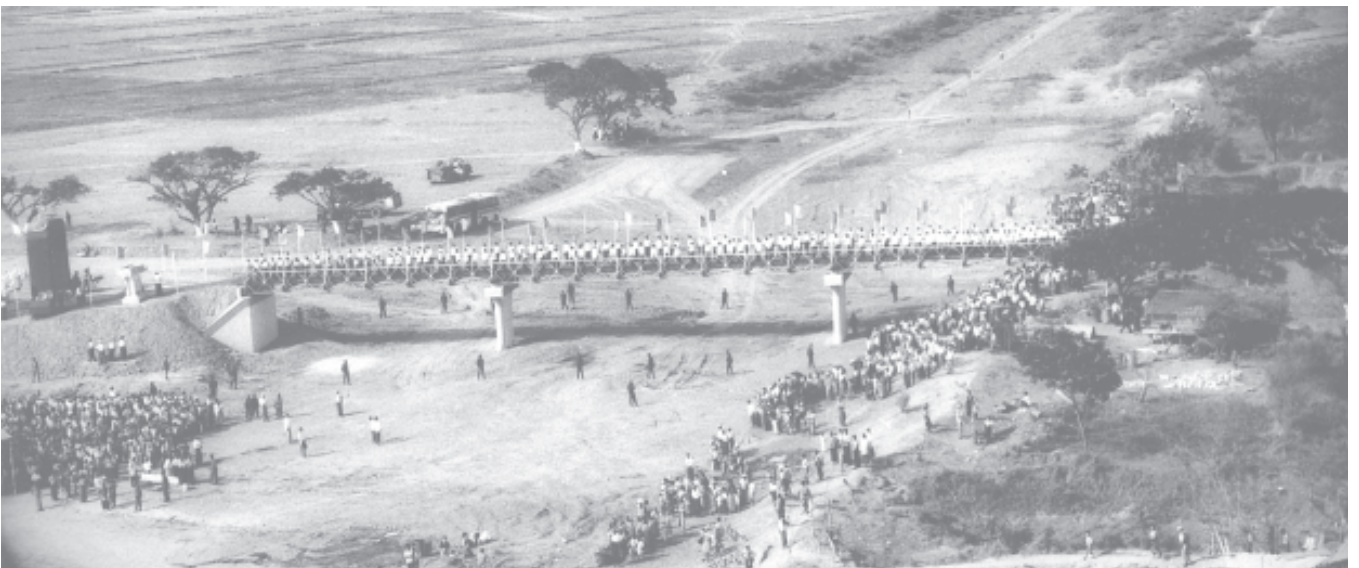
Border and rural area developments



New building of Basic Education Middle School in Kawhtin Village, Kyaikto Township.— PHOTO: MNA



Wanpong Hospital built in Shan State(East) is providing health care services to people living in border areas. — PHOTO: PBNRDA



Newly opened Saddam Yadana Bridge in Neikban Village, Kawa Township, Bago Division.—PHOTO: MNA

Myanmar — the nation we love

Dr Lwin Ko

(Continued from yesterday)

Mandalay International Airport was built at a cost of US \$ 15 million plus K 6,543 million, and Hanthawady International Airport is under construction. At present 18 airports can handle landing and taking off of passenger jets, up from only six in 1988. Six new jetties were built at Yangon-Thilawa; and another two, at Ahlon. Bo Aung Kyaw and Botahtaung jetties were also built. A network of roads are linking all parts of Myanmar.

In 1988-89 Myanmar consumed over 2,225 million kilowatt hours of electricity. At present, the total electricity consumption of the nation is over 5,064 million kilowatt hours. Thus, the nation has doubled its power generation capacity within the period of 16 years, and consumed 2,839 million more kilowatt hours. However, at present, the electricity generation capacity has not yet met the power demand of the advancing life styles of the people, and increasing number of advanced facilities including industries, condominiums, hotels and hospitals. Thus, plans are under way to generate 2,000 million more kilowatt hours of electricity within a five-year period.

In 1988, there were over 67,016 units of telephones and 310 telegraph stations in the nation. There are now over 342,317 units of telephones in addition to mobile phones — cellular, CDMA and GSM — and 460 telegraph stations, 205 microwave stations, with over 33,000 lines, and 250 villages, with phone lines, in the nation.

At present there are 18 oil and gas fields in the nation, up from 13 in 1988, and the nation's crude oil output has reached 7,710 million barrels, up from 4,299 million barrels in 1988.

The sector the successive governments in the past failed to implement is the border areas and national races development sector. The Tatmadaw Government has enacted laws, issued objectives and formed the Central Committee for Development of Border Areas and National Races, the Work Committee for Development of Border Areas and National Races, and subcommittees for development of border areas and national races.

Up to now, the ministry has built 627 basic education primary schools, 61 basic education middle schools, 62 basic education high schools, 82 station health centres, 29 rural health centres, 40 sub rural health centres, eight hydroelectric power stations in border areas, 31 border area agriculture offices, 115 agricultural stations, 17 dams, and 11 tractor stations.

Moreover, it has erected or is erecting post offices, radio telephone lines, trunk lines, telegraph offices and satellite communication stations at suitable towns. The expense on the border areas and national races projects will increase to K 22,852 million within the coming five-year period.

Forests cover over 130,000 square miles or 50.81 per cent of the nation's land territory. We should not only use the forests or in other words the heritage of our land but also strive for ever flourishing and development of the forests. Thus, the 30-year main plan for the forestry sector was laid down and is being implemented, and over 66 million acres of evergreen forests will always exist. Moreover, the nine-district greening project of the arid zones of Myanmar has been extended to 13-district greening project at present. Thanks to the project, over 7.5 million acres of land in the arid zones will become lush and green with forests, turning them fertile and balancing the nature.

In the industrial sector, there are over 50,000 small, medium- and large-scale State-owned, cooperative and private industries including farm machinery factories and farm product factories in the nation in 2004, up from over 40,000 in 1988.

The Government is also implementing the social objectives. In 1988, there were 630 hospitals in the nation. But now there are 774. In addition, 13 new hospitals and 37 station hospitals have been built in the border areas.

For all-round development of the education sector, institutions of higher learning have been extended up to 154 at present from only 32 in 1988. Moreover, the Myanmar Maritime University and the Myanmar Aerospace Engineering University have been opened. The Ministry of Education is conducting doctorate degree courses on 20 different subjects. In the basic education sector, there are now 40,152 schools in the whole nation, up 6,405 from 33,747 in 1988.

It is obvious that all the developments are not only for the present population of over 53 million people, but also for the posterity. The new generation youths or the fresh human resources produced by the institutions of higher learning and the basic education schools will become the forces reliable for the country after being spiritually and physically nurtured by the present intellectuals and intelligentsia. We all have the duty to train and nurture the youths. Only then, will the national goal — a peaceful, modern and developed nation — be materialized in accord with the way paved by the Tatmadaw Government and its wish.

All I have presented in the article are the objective conditions. In accord with the teaching — Appamadena Sampadetha — of the Lord Buddha, we, all the national races, who love the nation, should have the awareness and perseverance for further progress of the nation.

(Concluded)

(Translation: TMT)

Myanma Alin, Kyemon: 26-5-2004

Efficient use of electricity

- * Use daylight as the main source of light
- * Use the least possible amount of electricity only if there is not enough natural light
- * Use the least possible amount of electricity required in production and service enterprises
- * Preventing waste of electricity benefits the user and others

There are about 500,000 households using electricity in Yangon. Thus, saving a four-foot fluorescent lamp everyday by each household amounts to saving power that is equal to the capacity a 20-megawatt power station can supply.

Efficient use of fuel

- * Saving one gallon of fuel per car per month will save the nation one US dollar
- * Thus, a total of 455,822 cars in Myanmar can save US\$ 5.5 million in a year
- * The amount, US \$ 5.5 million, can build a major bridge across Ayeyawady River

All this needs to be known

- * Do not be frightened whenever intimidated
- * Do not be bolstered whenever flattered
- * Do not be softened whenever appeased

နိုင်ငံတော်အစိုးရနာမည်

နိုင်ငံတော်ယဉ်ကျေးမှုမသုံးစွဲရနေ့

လစဉ် လစာ ၃ တိယပတ်တန်နီဇွေနေ့နှင့် နောက်ဆုံးပတ်တန်နီဇွေနေ့တို့သည် ရုံးလုပ်ငန်းအတွက် မဖြစ်မနေသော လာရန် လိုအပ်သည် ကိစ္စရပ်များမှာ အပတ်တော်ယဉ်ကျေးမှုမသုံးစွဲရနေ့ ဖြစ်သည်။

၂၀၀၄ခုနှစ် မေလအတွက် နောက်ဆုံးပတ်တန်နီဇွေနေ့ (၃၀-၅-၂၀၀၄)ရက်နေ့နှင့် ၂၀၀၄ခုနှစ် ဇွန်လအတွက် (၁၃-၆-၂၀၀၄)ရက်နေ့၊ (၂၇-၆-၂၀၀၄)ရက်နေ့။

ကျွန်းနား ခွာနာလျှာနာ ရောဂါ သတိပေးနှိုးဆော်ချက်

၁။ ရောဂါဖြစ်ပွားသောအချိန်ကာလ

မြန်မာနိုင်ငံတွင် ခွာနာလျှာနာရောဂါသည် မိုးဦးကျကာလနှင့် ဆောင်းဦးကာလများတွင် ကျယ်ပြန့်စွာဖြစ်ပွားတတ်ပြီး အချို့သောများတွင် ရာသီမရွေး ဖြစ်တတ်ပါသည်။

၂။ ရောဂါဖြစ်ပွားသောပုံစံ၊ အမျိုးအစားနှင့်တိရစ္ဆာန်များ

ဤရောဂါသည် လူပြန်စွာဖြစ်ပွားကျူးကူးတတ်သော ခွာနာလျှာနာ ခိုးရစ်ရိုး၊ ခြောက်ခြံခြံ၊ ရောဂါပိုးမျိုးစုံ ခုနှစ်မျိုး ရှိသည့်အနက် မြန်မာနိုင်ငံတွင် (အိ) အမျိုးအစားမှာ အဖြစ်များပြီး (အာရ-၁)အမျိုးအစားသည် ရဲရဲရဲရဲ ဖြစ်ပွားတတ်ပါသည်။ ၎င်းရောဂါသည် ကျွန်ုပ်တို့အပြင် ခွာကဲ့သို့သော ဝက်၊ သိုး၊ ဆိတ်နှင့် တောရိုင်းတိရစ္ဆာန်များတွင်ပါ ဖြစ်ပွားတတ်ပါသည်။

၃။ ရောဂါအသွင်လက္ခဏာများ

- (က) ကိုယ်အပူချိန်မြင့်တက်၍ အစာမစားတတ်နိုင်ခြင်း
- (ခ) သွားရည်ကျ၍ နှုတ်ခမ်းများ အထိမခံနိုင်ခြင်း
- (ဂ) လျှာ၊ အာခေါင်းနှင့် ပါးစပ်တွင် အပူပျော့ပျော့ရှိ၍ အနာများဖြစ်ပေါ်ခြင်း
- (ဃ) ခွာနှင့်ခွာနားကိုးကွဲများ ခွာကြားများတွင် အနာများဖြစ်ခြင်း
- (င) ကိုယ်အလေးချိန်လျော့ကျ၍ အမွှေးဆောင်းလျခြင်း

၄။ ခွာနာလျှာနာရောဂါဖြစ်ပွားလျှင် လိုက်နာဆောင်ရွက်ရန်

- (က) ရောဂါဖြစ်ပွားလျှင်ဖြစ်ပွားခြင်း နှိုင်းစပ်ရာပြည်နယ်/တိုင်း/ခရိုင်/မြို့နယ် ကျေးရွာများရှိ မွေးမြူရေးနှင့် ကုသရေးဦးစီးဌာနသို့ အလျင်အမြန် သတင်းပို့ အကူအညီ တောင်းရန်။
- (ခ) ရောဂါဖြစ်ပွားနေချိန်တွင် ကူးသန်းသွားလာမှု ထိန်းချုပ်ကန့်သတ်၍ ရောဂါ ဖြစ်နေသော တိရစ္ဆာန်များအား ခြောက်သွေ့သောနေရာများတွင် သီးခြား ထိန်းသိမ်းပြီးစုထားရန်။
- (ဂ) ရောဂါဖြစ်ပွားနေသော ကျွန်ုပ်တို့အား အစာအာဟာရလွယ်သော အစာနှင့် ကစားရည်များ တိုက်ကျွေးပေးရန်။
- (ဃ) ဆေးဖြိုးတိုက်သောပစ္စည်း အမျိုးမျိုးနှင့် ကုသရေးဦးစီးဌာနမှ ညွှန်ကြားထားသည့် မှန်ကန်သောကုသနည်းဖြင့် ဆောင်ရွက်ရန်။
- (င) ရောဂါဖြစ်နေသည့် ကျွန်ုပ်တို့ကိုယ်တိုင်အပတ်တော်လျှော်ဆွဲပါ (၄)ရက်ခန့် နှုတ်ချသည့်အခါ ပတ်ဖျန်းခြင်း (သို့) ထူးခြားခြင်းပြုလုပ်ထားရန်။

- (စ) ရောဂါဖြစ်ပွားနေသော ကျွန်ုပ်တို့အား အစာအာဟာရအား အကျန်အကျန်နှင့် ဆီးဝမ်းတို့အား ဖြစ်နိုင်ပါက သီးခြားမြေတွင်းတူး၍ ဖုံးရန်။
- (ဆ) ခွာနာလျှာနာရောဂါဖြစ်ပွားနေချိန်တွင် အိမ်မွေးဝက်များအား ကျွန်ုပ်တို့နှင့် မထိတွေ့ စေရေးအတွက် လွတ်ကျောင်းမထားဘဲ ခြံလှောင်ထိန်းသိမ်းထားရန်။
- ၅။ ကျွန်ုပ်တို့အား ဖြစ်နိုင်ပါက ရောဂါရက်ရန်
- (က) လျှာအောက်ကုသနည်းများ
- (ခ) ကျောက်ချွန်နှစ်ကျပ်သားကို ရေငတ်ပျော့ပျော့တစ်ပုလင်းဖြင့် ဖျော်ထားသော ဖျော်ရည်ဖြင့် လျှာအောက်ကုသနည်းများ ဖြစ်နိုင်ပါက သုတ်လိမ်းပေးရန်။
- (၂) ငှက်များသုံးမည့်နှစ်လုံးနှင့် ပျားရည်တစ်ကျပ်ခွဲသားရော၍ ပြုတ်လိမ်းပေးရန်။
- (၃) တောပေါ်သို့မြင်းတိုက်သွား၍ လျှာကိုသုတ်လိမ်းပေးရန်။
- (၄) ပါးစပ်နှင့်သွားများကို အိမ်သုံးအာရုံပြင် သန့်စင်ဆေးကြောပေးရန်။
- (ခ) ခွာနာလျှာနာရောဂါကုသနည်းများ
- (၁) ခွာနာကိုဖန်ရည်ဆေး၍ ဆေးကတ္တရာဖြင့် အနာသတ်အောင် ထိရောက်စွာ သုတ်လိမ်းပေးရန် (သို့) ရေနှင့်ဆေးရည်တစ်ပုလင်းဖြင့် သုတ်လိမ်းပေးရန် (သို့) ဆေးရွက်ကြီးတစ်ရွက်၊ ဆာတစ်ကျပ်သား၊ ထုံးငါးပုလင်း၊ ရေခဲသေတ္တာတစ်ခု သားရော၍ ထိရောက်စွာလိမ်းပေးရန်။
- (၂) လိမ်ဆေး၊ မာလာတဆေး၊ တဆေး၊ မန်ကျည်းခေါက်တစ်မျိုးမျိုး သွေး၍ ခွာနာကို တစ်နေ့လျှင် လေးကြိမ်သုတ်လိမ်းပေးရန်။
- (ဂ) ရောင်ကြိတ်ရန်
- (၁) ရောဂါဖြစ်နေသော ကျွန်ုပ်တို့ရောဂါရက် လျှာကို ငရုတ်မှုန့်ဖြင့် လိမ်းကျွဲခြင်း၊ ခွက်ကို သံလွင် နှင့်ဆေးခြင်းများပြုလုပ်ရန်။
- (၂) ရောဂါဖြစ်နေသောကျွန်ုပ်တို့ရောဂါရက် သွားရည်၊ မြေ၊ ပျားနှင့် ဆက်သွယ်နေသော အစားအစာများနှင့်သောတရေများကို ကျွန်ုပ်တို့မာနေသောအခြား ကျွန်ုပ်တို့အား တိုက်ကျွေးခြင်းမပြုလုပ်ရန်။
- (၃) ရောဂါဖြစ်နေသော ကျွန်ုပ်တို့ရောဂါရက် ဆီး၊ ဝမ်းတို့ကို ရောဂါဖြစ်နေစဉ် ကာလအတွင်း မြေပြင်အမြင့် လယ်ထဲသို့သယ်ယူပြီးဖြူးဖြူး မပြုလုပ်ရန်နှင့် အခြားကျွန်ုပ်တို့ရောဂါရက်များစည်းသည့် သောက်ရောဂါရက်များ စားကျက်များသို့ ရောက်ရှိ မသွားစေရန် ဆောင်ရွက်ရန်။

- ၆။ သတင်းပို့အကူအညီတောင်းခံရေး
- ခွာနာလျှာနာရောဂါဖြစ်ပွားမှုရှိပါက ရောဂါကာကွယ်ကုသရေးဦးစီးဌာနသို့ ရေးသားတောင်းခံရန် လိုအပ်သည်။
- ၇။ ကာကွယ်ဆေးကြိုတင်ထိုးခြင်း
- မိမိကျွန်ုပ်တို့အား ခွာနာလျှာနာရောဂါကုသနည်းများ ပေးရန် မွေးမြူရေးနှင့် ကုသရေးဦးစီးဌာနမှ ထုတ်လုပ်သော ခွာနာလျှာနာရောဂါကာကွယ်ဆေးကို တစ်နှစ်လျှင် နှစ်ကြိမ်ထိုးဆေးခြင်းဖြင့် ရောဂါဖြစ်ပွားမှုမှ ကြိုတင်ကာကွယ် ပေးနိုင်ပါသည်။ ကာကွယ်ဆေးထိုးရန် နှိုင်းစပ်ရာပြည်နယ်/တိုင်း/ခရိုင်/မြို့နယ် ကျေးရွာများရှိ ရောဂါဖြစ်ပွားလျှင် လိုအပ်ပါသည်။
- ၈။ ခွာနာလျှာနာရောဂါ နောက်ဆက်တွဲဆိုးကျိုးများ
- (က) ခိုးကျွန်ုပ်တို့အား အစာမလုံခြုံခြင်း
- (ခ) ခိုးပေးခြင်းများတွင် ခိုးထွက်နှုန်းလျော့ကျခြင်း
- (ဂ) ခိုးနားများတွင် သားလျှော့နိုင်ခြင်း
- (ဃ) (၆) လအတွက် နှာငယ်လေးများသားဆုံးတတ်ခြင်း
- (င) ခိုးကျွန်ုပ်တို့အား ကျွန်ုပ်တို့၏ ပျက်စီးဆုံးရှုံးမှုနှင့် ပါးစပ်လည်း လယ်ယာ စိုက်ပျိုးမှု လုပ်ငန်းဝင်ကာလများတွင် ထင်ရှားစွာ ဖြစ်ပေါ်နိုင်ပါသည်။
- ၉။ နယ်စပ်ဒေသကျွန်းကျေးရွာများအတွက်တိရစ္ဆာန်
- မြန်မာနိုင်ငံနှင့် နယ်မြေဆက်စပ်လျက်ရှိသော အိမ်နီးချင်း နိုင်ငံများတွင် ခွာနာလျှာနာ ရောဂါဖြစ်ပွားမှု ရှိပါက မိမိနိုင်ငံတွင် ဖြစ်ပွားခြင်းမရှိသေးသည့် ခွာနာလျှာနာရောဂါရက်ရိုက်ကျွန်းကျား (ဥပမာ-အေ (သို့) ဖီမျိုးကျွန်းကျား) အား ခုခံမှုစွမ်းအား နည်းပါးနိုင်မှုကြောင့် ဆေးကြောဆေးရုံမှ ပျားပြားနိုင်ပါသည်။
- (က) ရောဂါဖြစ်ပွားသော အိမ်နီးချင်းနိုင်ငံမှ ကျွန်ုပ်တို့သို့ဆက်သွယ်သော ကျွန်ုပ်တို့၏ ခွာနာလျှာနာရောဂါရက်ရိုက်ကျွန်းကျား ထိတွေ့မှုမရှိစေရေးထိန်းချုပ်ရန်။
- (ခ) ရောဂါဖြစ်ပွားနေသော တိရစ္ဆာန်များအား ထိန်းကျောင်းသည့် လူသားဆောင်သည့် ယာဉ်၊ ကျွေးမွေးသည့်စား၊ အသုံးအဆောင်ပစ္စည်း စသည်တို့နှင့် ထိတွေ့မှု မရှိစေရန် လိုအပ်ပါသည်။
- မွေးမြူရေးနှင့်ကုသရေးဦးစီးဌာန၊ မွေးမြူရေးနှင့်ရေလုပ်ငန်းကြီးဌာန

Agricultural, industrial, ...

(from page 1)

Secretary-1 Lt-Gen Soe Win said that the meeting will discuss in detail effective development of industrial zones, progress in the production of farm machinery and auto production. The Head of State has already laid down five guidelines for industrial development. Later, the industrial sector of the nation started to develop in accord with the policy and aim. The number of industrial zones have reached 19 at present. The agricultural, industrial and energy sectors have been regarded as the priority sectors. And duties have been assigned to respective officials for rapid development of the industrial sector in 2004-2005. Thus, efforts are required for industrial development. Although the annual growth of the industrial sector is high, its contribution to the gross domestic product is only 13 per cent. According to the aim of the current three-year plan, its contribution will increase to 20 per cent. Thus harmonious efforts between the State and the private sectors are needed. With the assistance provided by the Government, building of the advanced steel mills in Mandalay, Monywa and Ayethaya industrial zones will be completed this year. The steel mills will help improve the quality of the products of the industrial zones. The zones will also produce a large number of machinery including power-tillers, winnowers and pumps.

Priority will be given to manufacturing of farm machinery. As most of the industries at the industrial zones are small and medium ones, collective provision of technology and capital is also required. All will have to render assistance for the development of farm machinery production, setting of basic industries and assembling of cars. The task to produce skilled labour and technicians is connected with the institutions of higher learning. Thus there

should be mutual and practical connection between industries and institutions of higher learning. Only then can long-term development of the industries be ensured. Thus, discussions should be centred on wider development of mechanized farming system and rapid development of industrial zones.

Next, Secretary of Industrial Development Committee Chairman of Myanma Industrial Development Committee Minister for Industry-1 U Aung Thaung made clarification, saying that efforts are being made with added momentum for industrial development, adding we are all responsible to make relentless efforts for industrial development as the 2004-2005 is designated as the year for industrial development. In accord with the objectives laid down by the Head of State committees for industrial development at different levels have been formed to supervise and implement tasks for development of industrial sector and ministers and deputy ministers are serving as those in charge for development of industrial zones.

The government has been placing emphasis on development of farm equipment beginning 1995 and it is required to widely use farm equipment as sown acreage has been on the increase. Accordingly, more investment is required for producing farm equipment.

Myanma Industrial Development Bank disbursed loans by over 61 per cent to the industries for development of industrial sector. Therefore, officials of committees for development of industrial sector at different levels, officials of industrial zone supervisory committees and industrial zone management committees and industrialists are to make integrated and well-coordinated efforts.

Next, Chairman of Myanma Industrial Development Committee Minister for Industry-2 Maj-Gen Saw Lwin reported on kinds and number of automobiles produced by the industrial zones and systematic testing of the ve-

hicles and requirement for construction of workshops in No 3 Industrial Zone.

Afterwards, Secretary of MIDC Deputy Minister for Industry-1 Brig-Gen Kyaw Win reported on buses and trucks produced at the industrial zones.

Next, Joint Secretary of MIDC Deputy Minister for Industry-2 Lt-Col Khin Maung Kyaw reported on orders placed for purchase of machines for construction of mechanical workshops in Mandalay Industrial Zone, Ayethaya Industrial Zone and Monywa Industrial Zone, courses conducted for producing skilled service personnel and skilled workers and production of farm equipment. Next, those in charge of the industrial zones Minister for Agriculture and Irrigation Maj-Gen Nyunt Tin, Minister for Energy Brig-Gen Lun Thi, Minister for Transport Maj-Gen Hla Myint Swe and Minister for Commerce Brig-Gen Pyi Sone reported on work being carried out for development of the industrial zones.

After that, the chairmen and secretaries of the respective committees reported on work being carried out sub-committee wise. The chairman and those in charge of Mandalay Industrial Zone, Myingyan Industrial Zone and Monywa Industrial Zone reported on investment of the zones, mills and factories constructed, production of personal goods and household utensils including various kinds of automobiles and farm equipment.

Next, Minister for Science and Technology U Thaung reported on better mutual link between the government technical colleges/institutes and industrial zones and Minister for National Planning and Economic Development U Soe Tha on proposition of farm equipment used in the agricultural sector. The meeting ended with the concluding remarks by Chairman of Industrial Development Committee Secretary-1 of the State Peace and Development Council Lt-Gen Soe Win.— MNA

Lt-Gen Ye Myint inspects Mindat-Matupi and Mindat road sections

YANGON, 28 May — Member of the State Peace and Development Council Lt-Gen Ye Myint of the Ministry of Defence, accompanied by Sagaing Division Peace and Development Council Chairman North-West Command Commander Maj-Gen Tha Aye, Chin State Peace and Development Council Chairman Col Tin Hla, Vice-Chairman Col Hsan Aung and officials arrived at Mindat District Engineering Office of Public Works by boat on 26 May morning. At the meeting hall, Senior Engineer U Ngwung Hsan Aung reported on construction works being carried out along the road section between mile post Nos 0/0 and 20/0, one out of four road sections for construction of 102-mile long Mindat-Matupi Road, and availability of machinery. Next, Lt-Gen Ye Myint and party inspected road construction tasks and gave necessary instructions. They inspected the construction of conduit pipe between mile post Nos 2/5 and 2/6, earth works between mile post Nos 4/0 and 5/0 and other road construction tasks and left necessary instructions.

Lt-Gen Ye Myint next inspected the 4-acre tea plantation at mile post No 8/0 where an official of Myanma Agricultural Service and District PDC Chairman Lt-Col Sein Ya conducted him round there. At the briefing hall, U Zaw Hein of MAS (District branch) reported on cultivation of tea along Mindat-Matupi Road to Lt-Gen Ye Myint, who then gave necessary instructions. Lt-Gen Ye Myint and party looked into tea nursery at Bawgwee farm. At the farm, 55 acres of tea were cultivated for 2004-2005 and 186 acres of tea saplings have been cultivated for 2005-2006. After that, Lt-Gen Ye Myint and party inspected round the road section between mile post Nos 8/6 and 15/0 and paving of gravel between mile post Nos 15/0 and 15/1. After inspecting the road section between mile post Nos 15/1 and 16/3 and the road section between Nos 16/4 and 16/5, Lt-Gen Ye Myint viewed the earth works being carried out by heavy machinery at mile post No 18/6. Lt-Gen Ye Myint and party then inspected construction works at road sections from mile post Nos 19/1 to 20/0 by car. Mindat District Public Works is implementing road construction works at Mindat-Matupi road section with the use of machinery and manpower to complete the tasks in time. Lt-Gen Ye Myint and party inspected paving of gravel along the road section between mile post Nos 21/2 and 21/3 and construction of the conduit pipe along the section between mile post Nos 21/7 and 22/0. On arrival at the road section between mile post Nos 23/2 and 23/3, Lt-Gen Ye Myint inspected extension of the road. He next inspected the roadworks at mile post No 26/3.

Lt-Gen Ye Myint and party went to mile post No 30/2 and inspected the earth works. Next, they headed to the project office of Yangon-Mandalay Union Highway Group at Mindat-Matupi road section where Engineer U Soe Nyunt reported on construction works. After giving nec-



Lt-Gen Ye Myint inspects the construction of Mindat-Matupi road section in Chin State. — MNA

essary instructions, Lt-Gen Ye Myint inspected construction tasks of the road section between mile post Nos 33/3 and 33/4. Lt-Gen Ye Myint and party inspected the earth works being carried out by Tatmadaw members between mile post Nos 40/7 and 41/0 and spoke words of encouragement. He then presented gifts for the Tatmadaw members to Maj Tin Moe. Lt-Gen Ye Myint and party saw over earth works being carried out with the use of

machinery at mile post No 47/0 and gave necessary instructions.

Later, Lt-Gen Ye Myint and party went to the camp of Yangon-Mandalay Union Highway Group, stopped over there and left for Matupi. Along Mindat road section between mile post Nos 20 and 50, 30 miles of road have been extended, 30 miles paved with gravel, 30 miles of drains dug and 25 conduit pipes laid. — MNA

Coord meeting on holding of International Rice Year held

YANGON, 28 May — The Committee for Organizing International Rice Year held a work coordination meeting at the meeting hall of the Ministry of Agriculture and Irrigation on Kaba Aye Pagoda Road this morning.

It was attended by Minister for Agriculture and Irrigation Maj-Gen Nyunt Tin, directors-general and managing directors of departments and enterprises under the ministry, and officials from the Ministry of Education, the Ministry of Information, the Ministry of Commerce, the Ministry of Cooperatives, FAO, the International Rice Research Institute, UMFCCI, the Rice Millers Association and the Rice Merchants Association.

At the meeting, the minister made an opening speech. The sub-committees reported on progress of their tasks being implemented, followed by a general round of discussions as to the publication of pamphlets and posters for the exhibition and competition to mark International Rice Year.

Next, the minister gave necessary instructions on display of the rice production process in Myanmar agricultural sector.

The International Rice Year Exhibition will be held at the Rice Research Institute in Hmawby as well as at the Agricultural Museum of Myepadetha Park in October to enable farmers and the public to know the cultivation and production of rice, major crop in Myanmar.

MNA

Ministry of Commerce presents prizes to best exporters

YANGON, 28 May — The Ministry of Commerce presented prizes to exporters of 2003-2004 financial year at the meeting hall of the ministry.

Minister for Commerce Brig-Gen Pyi Sone delivered an address on the occasion.

Next, Minister Brig-Gen Pyi Sone presented first prize to Managing Director U Maung Weik of Maung Weik & Family Co Ltd who exported the largest amount of export items abroad by sea, second to Asia Winner Industrial Ltd Managing Director U Aung Naing and third to Fisheries & Marine Products 2000 Ltd Managing Director U Zaw Lay; and first, second and third prizes in the border trade sector to Phaung Sai Co Ltd Director Daw Nan Hsaing, Shwe Yone Min Co Ltd Director U Thein Win and Khit San Sein Trading Managing Director Daw Kyu Kyu Myint respectively.

Deputy Minister Brig-Gen Aung Tun gave away prizes to Manager U Aung Aung of Five Stars Trading, Daw Nan Mya Aung of Academy Trading, Manager Daw Khin Than Win of 318 Trading, Director U Zaw Myo Htet of Golden Peacock Trading and Manager U Nyunt Tin of Sun Dew Trading. Later, the winners expressed their gratitude.

Also present on the occasion were directors-general, the managing director, officials of Union of Myanmar Federation of Chambers of Commerce and Industry and entrepreneurs. — MNA

Lt-Gen Ye Myint meets departmental personnel, local people in Saw of Magway Division, Mindat of Chin State

YANGON, 28 May—Member of the State Peace and Development Council Lt-Gen Ye Myint of the Ministry of Defence, accompanied by Chairman of Sagaing Division Peace and Development Council Commander of North-West Command Maj-Gen Tha Aye, Chairman of Magway Division Peace and Development Council Col Zaw Min, Chairman of Chin State Peace and Development Council Col Tin Hla and officials, arrived at Saw Township Hospital on 25 May morning. Lt-Gen Ye Myint and party heard reports by officials and inspected the hospital. At Yawmingyi U Bo Hlaing Hall, they met departmental personnel and local people. Officials reported on matters related to the township. Next, they proceeded to Lokiet domestic cow breeding farm in Mindat Township. Officials submitted reports on breeding of domestic cow. Lt-Gen Ye Myint gave necessary instructions. At Mindat Basic



Lt-Gen Ye Myint meets departmental personnel, social organization members and local people in Saw.—MNA

Education High School No 1, they inspected the computer training course No 1/2004 being attended by 32 trainees. Next, they met departmental personnel and social organization members at the hall of the school. Also present were the commander, Chin State Chairman Col Tin Hla, local authorities and local people. Chairman of Mindat District Peace and Development

Council Lt-Col Sein Ya reported on cultivation of tea, breeding of domestic cows and building of roads linking towns and villages. Departmental officials also reported on their respective sectors. Lt-Gen Ye Myint attended to their needs. They went to Theravada Buddhist Missionary Bahokyaung of Sasana Alanyaung Pariyatti Monastery in Mindat where they do-

nated provisions to Bahokyaung Sayadaw Bhaddanta Kheminda.

On arrival at Mindat District Hospital (50-bed), Lt-Gen Ye Myint and party inspected the X-ray room, operation theatre, lab, medical store and patient wards. They proceeded to Women's Domestic Science Training School of the Ministry for Progress of Border Areas and

National Races and Development Affairs and met 30 trainees attending the training course No 2. They also inspected sale of products of the Ministry of Industry-1 at Win Thuza Shop (Branch) in downtown Mindat. At 2 pm, they went to Taungpulu Pariyatti Patipatti Monastery (Branch) in Mindat and paid homage and donated provisions to Presiding Nayaka

Sayadaw Agga Maha Saddhamma Jotikadhaja Bhaddanta Paññasiri.

At the local battalion, they met officers, other ranks and families and gave instructions on cultivation of perennial crops, self-reliant livestock breeding and participation in regional development tasks. They spent the night at the battalion.

MNA

Delegate groups of...

(from page 16)

sectors concerning detailed basic principles to be laid down for sharing of power in legislative, executive and judicial sectors to be included in drawing the State Constitution clarified by the National Convention Convening Work Committee. In so doing, U Zaw Win of Bago Division read out the paper on economic sector, U San Maung of Yangon Division on the agriculture sector, U Maung Maung of Magway Division on the livestock breeding sector and U Hla Aye of

of the meeting as there were 53 delegates out of 56 listed accounting for 94.64 per cent.

Next, Film Director U Khin Zaw delivered an opening address. Adviser to the President's Office U Khin Kywe, Professor Daw Po of Myanmar Department of Yangon University, Head of Mathematics Department Dr Myint Thein of Yangon Technological University, Composer Hinthada U Myint Ngwe and Rector U San Tint of Mawlamyine University submitted proposals concerning detailed basic principles to be laid down for sharing of power in legislative, executive and judicial sectors to be included in drawing the State Con-

stitution clarified by the NCCWC. The discussions chairman gave the concluding remarks and the discussions were adjourned at 9.55 am.

Delegates of State Service Personnel Group

The Delegates of State Service Personnel Group held the discussions at the meeting hall-7 at 9 am. U Myat Ko of the Ministry of Home Affairs presided over the discussions with U Arnt Maung of the Ministry of Religious Affairs and U Hla Tin of the Ministry of Commerce.

Deputy Director U Htay Win of work group-9 and Assistant Director U Htein Min acted as masters of ceremonies. The master of ceremonies announced the start of the meeting as there were 108 delegates out of 109 listed accounting for 99.08 per cent.

First, U Myat Ko of the Ministry of Home Affairs spoke on the occasion. Next, the proposals concerning detailed basic principles to be laid down for sharing of power in legislative, executive and judicial sectors to be included in drawing the State Constitution clarified by the NCCWC were submitted to the group discussions.

In so doing, U Hla Thein of the Ministry of Mines read out the paper on energy, power mining and forestry sectors, U Hla Thauang Myint of the Ministry of Rail Transportation on the transport and communication sector and U Tint De of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs on the foreign affairs sector.

Those present participated in the discussions. Next, the discussions recessed at 10.10 am. Afterwards, the coordina-



Chairman U Myat Ko speaking at group discussions of Delegates of State Service Personnel.—MNA

Yangon Division on the transport and communication sector. Next, U Kyi Myint of Bago Division and Dr Myo Thant Tin of Yangon Division gave suggestions related to the proposals. The chairman gave the concluding remarks and the discussions were adjourned at 10.30 am.

Delegates of Intellectuals and Intelligentsia Group

The Delegates of Intellectuals and Intelligentsia Group held discussions at the meeting hall-6 at 9 am. Film Director U Khin Zaw presided over the discussions together with Head of Office U Hla Myint of the Ministry of Rail Transportation and President U Tin Hlaing of Myanmar Academy of Agriculture, Forestry, Livestock Breeding and Fisheries Sciences. Deputy Director U Thein Myint of work group-8 and Assistant Director U Than Win acted as masters of ceremonies. The master of ceremonies announced the start



Chairman U Khin Zaw speaking at group discussions of Delegates of Intellectuals and Intelligentsia.—MNA



Chairman U Kyaw Myo Win speaking at group discussions of Delegates of Workers.—MNA

tion meeting of the members of panel of chairmen was held at the same venue.

Present on the occasion were U Myat Ko of the Ministry of Home Affairs presided over the discussions with U Arnt Maung of the Ministry of Religious Affairs, U Hla Tin of the Ministry of Commerce and U Arnt Maung of the Ministry of Religious Affairs.

They studied the proposals and the meeting came to an end. Similarly, the delegates of national races group were compiling proposals concerning detailed basic principles to be laid down for sharing of power in legislative, executive and judicial sectors to be included in drawing the State Constitution clarified by the NCCWC, at the designated places.

MNA

Reunion at Nyaungnabin

Tekkatho Myat Thu

The National Convention, which has been adjourned temporarily, is now in progress beginning 17 May 2004. The decoration and accommodation prepared at Nyaungnabin camp in Hmawby Township, where the National Convention would be reconvened, were shown on TV. Invitations had also been sent to old and new delegates to the National Convention. Since 1992 when coordination was made among existing political parties, representatives-elect and personnel appointed by the State, I had thought how nice it would be if I was given the opportunity to attend the National Convention. With Order No 11/92 issued on 24 April 1992, the State took initial measures to convene the National Convention.

A coordination meeting on the holding of the National Convention in accord with Order No 9/92 issued on 28 May 1992 was held at the meeting hall in the compound of the Presidential Residence on Ahlon Road at 8 am on 23 June 1992. It was attended by 15 representatives from National League for Democracy, six from Shan Nationalities League for Democracy, three from National Unity Party, one each from Union PaO National Organization, Myo (a) Khami National Unity Organization, Shan State Kokang Democratic Party and Lahu National Development Party.

With Order No 35/92 dated 28 May 1992, a leading committee was formed to organize the coordination meeting on the convening of the National Convention. That committee and invited representatives for political parties coordinated on the holding of the National Convention from 23 June 1992. The coordination meeting was attended by 44 persons in total — 29 representatives from political parties and 15 members of the leading committee.

The coordination meetings were also held on 30 June and 10 July 1992, on which the chairman of the committee hosted a dinner in honour of the delegates for successful conclusion of the meeting. The leadership of the State also cordially met and greeted the delegates and encouraged them. As the outcome of the coordination meeting, agreement was reached on designation of eight delegate groups and the method to be employed to select the delegates, and adoption of the National Convention objectives.

As I received an invitation on 30 December 1992 to attend the National Convention as a delegate of the intellectuals and intelligentsia group, my dream came true. The National Convention is a convention that will have to represent the whole nation, the entire Union and the mass of national races and that is held to lay down fundamental principles and detailed basic principles to serve as basis in formulating the Constitution crucial for the State. Citizenry of a free country are those who possess sovereignty, whose three branches are legislative power, executive power and judicial power. They can be termed as the three branches of the State power.

Constitution is the law that is systematically framed to determine how to exercise the power belonging to the entire people, and to whom or which organizations that power is accredited, and rights and duties of the citizenry. It is the most basic of all the laws. In defining other laws, that should not deviate from the constitution.

For such a vital Constitution, the National Convention is to lay down the best, strongest, most precise and most appropriate fundamental principles through coordination for the benefit of the whole Union.

It was on 5 January 1993 that all the delegates to the National Convention arrived at the hostels in Kyaikkasan Grounds. The chairman of the National Convention Convening Commission extended greetings to them at Pyidaungsu Hall in Kyaikkasan Grounds on 7 January. All the delegates were in cheerful mood. There were 702 delegates in eight delegate groups. The eight delegate groups are: the delegate group of political parties, the delegate group of representatives-elect, the delegate group of national races, the delegate group of peasant representatives, the delegate group of worker representatives, the delegate group of intellectuals and intelligentsia, the delegate group of State service personnel, and the delegate group of other invited representatives group. The delegates came from all walks of life. As the representatives of national races dressed in their traditional costumes attended the Plenary Meeting of the National Convention, the occasion was mistaken for Union Day Ceremony.

The National Convention commenced at the meeting hall in the compound of the Presidential Residence on Ahlon

Street on 9 January 1993. On the occasion, the chairman of the NCCC extended greetings, followed by Work Committee Chairman U Aung Toe's clarification on chapter headings to be discussed in the National Convention. The Work Committee also presented its research findings worth considering. Then, the delegates returned to their respective hostels.

There were hostels for delegates, mess hall, hospital, clinic, shops, food stall, barber shops and laundry centres in Kyaikkasan Grounds. There were also eight meeting halls for eight delegate groups. Each of the delegate groups has five members of the panel chosen in majority consent.

In the first place, the chapter headings to be included in the Constitution were discussed in individual delegate groups. The delegates were to read out what they wanted to discuss and had the right to present their opinion without any limitation to time length. There arose those who added points to and who left out points from what had been clarified by the chairman of the Work Committee. Likewise, there were also those who were for and who were against the chairman's clarification. There were also agreement, disagreement and debate in their discussions. Books on the convention procedures were distributed to individual delegates. It was safe to say that the procedures were in fact convention rules and they were laid down for the National Convention to be successful and in order. Discussions were held in group-wise meetings and plenary meetings within the frame of the six objectives of the National Convention. The six objectives became the six objectives of the State in discussing the 104 fundamental principles of the State in Chapter I.

They were: non-disintegration of the Union, non-disintegration of national solidarity, perpetuation of sovereignty, flourishing of genuine multiparty democracy system, further burgeoning of the noblest and worthiest of worldly values, namely justice, liberty and equality in the State, and for the Tatmadaw to be able to participate in the national political leadership role of the State.

It being the principles absolutely necessary according to the course of Myanmar history, Myanmar topography, attitudes and traits of Myanmar people, the delegates to the National Convention not only accepted them but also regarded them as the fundamental principles of the State.

Frequent discussions were held and papers collectively compiled in our group. (There were those who compiled separate papers as they did not see eye to eye with the rest). Approved in the plenary meeting and endorsed by five members of the panel, the papers were to be submitted to the Work Committee. If all the papers compiled by respective groups had been collected, the Work Committee would hold a plenary meeting of the National Convention at the meeting hall on Ahlon Road.

At the plenary meeting, group-wise and party-wise papers as well as individual papers were read out. Some papers were typed with pages somewhere between 100 and 200. The combined pages of all the papers totalled in thousands.

The plenary meeting was presided over by nine members of the panel. They were one each from eight delegate groups and one from the Work Committee. When all the papers had been read out, the panel of the plenary meeting excerpted similarities and dissimilarities and categorized them with the use of manpower and computers. Later, they were evaluated. When completed, the evaluated paper of the panel of the plenary meeting was read out at the meeting. As the advantage and disadvantage of all papers and opinions were to be reviewed, the paper of the panel had thousands of pages.

It took from one week to ten days to read out the papers of respective delegate groups in the plenary meeting. Reading out the paper of the panel also went into four or five days to one week.

After a considerable length of time, the Work Committee, with the approval of the NCCC, announced fundamental principles as to relevant chapter headings. After that, the National Convention went into recess. Peasants also wanted the National Convention to recess for their agricultural undertakings, so did other delegates for their different livelihoods. Weather was also something that counted.

The National Convention resumed on the set date

and successfully laid down 15 chapter headings to be included in the Constitution. The 104 fundamental principles were put in Chapter I, the State Structure in Chapter II, basic principles relevant to the Head of State in Chapter III, and basic principles for legislative, executive and judicial sectors in Chapters IV, V and VI. The functions and rights included in Chapters IV, V and VI will be discussed in the National Convention now in progress. **With open and frank discussions, debates, compromise, the meetings were interesting. There was no animosity in the process of debates. The best and most appropriate solutions were sought through debates and discussions.**

The delegates had chances to get to know each other at plenary meetings, group-wise meetings, breakfast, lunch and afternoon tea time and dinner. Although they were on quick steps towards home when the National Convention goes into recess, the thought of parting with intimate cronies drove them to sadness. The delegates were entertained with a film once in a week but songs, music and dances on a daily basis. I made friends with most of the delegates as I arrived at the National Convention earlier than others and returned home when the National Convention went into recess. We helped each other and fulfilled one another's needs. We held discussions in our walk, in our room, at restaurant, and on the ferry. We got benefits through exchange of our knowledge.

The decoration and accommodation in Nyaungnabin camp are far better than those in Kyaikkasan Grounds. It is believed that the delegates will be able to concentrate on their discussions with peace of mind and body for the success of the National Convention. I am also excited as I have made friends with new delegates. It is incumbent on us to meet, discuss and coordinate happily, enthusiastically and healthily with nationalistic sentiment keeping in the fore the national interest.

(Translation: KTY)

Myanma Alin, Kyemon: 28-5-2004

အရက်ကြောင့်ဖြစ်သည့်ရောဂါများ

အရက်ကိုလွန်လွှဲစားသုံးခြင်းကြောင့် ဖြစ်ပွားတတ်သောရောဂါများမှာ အသည့်ရောင်ခြင်း၊ အသည့်ခြောက်ခြင်း၊ သွေးအန်ခြင်း၊ အစာအိမ်ရောင်ခြင်း၊ နှလုံးရောဂါ ဖြစ်ခြင်း၊ ဦးနှောက်နှင့်အာရုံကြောထိခိုက်ခြင်း၊ စိတ်ရောဂါများဖြစ်ခြင်း စသည်တို့ဖြစ်ပါသည်။

အရက်ကြောင့်ဖြစ်တတ်သော စိတ်ရောဂါများမှာ -
၁။ ကယောင့်ကတမ်းဖြစ်ခြင်း (Delirium Tremors)၊ ကြောက်လန့်ခြင်း၊ အချိန်၊ နာရီ၊ နေရာ၊ လူ ခန့်မှန်းနိုင်စွမ်း မရှိခြင်း၊ ကြောက်စရာနဲ့စရာများခြင်းရခြင်း၊ အသံမလေးများ၊ ကြားရခြင်း၊ ပိုမိုများများနဲ့ကွဲလွဲသောသံများရခြင်း၊ လက်တုန်ရောဂါဖြစ်တတ်ခြင်း။

၂။ အရက်အလွန်အကျွံသောက်သည့်အခါတွင် လူမရှိဘဲ နာထဲတွင် ခေါ်သံများ၊ ခြိမ်းခြောက်သံများ၊ စော်ကားမော်ကားသံများ ကြားနေရတတ်ခြင်း (Alcoholic Hallucinations)။

၃။ အတက်ကြီးရောဂါဖြစ်တတ်ခြင်း (Rum Fits)
(ဝက်ရုပ်မြန်ရောဂါကဲ့သို့တတ်ခြင်း)။

၄။ စိတ်ဓာတ်ကျရောဂါဖြစ်တတ်ခြင်း (Depressive Illness)။

၅။ စိတ်ဖောက်ပြန်ခြင်း (Alcoholic Psychosis)။

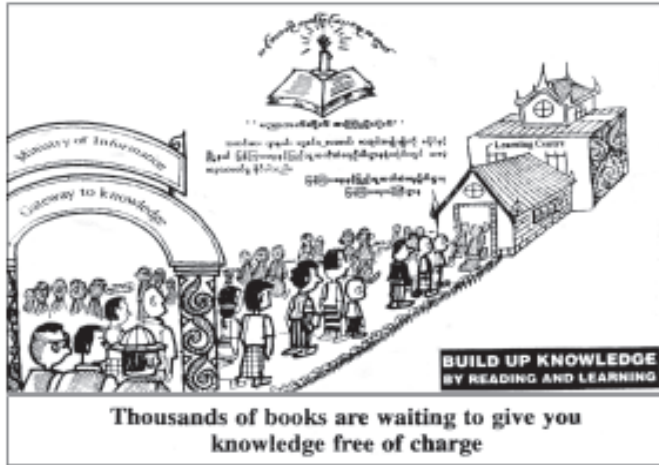
၆။ ဦးနှောက်ချို့ယွင်းခြင်း။

၇။ အရက်နှင့်မတည့်သောသူများသည် အရက်အနည်းငယ်သောက်ရုံဖြင့် ရုတ်တရက် စိတ်ဖောက်ပြန်တတ်ခြင်း (Pathological Drunkenness)။

၈။ မိမိ၏ဇနီးကို အထင်အမြင်လွဲမှားခြင်းများ ဖြစ်တတ်ခြင်း (Morbid Jealousy)။

၉။ အရက်ကြောင့် ရာဇဝတ်မှုကျူးလွန်သည့်အထိ ဖြစ်နိုင်ခြင်း။
အထက်ပါဆိုကျိုးများကို မစားရစေရန် အရက်သောက်သုံးခြင်း၊ အသုံးပြုခြင်း အလွန်အကျွံသောက်သုံးခြင်း၊ အရက်ကို ခွဲလမ်းစားသောက်သုံးခြင်းတို့မှ ရှောင်ကြဉ်ရန် တိုက်တွန်းအပ်ပါသည်။
အရက်စွဲရောဂါဖြစ်ပွားပါက စိတ်ကျန်းမာရေးဆေးရုံနှင့် ကုသရေးဌာနများတွင် စနစ်တကျကုသမှုခံယူရန် အသိပေးနှိုးဆော်အပ်ပါသည်။

ကျန်းမာရေးဝန်ကြီးဌာန



ADVERTISEMENTS

CLAIMS DAY NOTICE MV SEA MERCHANT VOY NO (509)

Consignees of cargo carried on MV SEA MERCHANT Voy No (509) are hereby notified that the vessel will be arriving on 30-5-04 and cargo will be discharged into the premises of A.W.P.T. where it will lie at the consignee's risk and expenses and subject to the byelaws and conditions of the Port of Yangon.

Damaged cargo will be surveyed daily from 8 am to 11.20 am and 12 noon to 4 pm upto Claims Day now declared as the third day after final discharge of cargo from the vessel.

No claims against this vessel will be admitted after the Claims Day.

**SHIPPING AGENCY DEPARTMENT
MYANMA PORT AUTHORITY
AGENT FOR: M/S ADVANCE CONTAINER**

Phone No: 256908/378316/376797

INVITATION FOR TENDER No. 001/TRT/2004-2005

Sealed Tenders from eligible suppliers are invited for the supply of 5700 Tyre Sets with Tube and Flap Size 9.00 x 20 x 14 ply Rating - Lug Type, prices to be quoted in Myanmar Kyats-Yangon.

- Tender Documents are available at the Office of Procurement & Stores Department, Head Office, Road Transport, No. 375, Bogyoke Aung San Street, Yangon, Myanmar, Commencing on the 1st June, 2004.
- Tender will be Closed on 10th; June, 2004 at (16:00) hours.
- The Road Transport reserves the right to reject any or all Tenders.
- Detailed information will be available at the Office of the Procurement & Stores Department, or contact Phone Nos. (01) 252574 or (01) 376549.

**Managing Director,
Road Transport.**

TRADE MARK CAUTION

The Siam Cement Public Company Limited, a Company incorporated in Thailand, of No. 1, Siam Cement Road, Bangsue Sub-district, Bangsue District, Bangkok Metropolis, Thailand, is the Owner of the following Trade Marks:-

CEMENTHAI

Reg. No. 4504/2001

ซีเมนต์ไทย

Reg. No. 4505/2001

စီး ဓန့် ထိုင်း

Reg. No. 4506/2001

in respect of "International Class 19: Cement, white cement, dry mortar, asbestos mortar, mortar for building, lime, concrete, fine plaster, general plaster, masonry mortar, asbestos cement and construction material (not of metal) and all kinds of goods in this class"

Fraudulent imitation or unauthorised use of the said Trade Marks will be dealt with according to law.

**Win Mu Tin,
M.A., H.G.P., D.B.L.
for The Siam Cement
Public Company Limited
P.O. Box 60, Yangon.
Dated: 29 May, 2004.**

Italian law on Pizza purity a mouthful

ROME, 28 May — It may be too early to talk about Pizza Police, but Italian legislators are mulling a detailed draft law laying down rules to protect real Neapolitan pizza.

The draft law to separate pure pizza from the putative kind — all three pages, eight articles and six sub-clauses of it — was published under the state seal in the *Official Gazette* on Tuesday.

It decrees that a Neapolitan pizza must be round and no more than 35 centimetres in diameter. The centre should

not be higher than 0.3 centimetres and the crust cannot rise over two centimetres.

The law specifies what kind of flour, salt, and yeast and tomatoes have to be used. The sub clauses go even further.

Margherita, the classic type, must be topped not with just any type of mozzarella but mozzarella "from the southern appennine" mountains.

And restaurateurs beware, you can not call a pizza a "Margherita extra" unless it

is topped with mozzarella made from buffalo milk — a southern Italian speciality.

Rolling pins are blasphemous and dough machines are heretical. The law says the dough must be kneaded by hand.

Take a whiff of this phrase from a government document that usually offers the latest on tax brackets and bilateral trade: "On the whole, the pizza must be soft, elastic and easily foldable in half to form a 'libretto'"

MNA/Reuters

ပြည်တွင်းပြင်ကိုအားပေးပါ

**ပြည်တောင်ရပ်မြို့နယ်အစိုးရ
စီးပွားရေးနှင့်ကုသန်ရေးဝန်ကြီးဌာန
မြန်မာ့လယ်ယာထွက်ကုန်ပစ္စည်းရောင်းဝယ်ရေး
အမှတ် ၃၀/၃၀၄၊ ပန်းဆိုးတန်းလမ်း၊ ရန်ကုန်မြို့
ကျောတစ်ဆီဒါ၊ အရောင်းချွတ်မှုနှင့် ဖော့စတေးရစ်အက်ဆစ်
ဝယ်ယူလိုကြောင်း
ချိတ်ပတ်တင်ဒါကြေညာခြင်း**

၁။ စီးပွားရေးနှင့်ကုသန်ရေးဝန်ကြီးဌာန၊ မြန်မာ့လယ်ယာထွက်ကုန် ပစ္စည်းရောင်းဝယ်ရေးလက်အောက်ရှိ ဖွဲ့စည်းပုံအခြေခံဥပဒေ ကော်မတီဆီဒါ(၁၄၄)တန်း၊ အရောင်းချွတ်မှုနှင့်(၁၀၈)တန်းနှင့် ဖော့စတေးရစ်အက်ဆစ် (၇)တန်းကို ခိုင်ခံ့သောရောင်းချွတ်မှုများ ခိုင်ခံ့ခြင်းနှင့် ဖက်စပ်လုပ်ကိုင်လျက်ရှိသော ကုမ္ပဏီများ ရောင်းဝယ်ရေးလုပ်ငန်းများမှ မြန်မာ့ကျပ်ငွေဖြင့် ဝယ်ယူလိုပါသည်။
၂။ ကျောတစ်ဆီဒါ၊ အရောင်းချွတ်မှုနှင့် ဖော့စတေးရစ်အက်ဆစ် ချိတ်ပတ်တင်ဒါ တင်သွင်းလိုပါက မြန်မာ့လယ်ယာထွက်ကုန်ပစ္စည်းရောင်းဝယ်ရေးချွတ် တတိယတန်းရှိ ဖွဲ့စည်းပုံဌာနတွင် သတ်မှတ်ထားသော တင်ဒါစည်းကမ်းချက်များအရ တင်သွင်း ယှဉ်ပြိုင်နိုင်ပါသည်။
၃။ အသေးစိတ်အချက်အလက်များ သိလိုပါက ဖွဲ့စည်းပုံဌာနတွင် စုံစမ်းမေးမြန်း နိုင်ပြီးတင်ဒါခံယူရန်မှာ အောက်ပါအတိုင်းဖြစ်ပါသည်။
(က) တင်ဒါခံယူရန်(၁၅-၆-၂၀၀၄)(အဂါနု) (၁၆၀၀)နာရီ

**တင်ဒါခံယူရန်အရောင်းလက်ခံ
မြန်မာ့လယ်ယာထွက်ကုန်ပစ္စည်းရောင်းဝယ်ရေး (ရှာချွတ်)**

China to allow insurance companies to invest abroad

BEIJING, 28 May — China is working on a programme to allow insurance companies to invest in overseas capital markets, said a high-level Chinese official.

"The State Council has approved in principle our proposal to allow insurance companies to invest in overseas capital markets," said Ma Delun, deputy director of the State Administration of Foreign Exchange (SAFE).

"We and the China Securities Regulatory Commission are currently working on details of the programme," Ma said at a recent forum on the capital market, explaining that

Chinese insurance companies lack channels to increase the value of their foreign currencies.

"Basically, their only choice is depositing the money in banks and waiting for the interest to accrue," Ma said.

Ma also revealed other measures being considered to further open China's capital market, including allowing Chinese emigrants and non-Chinese citizens to transfer their assets abroad, establishing a qualified domestic institutional investor (QDII) system and allowing social security funds to invest abroad.

MNA/Xinhua

Mitsubishi Fuso to recall 168,000 trucks due to clutch defect

TOKYO, 28 May — Japan's major automaker Mitsubishi Fuso Truck & Bus Corp announced Wednesday that it will recall about 168,000 large vehicles due to clutch-housing defects.

One fatal accident, two accidents involving injury and 15 accidents causing physical damage occurred in connection with the defects, the Japanese truck maker said, adding three other vehicles caught fire.

Last Thursday, Mitsubishi Fuso admitted at a press con-

ference that it had neglected the problem since 1996 and recognized the need to recall vehicles with the defects.

The truck maker also admitted to the cover-up in March this year in connection with the Yokohama accident. Seven former Mitsubishi Motors officials were arrested over the cover-up.

Subject to the recall are the Great heavy-duty truck, produced between June 1983 and April 1999, the truck maker said in a report filed with the Ministry of Land, In-

frastructure and Transport.

The company said excessive vibration in the propeller shaft could lead to a crack in the clutch housing of the truck.

If this happens, the shaft, which transmits power to the wheels from the engine, could fall off the vehicle and result in damage to the vehicle itself such as brake malfunctions, the company said.

Between 1992 and 2003, about 70 clutch-housing defect problems were reported.

MNA/Xinhua

Morocco jails drug lords in key trafficking case

RABAT, 28 May — A Moroccan drug lord accused of smuggling tons of cannabis to Europe with the complicity of judges, police and Customs officials, was jailed for 20 years on Wednesday.

The court in Tetouan, a northern city regarded as a hub of Morocco's illegal drugs trade, jailed Mounir Erramach and sentenced another drug kingpin, Mohamed Ouazzani, to eight years, MAP state news

agency said.

The two, both Spanish nationals of Moroccan origin, were arrested last August and accused of running a network that smuggled cannabis to Europe from Tetouan.

Their arrests were hailed by Moroccan authorities as a major victory in the fight against drug smugglers. In a corruption case a month ago, the pair were jailed for three years.

The crackdown on drug smugglers acquired renewed urgency after investigators in the Madrid train bombings in March linked cannabis smugglers in Morocco's Rif mountains around Tetouan and Tangiers with radical Islamic rings in Europe, notably in Spain. Morocco's annual cannabis exports, routed via Spain, have a street value in Europe of about 10 billion euros. —MNA/Reuters

မညာရေးဖြင့် ခေတ်မီဖွံ့ဖြိုးတိုးတက်သော နိုင်ငံတော်ကြီး တည်ဆောက်အံ့

British Royal Navy ship visits Vietnam

HO CHI MINH CITY (Vietnam), 28 May—A British Royal Navy ship named *Exeter* arrived Vietnam's Ho Chi Minh City on Wednesday, starting a five-day visit to the country, while Vietnamese President Tran Duc Luong is in Britain to boost relations between the two countries.

On Wednesday afternoon, officers of the ship, which has a crew of 266 people, commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel Mark Durkin, called on the People's Committee of Ho Chi Minh City, the Command of the Military Zone No 7 and the Vietnam Navy Command, after laying a wreath at the Ho Chi Minh Memorial.

During their stay in the city, crew members will visit the Cu Chi tunnels, play sports with local teams and participate in charity activities.

On Thursday, their ship

will host visiting groups from the Military Zone No 7, local naval cadets, universities, and charity organizations.

This is the 5th visit by a British Royal Navy ship to Vietnam. The last visit was by Nottingham in May 2002.

Exeter is a Type 42 Destroyer whose primary role is to provide area air defence to a group of ships. It is equipped with a *Lynx MK8* helicopter, and powered by two Cogag turbines.

Since the 1990s, the relations between Vietnam and Britain have developed

steadily. The countries inked agreements and memorandums of understanding on aviation, investment promotion and protection, double taxation avoidance, HIV/AIDS control and poverty reduction.

The two-way trade rose to nearly 900 million US dollars in 2003 from 269 million dollars in 1997. Britain now ranks the third among European Union investors in Vietnam with total registered capital of some 1.2 billion dollars, mainly in petroleum and heavy industry.—MNA/Xinhua

Ebola unlikely to spread to Uganda from Sudan

KAMPALA, 28 May—Ugandan Health Minister Jim Muhwezi has said that the Ebola disease which broke out in the Sudan recently will unlikely spread to Uganda, the *New Vision* reported on Wednesday.

However, the Ugandan minister Jim was quoted as saying that the government will do anything possible to protect the people in case of an outbreak of the disease.

A health worker team sent to northern Uganda has concluded that there is no trace of Ebola, he said, urging Ugandans to stay calm.

Ebola broke out recently in Hai-Cuba, Yambio County in the Sudan's Western Equatorial Province and four people died of and 11 others contracted the disease.

MNA/Xinhua



Singapore Airlines is to start taking delivery of the super-jumbo Airbus A380 aircraft on schedule from 2006 despite other major carriers announcing delays in their take-up dates.—INTERNET

Flood prevention on Yangtze River faces severe situation

WUHAN, 28 May—Flood prevention on the middle and lower reaches of the Yangtze River still faces a severe situation this year, said an official in charge of water resources here Wednesday.

Cai Qihua, director of the Yangtze River Water Resources Committee, made his remarks at a meeting held Wednesday on flood prevention in central China's Hubei Province.

According to the forecasts from the meteorological and hydrology departments, there will be two "rainfall strips" to cover southern China's large area, including Hubei, along the middle reaches of the Yangtze River.

MNA/Xinhua

Mexican Congress urges govt to normalize relations with Cuba

MEXICO CITY, 28 May—The Mexican Congress urged the Foreign Ministry on Wednesday to seek a necessary "approach" with the Cuban delegation in an upcoming summit in western Mexico to reestablish full diplomatic relations with the island country.

The Congress made the call in a proposal sent to the permanent commission of the 3rd summit of the European Union (EU), Latin America and the Caribbean countries, to be held in Guadalajara City on 28-29 May.

"We undoubtedly consider that reconciliation could be worked out during the summit based on the diplomatic practice, mutual respect and the good will to formally and quickly resume the political and diplomatic relations," said the Congress, stressing the importance of opening dialogue over the differences that kept the two countries

apart. The commission agreed that the summit was a perfect chance to restore the good relations between the two countries soon.

The Mexican Government in early May reduced its centenary ties with Cuba to the minimal level by recalling its ambassador to the island and only leaving a Charge d'Affaires there.

The move came after Cuban leader Fidel Castro criticized Mexico in a May Day speech for Mexico's support last month for a UN rebuke of Cuba's human rights record.

MNA/Xinhua

ADB launches programme to boost region's trade finance system

SINGAPORE, 28 May—The Asian Development Bank (ADB) on Wednesday night launched its 150-million-US-dollar Trade Finance Facilitation Programme (TFFP) to boost liquidity and stability of the trade finance system in the Asia and Pacific Region.

According to a statement issued by the ADB here on Wednesday, more than 40 leading international and regional confirming banks, including the China Construction Bank, were designated as "Founding Partner Banks" at the launch of the TFFP, which marks ADB's first use of its partial credit guarantee (PCG) to support and encourage a large number of international and regional confirming banks to take commercial and political risk on local banks that are in countries vulnerable to crisis or less well known.

The programme will offer three facilities: a revolving PCG facility, under which the ADB will guarantee to confirming banks the payment of letters of credit and other documentary credits issued by accredited local banks in the Asian region, excluding the Central Asian

Republics (CARs).

A second revolving PCG facility, in the form of a risk-sharing arrangement with the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD), which will guarantee letters of credit issued by accredited local banks in the CARs, and a revolving loan facility, under which the ADB will offer short-term loans to the banks accredited for participation in the PCG facilities, to help fund the hard currency borrowing requirements of their private sector exporter and importer clients.

By the end of the year some 30 local banks in priority emerging markets should be accredited under the TFFP as issuing banks, making them eligible for ADB guarantee support and direct loans.

Martin Endelman, senior co-financing officer of the

ADB's Office of Co-financing Operations, said that through the programme, the ADB can work through established commercial market mechanisms to help keep confidence levels in place during economically turbulent periods to avoid having to use more aggressive solutions.

The TFFP, part of a broader strategy to use financial intermediation to promote private sector development, and, through this, economic growth, also complements the ADB's public sector loans to the banking sectors around the region.

MNA/Xinhua

India offers help for projects in Sri Lanka

COLOMBO, 28 May—India has offered to engage in reconstruction and rehabilitation projects in the north and east areas in Sri Lanka, the state-owned *Daily News* said on Wednesday.

Indian High Commissioner in Colombo Nirupam Sen said that Indian firms were seeking contracts to help rebuild north and east areas ravaged by two decades of ethnic conflict in the country.

"If we are welcome there, we will be happy to carry out reconstruction in North-East areas including uncleared areas," Sen told a ceremony at the Indian Cultural Centre in Colombo in northern Jaffna Peninsula.

MNA/Xinhua

Caribbean death toll from floods nears 2,000

PORT-AU-PRINCE (Haiti), 28 May—The death toll from devastating floods and landslides in Haiti and the Dominican Republic rose to at least 1,960 on Wednesday.

The toll rose dramatically with the discovery of more than 1,000 bodies in Mapou, a southeastern Haitian town where communications are poor, said Margareth Martin, the head of the civil protection office for Haiti's southeast region.

Haiti's death toll stood at about 1,660, including

1,000 in Mapou, 500 elsewhere in Haiti's southeast region, 158 in the riverside town of Fond Verettes, and two in the south, at Port-au-Prince.

Authorities in the neighbouring Dominican Republic said they had recovered 300 bodies.

MNA/Reuters



Miss Universe candidates pose in evening gown on their first round presentation show in Quito, on 27 May, 2004. The 2004 competition is being held in Ecuador and show will broadcast live from Quito on 1 June.—INTERNET

SPORTS

Modrica win Bosnian Cup after penalty shoot-out

SARAJEVO, 28 May — Modrica Maxima won their first Bosnian Cup with a 4-2 penalty shoot-out victory over fellow Premier League side Borac Banja Luka on Wednesday.

Modrica players kept their heads in the shoot-out, which followed after the game ended 1-1, converting the last four of their five penalty kicks.

Modrica, who are in their first season in the top flight, enjoyed the best of possession in the first half but it was Borac who went ahead in the 40th minute with a close-range strike from Sinisa Djuric.

Modrica pressed hard in the second half, hitting the post and the bar before equalizing in the 72nd minute through Zoran Novakovic.

Both clubs come from the Serb Republic, which joined Bosnia's Football Association two years ago, and it was the first time a team from that region have the Cup. Siroki Brijeg have already secured their first Premier League title. — MNA/Reuters



Germany's Miroslav Klose, center, is fouled by Malta's keeper Mario Muscat, bottom, during a friendly soccer match between Germany and Malta at the Dreisamstadion in Freiburg, Germany, on 27 May, 2004. Muscat received the red card for the foul. At right is Malta's Gareth Sciberras. — INTERNET

Shevchenko signs new four-year deal with Milan

MILAN, 28 May — AC Milan's Ukrainian striker Andriy Shevchenko, top scorer in Serie A last season, has signed a new deal with the Italian champions which ties him to the club until at least 2009.

Milan said on Wednesday that Shevchenko, whose current contract was due to run out in July 2005, had signed a four-year extension to his deal.

The daily Gazzetta dello Sport on Wednesday said English club Chelsea were ready to make a serious offer for the 27-year-old former Dynamo Kiev striker who helped Milan to the "scudetto" with 24 goals.

MNA/Reuters

Owen saddened by Houllier's departure

SANTA MARGHERITA DI PULA (Italy), 28 May — England striker Michael Owen said he felt sick on hearing that Gerard Houllier had been sacked as manager of his club Liverpool.

"I don't really want to say whether it is right or wrong but you always get that sad feeling, that sick feeling in your stomach when you see someone you know going through a bad experience," Owen told reporters at England's Euro 2004 training camp on Tuesday.

"I have seen (former England manager) Glenn Hoddle get sacked, having to go up on the telly, and the same with (Kevin) Keegan, you get a sick feeling but life goes on."

Owen said Houllier, who was fired by the Premier League club on Monday, had contributed enormously to his development as a player.

"He (Houllier) joined Liverpool after the 1998 World Cup so most of my career has been under him," the striker said. "He's seen me grow as a player, he's worked on different things and I would like to think I am a better all-round player as a result."

Owen defended the Frenchman's tactics, which were often described as excessively negative.

"He tried to go more offensive in the last year and was quoted himself as saying we would be more aggressive," Owen said.

"Some of the teams he started were very attack minded, a lot of games this year with a back four and only Didi Hamann sitting in midfield. Some occasions it worked, some it didn't."

Owen said the identity of Liverpool's new manager would not affect his future at the club, with contract negotiations still ongoing.

"The manager had nothing to do with my contract situation," Owen said. "I am not sure when my future will be sorted. We have met on two occasions so far and there are more in the pipeline but these things

take a while these days.

"I won't do a Bosman, I wouldn't do that to the club," Owen added. "I am not trying to strangle every last penny out of everyone."

"I just want to be playing in a top team. We got to second in the league a few years ago. It obviously needs improvement because we are fourth and 30 points behind Arsenal. It's a massive gap."

"The chairman is saying it may take a while to appoint a new manager so I will just sit tight. I can't put a percentage chance on me signing a new contract."

MNA/Reuters

Barcelona to contract Brazilian player Luis Fabiano

SAO PAULO, 28 May — The vice-president of the Spanish club Barcelona, Sandro Rosell, arrived Wednesday in Sao Paulo with the players of the Brazilian national team, to try to contract striker Luis Fabiano.

Rosell will hold talks with directors of the Sao Paulo and with Fuentes' manager.

He will remain in Brazil till next week to see, from the tribunes of the Mineirao de Belo Horizonte stadium, the "classic" party between Argentine and Brazilian national teams, who will contend the 6th match of the South American qualifiers for the 2006 World Cup.

Luis Fabiano was summoned by coach Carlos Alberto Parreira to participate in the Brazilian team in the next two encounters of the qualifying tournament.

Luis Fabiano Clemente will be 24 years old next November 8, and was the top goal scorer, along with 19-year-old Rodrigo Fabri, of the 2002 Brazilian Championship. In 2003, he ended in the second position after scoring 29 goals, two below leader Dimba.

MNA/Xinhua

Ronaldo ready to play against Argentina

RIO DE JANEIRO, 28 May — Brazilian striker Ronaldo said Wednesday that he is physically recovered and willing to play against Argentina in next Wednesday's 5th match of the South American World Cup qualifying tournament.

Ronaldo Luiz Nazario de Lima referred in Rio de Janeiro to the disappointing season he spent with Real Madrid, which ended with no titles for the first time in five years, and said that the two friendly games he played with the "canarinho" selection against France (0-0) and Catalonia (5-2) were important for his recovery.

"For me, who was coming from some bad matches with Real Madrid and was still recovering from a muscular injury, they served as a good recovery in the face of the two important games of the play-offs," Ronaldo said.

The Brazilian national team will first

face Argentina next June 2 in Belo Horizonte, and then the Chilean team four days later.

"The match against Argentina is the most important one of the play-offs and we have to seize the advantage of playing at home to defeat them," he said.

Ronaldo recognized that he did not go through a good period in Spain, despite becoming the season's top goal scorer, but said he faced the crisis without problems.

He also said that after the match against Chile he will take some holidays, and thus he apparently ratified that he does not intend to play in the America Cup.

MNA/Xinhua

Boca survive scare to reach Libertadores semifinals

BUENOS AIRES, 28 May — Defending champions Boca Juniors survived a scare before going on to beat Sao Caetano on penalties and reach the Libertadores Cup semifinals on Tuesday.

Boca, who could face River Plate next if their arch-rivals overcome Colombia's Deportivo Cali on Wednesday, came from behind to snatch a 1-1 draw at home in the quarterfinal second leg match and force penalties after a goalless first leg.

The Argentine team also missed their first effort in the shootout before winning 4-3, helped by wayward shooting from the Brazilians.

Champions three times in the last four years, Boca were banned from playing at their usually impregnable Bombonera Stadium because of problems at their Argentine championship derby with River ten

days ago.

Instead, they staged the game in the stadium of neighbours Racing Club.

Boca rarely looked dangerous and their only first-half chance fell to Guillermo Barros Schelotto, who fired over from close range after Sao Caetano's Anderson Lima had inadvertently chested the ball to him.

Sao Caetano midfielder Gilberto, who hit the crossbar early on, put the visitors in front in the 58th minute with a superb effort, collecting a back-heeled pass from Fabricio Carvalho, cutting inside a defender and placing the ball into the corner.

Substitute Antonio Barijho equalized with his first touch in the 70th minute, clinically finishing after an astute pass from Carlos Tevez.

Away goals and extra time are not used in the competition so the tie went straight to penalties.

Schelotto's first effort for Boca was saved by Silvio Luiz but Sao Caetano missed their next two kicks.

The contest went to sudden death, where goalkeeper Roberto Abbondancieri converted for Boca and Sao Caetano's Marcelo Mattos sent his kick high of the goal.

MNA/Reuters

Portugal keen to keep coach Scolari

LISBON, 28 May — Portugal will try to keep coach Luiz Felipe Scolari if the national side plays well at Euro 2004, Portuguese Soccer Federation Chairman Gilberto Madail said.

Portugal's sports newspapers have that reported Scolari, who steered Brazil to the 2002 World Cup title, has been contacted by Benfica to take over as coach.

"Everything that has been said about the coach's future is speculation," Madail told Record sports newspaper.

"If Portugal has a good run at Euro 2004, we are, naturally, going to do everything possible to keep him since he feels good here."

"But if hiring him as World Cup champion was an immense job, and if he adds, as we hope, that title of European champion, it will be even more complicated to keep him."

Portugal striker Helder Postiga said he would concentrate on Euro 2004 before reconsidering his future in the English Premier League, following a disappointing first season at Tottenham.

"Right now I want to have maximum focus on the national side," Postiga, who is training with the side at Obidos, told O Jogo sports newspaper.

"But if things keep going

on like they did in the last season, I can't stay there, because what I really want is to play."

Asked about his role as back-up to Pauleta Resendes and Nuno Gomes, Postiga said, "I don't consider my-

self the third option. I'm working to grab that (starting) spot."

Portugal are in Group A at Euro 2004 with Greece, Spain and Russia. The tournament kicks off on June 12.

MNA/Reuters



Mary Pierce of France celebrates after defeating Gala Leon Garcia of Spain during the French Open tennis tournament, at Roland Garros stadium in Paris, on 27 May, 2004. Pierce defeated Leon Garcia 6-1 6-1.

INTERNET

MRTV-3
29-5-2004 (Saturday)
(Programme Schedule)
Morning Transmission
(9:00 - 10:00)

- 9:00 Signature Tune
Greeting
- 9:02 Song of Myanmar
Beauty & Scenic
Sights "Mingalabar"
- 9:06 Handiworks of Pride
- 9:10** **Headline News**
- 9:12 Kayin Traditional
Vegetable Curry
(Tarlalabaw)
- 9:15** **National News**
- 9:20 Dawei Traditional
Longyi Weaving Art
- 9:25 Vram Naga Harvest
Dance
- 9:28 Pottery, A Home In-
dustry
- 9:30** **National News**
- 9:35 Thanakha, a Myanmar
Cosmetic
- 9:40 Song "Moonlight
Flower"
- 9:42 A Lonesome Song
- 9:45** **National News**
- 9:50 Peace and Develop-
ment of Border Areas
(Wa Region)
- 9:58 Song of Myanmar
Beauty & Scenic
Sights "Come and See
Myanmar"

29-5-2004 (Saturday)
Evening Transmission
(15:30 - 17:30)

15:30 Signature Tune

- Greeting
- 15:32 Song of Myanmar
Beauty & Scenic
Sights "Myanma Pano-
rama & Myanma Sen-
timent"
- 15:36 Handiworks of Pride
- 15:40** **Headline News**
- 15:42 Kayin Traditional
Vegetable Curry
(Tarlalabaw)
- 15:45** **National News**
- 15:50 Dawei Traditional
Longyi Weaving Art
- 15:55 Vram Naga Harvest
Dance
- 15:58 Pottery, A Home
Industry
- 16:00** **National News**
- 16:05 Thanakha, a Myanmar
Cosmetic
- 16:10 Song "Moonlight
Flower"
- 16:12 A Lonesome Song
- 16:15** **National News**
- 16:20 Peace and Develop-
ment of Border Areas
(Wa Region)
- 16:25 Song of Myanmar
Beauty & Scenic
Sights "Mingalabar"
- 16:30** **National news**
- 16:35 The Beauty of the 1st
Defile of The River
Ayeyawady
- 16:40 Ancient Htoke Kan
Thein Temple
- 16:45** **National News**
- 16:50 Myanmar Movies Im-
pact "Love and His
Dignity"
- 17:00** **Weekly News High-
lights**
- 17:05 Mythun (Counterpart
of Cattle)
- 17:10 Song "Past Merit"

- 17:15** **Weekly News High-
lights**
- 17:20 Promoting Tourism
Through Music

- 17:25 Song of Myanmar
Beauty & Scenic
Sights "Come and See
Myanmar"

မြန်မာ့အသံနှင့်ရုပ်မြင်သံကြား
တင်ဒါခေါ်ယူခြင်း

၁။ မြန်မာ့အသံနှင့်ရုပ်မြင်သံကြား၊ မြန်မာ့အသံနှင့်ရုပ်မြင်သံကြား၊
သတင်းနှင့်စာနယ်ဇင်းလုပ်ငန်းနှင့်မြန်မာ့ရုပ်မြင်သံကြားတို့တွင် အသံဖြူ
ရန်လိုအပ်သော အောက်ဖော်ပြပါပစ္စည်းများကို ဝယ်ယူလိုပါသည်။

(က) မြန်မာ့အသံနှင့်ရုပ်မြင်သံကြား

- (၁) TV Transmitter Power Tube (1) Lot
(၂) TV Lighting Lamp (1) Lot
(၃) Spares for DV Cam Camera & VCR (1) Lot
(၄) Replacement of Switch Gear Unit (1) Lot
(၅) Tower Foundation Materials for (1) Lot
10 KW TV TX
(၆) Computer System for Receive only (2) Lots
System (1) Set

(ခ) 250 W TV TX (1) Set

(၁) သတင်းနှင့်စာနယ်ဇင်းလုပ်ငန်း

(၁) Hilihodol Developer (160) paks

(၂) Agfa Developer (60) bots

(ဂ) မြန်မာ့ရုပ်မြင်သံကြား

(၁) ဖလင်ရိုး (200) Rolls

(35 mm Fuji Colour Negative

Film-400)

(၂) ဖလင်ဆေးစိမ့်လုပ်ငန်းသုံးခါတိဆေး (19) kds

၂။ တင်ဒါခေါ်ယူခြင်း မှုကို (၁၁-၆-၂၀၀၄)ရက် (၁၆:၃၀)နာရီတွင်

မိတ်ပီမည်။

၃။ တင်ဒါပုံစံနှင့် အသေးစိတ်အချက်အလက်များကို အောက်ပါ

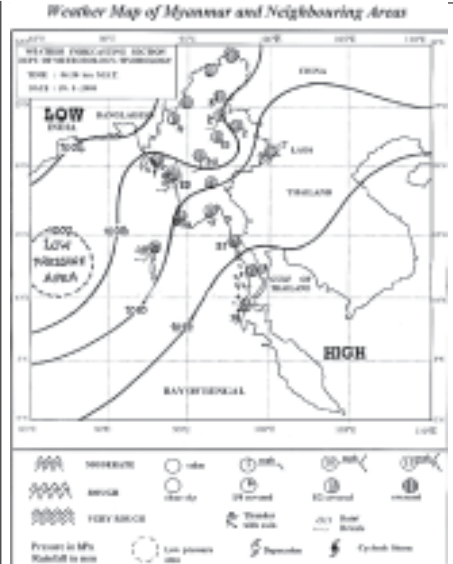
လိပ်စာတွင် လာရောက်ဝယ်ယူနိုင်ပါသည်။

ပြည်တွင်း/ပြည်ပပစ္စည်းများဝယ်ယူရေးနှင့်ထုတ်ရောင်းချရေးကော်မတီ

မြန်မာ့အသံနှင့်ရုပ်မြင်သံကြား

အမှတ် ၂၂၈၊ သိမ်ဖြူလမ်း၊ ရန်ကုန်မြို့၊

ဖုန်း - ၂၄၅၆၂၄၊ ၂၄၅၆၃၁၊ ၂၄၅၆၄၅

**WEATHER**

Friday, 28 May, 2004

Summary of observations recorded at 09:30 hours

MST: During the past 24 hours, rain or thundershowers have been isolated in Chin State and Ayeyawady Division and scattered to widespread in the remaining areas. The noteworthy amounts of rainfall recorded were Hsipaw (2.99) inches, Ann (2.68) inches, Gwa (2.52) inches, Hinthada (2.44) inches and Coco Island (2.28) inches.

Maximum temperature on 27-5-2004 was 27.5°C (82°F). Minimum temperature on 28-5-2004 was 20.4°C (69°F). Relative humidity at 9:30 hrs MST on 28-5-2004 was 92%. Total sunshine hours on 27-5-2004 was nil. Rainfall on 28-5-2004 was 5mm (0.19 inch) at Yangon Airport, 11mm (0.43 inch) at Kaba-Aye and 8mm (0.31 inch) at central Yangon. Total rainfall since 1-1-2004 was 362 mm (14.25 inches) at Yangon Airport and 344 mm (13.54 inches) at Kaba-Aye and 470 mm (18.50 inches) at central Yangon. Maximum wind speed at Yangon (Kaba-Aye) was 8 mph from Southwest at (12:30) hours MST on 27-5-2004.

Bay inference: Yesterday's low pressure area moved into Southwest Bay and Monsoon is weak in the Bay of Bengal.

Forecast valid until evening of 29-5-2004: Rain or thundershowers will be widespread in Mon State and Taninthayi Division, scattered in Rakhine, Kayin, Shan States, Mandalay, Bago, Ayeyawady and Yangon Divisions and isolated in the remaining areas. Degree of certainty is (80%).

State of the sea: Seas will be slight in Myanmar waters. **Outlook for subsequent two days:** General decrease of rain are likely in the whole country.

Forecast for Yangon and neighbouring area for 29-5-2004: One or two rains with sunny period. Degree of certainty is (80%).

Forecast for Mandalay and neighbouring area for 29-5-2004: Isolated rain or thundershowers. Degree of certainty is (80%).

Weather outlook for last weekend of May 2004: During the coming weekend, rain or thundershowers will be scattered in Yangon Division and isolated in Mandalay Division.

Daw Hawabi (Buri)
60 Years

Daw Hawabi (Buri) of No 224 (2nd floor), Strand Road, Yangon, beloved daughter of late Azam Esmail & Khatiza Bibi passed away on 24-5-04 (3rd Rabiussani 1425) and buried the same day after Zuhur Namaz at Yayway Sunni Qabarastan.

Bereaved Family


Saturday, May 29
View today:

7:00 am

1. Recitation of Parittas by
Missionary Sayadaw
U Ottamathara

7:25 am

2. To be healthy exercise

7:30 am

3. Morning news

7:40 am

4. Nice and sweet song

7:55 am

5. Delicacies

8:05 am

6. အဆိုပြိုင်ပွဲ

8:15 am

7. သဇာန်သီချင်းတစ်သောင်း

8:30 am

8. International news

9:45 am

9. Happy and Educational
English Summer Course
MRTV

11:00 am

1. Martial song

11:20 am

2. Musical programme

11:30 am

3. News

11:40 am

4. Games for children

12:00 noon

5. Round-up of the week's
TV local news

1:20 pm

6. နိုင်ငံခြားစာတမ်းတို

"နက်ရှိုင်းမေတ္တာ" (အပိုင်း-၄၅)

1:55 pm

7. Dance of national races

2:10 pm

8. "အိပ်မက်များကိုသိမ်းပိုက်ခြင်း"

သွားညှိုး၊ ခေါင်းထိတ်၊

အိုင်ရစ်လေးမြို့၊ ခေါင်းလှိုင်

ဒါရိုက်တာ-သတင်း

2:45 pm

9. International news

4:00 pm

1. Martial song

4:15 pm

2. Songs to uphold
National Spirit

4:30 pm

3. Musical programme

4:40 pm

4. အစေးသင်တန်းသို့ ပညာရေး

ရုပ်မြင်သံကြားသင်ခန်းစာ

- ဒုတိယပန်း (သမ္မာအထူးပြု)

(သမ္မာ)

5:55 pm

5. Dance variety

5:10 pm

6. Musical programme

5:20 pm

7. အိပ်မက်များကိုသိမ်းပိုက်ခြင်း

နက်ရှိုင်းမေတ္တာ (ကရင်)

5:30 pm

8. Musical programme

5:40 pm

9. Games for children

6:05 pm

10. တိုင်းရင်းသားတို့အသံ

စည်းလုံးခြင်းအက

6:15 pm

11. Delicacies

6:30 pm

12. Evening news

7:00 pm

13. Weather report

7:05 pm

14. Discovery

7:15 pm

15. နိုင်ငံခြားစာတမ်းတို

"နက်ရှိုင်းမေတ္တာ" (အပိုင်း-၁၅)

7:45 pm

16. ကော့လက်ဒေသတစ်ခုနှင့်အလှဆင်

8:00 pm

17. News

18. International news

19. Weather report

20. Myanmar video feature

"အရပ်ရပ်သို့သွားခြင်း" (အပိုင်း-၁)

လွင်ဇုံ၊ နဂါးလွင်၊ ရတနာပင်

ဒါရိုက်တာ-ကိုဇော် (အရပ်ရပ်)

21. The next day's

programme


Saturday, May 29
Tune in today:

- 8.30 am** Brief news
8.35 am Music: A little bit
country (Donna & Marie)
8.40 am Perspectives
8.45 am Music: You are best
thing (Dream)
8.55 am National news/
Slogan
9.05 am Music: That's where
you take me
(Britney Spears)
9.10 am International news
9.15 am Music:
(Spotlight on a star)
- Dido
1.30 pm News/Slogan
1.40 pm Request
-Up where we belong
(Joe Cockers &
Jennifer Warns)
-Sometimes love just
ain't enough
(Patty Smith)
-I wannatake forever
tonight
(Peter Seirena)
9.00 pm ASEAN review
- News
9.10 pm Article
9.20 pm Myanma culture by
Dr Khin Maung
Nyun
- A rocking boulder
on mountain summit
Souvenirs
- Unforgettable
(Nat King Cok)
- Scarlet Ribbons
(Sandy Stewart)
9.30 pm News/Slogan
9.45 pm News/Slogan
10.00 pm PEL



Prime Minister General Khin Nyunt accepts K 25.2 million donated by Myatheindan Sayadaw through Minister for Religious Affairs Brig-Gen Thura Myint Maung.— MNA

Prime Minister attends ceremony to donate cash to Ministry of Religious Affairs

YANGON, 28 May— Wellwishers made cash donations to the Ministry of Religious Affairs at a ceremony held at the International Theravada Buddhist Missionary University this afternoon, attended by Prime Minister General Khin Nyunt.

The ceremony was graced by the attendance of State Ovadaçariya Myatheindan Sayadaw Agga Maha Pandita Abhidhaja Agga Maha Saddhammajotika Bhaddanta Sobhana, Vice-Chairman of the State Sangha Maha Nayaka Committee Agga Maha Pandita Agga Maha Saddhamma Jotikadhaja Thayet Sayadaw Bhaddanta Kesara and members of the Sangha.

Also present on the occasion were Chairman of Yangon Division Peace and Development Council Commander Maj-Gen Myint Swe, ministers, deputy ministers, officials of the State Peace and Development Council Office, departmental heads, wellwishers and lay disciples.

Thayet Sayadaw Bhaddanta Kesara invested the congregation with the Five Precepts. The Prime Minister and party offered alms to the Sayadaws.

Minister for Religious Affairs Brig-Gen Thura Myint Maung handed over K 25.2 million donated by Myatheindan Sayadaw Bhaddanta Sobhana to the Prime Minister.

Daw Tin Tin Oo of U Ba Han Street in Chawdwingon, Mayangon Township, and U Kyaw Min-Daw Khin Khin Sein and family donated a gold Buddha image weighing 21 ticals to be kept at the Maha

Ratthabhi Samaggi Pagoda in Panglong, Shan State, and eight requisites to Prime Minister General Khin Nyunt.

Shwe Than Lwin U Kyaw Win and family also presented K 5 million to the fund of the ITBMU; and KN U Tin Win and family, K 3.5 million to the water supply to Kaba Aye Sangha hospital through the Minister. Dr Maung Maung Swe-Daw Moe Moe Aye and family presented K 150,000 to the funds of the ITBMU.

Staff Officer U San Thin Hlaing of the Ministry of Religious Affairs read out the list of donations of Myatheindan Sayadaw — K 10 million for the rural health care unit, Basic Education Primary School, Tube-well and engine in Kannet Village, Myaing Township, native town of the Sayadaw, K 500,000 each for gold plates of Shwedagon Pagoda, Sule Pagoda, Botahtaung Pagoda and Shwephonepint Pagoda, the funds of Vinaya Nuggaha Association, the funds for 'soon' of Mahasi Sasana Yeiktha,

funds of Jivatadana Sangha Hospital, Defence Services General Hospital, Kaba Aye Sangha Hospital, State Pariyatti Sasana University (Yangon), International Theravada Buddhist Missionary University and State Sangha Maha Nayaka Committee, 50 sets of robe and K 500,000 for Hill Region Missionary of Theravada Buddhist Missionary Group, K 1.2 million for the funds to present prizes to 12 members of the Sangha who had passed Dhammaçariya and Pahtamabyan examinations, K 1 million for religious affairs of the Ministry of Religious Affairs, K 1 million for Myanmar Education Committee, K 1 million for National Health Committee, K 2 million for the medical funds of Rural Health Care Unit in Kannet Village, Myaing Township, K 2 million for the funds of Kannet Village BEPS and K 500,000 for sinking tube-well in Ohbo Village, Myaing Township.

Next, the Myatheindan Sayadaw explained the purpose of the donations. Afterwards, Joint-Secretary Sayadaw Agga Maha

Pandita Agga Maha Saddhamma Jotikadhaja Yenangyoung Sayadaw Bhaddanta Tejaniya delivered a sermon, followed by sharing of merits. —MNA

Four political objectives

- * Stability of the State, community peace and tranquillity, prevalence of law and order
- * National reconsolidation
- * Emergence of a new enduring State Constitution
- * Building of a new modern developed nation in accord with the new State Constitution

Four economic objectives

- * Development of agriculture as the base and all-round development of other sectors of the economy as well
- * Proper evolution of the market-oriented economic system
- * Development of the economy inviting participation in terms of technical know-how and investments from sources inside the country and abroad
- * The initiative to shape the national economy must be kept in the hands of the State and the national peoples

Four social objectives

- * Uplift of the morale and morality of the entire nation
- * Uplift of national prestige and integrity and preservation and safeguarding of cultural heritage and national character
- * Uplift of dynamism of patriotic spirit
- * Uplift of health, fitness and education standards of the entire nation

Delegate groups of National Convention hold discussions

YANGON, 28 May — The delegate groups of the National Convention such as the Delegates of Political Parties Group, the Delegates of Workers Group, the Delegates of Intellectuals and Intelligentsia Group and the Delegates of State Service Personnel Group held discussions at the designated meeting halls of Nyaungnabin Camp in Hmawby Township, Yangon Division, this morning, attended by members of the panel of chairmen of respective groups and delegates.

Delegates of Political Parties Group

The Delegates of Political Parties Group held the group discussions at the meeting hall-1 at 9 am today. U Tun Yin Law of National Unity Party presided over the discussions. Deputy Director U Khin

Maung Pru of work group-3 of the National Convention Convening Work Committee and Assistant Director Daw Yin Yin Than acted as masters of ceremonies.

The master of ceremonies announced the start of the meeting as there were 93.10 per cent of the group delegates. Next, discussions chairman U Tun Yin Law gave a speech. Representative U Khin Maung Gyi of National Unity Party submitted his proposal concerning detailed basic principles to be laid down for sharing of power in legislative, executive and judicial sectors to be included in drawing the State Constitution. Afterwards, chairman U Tun Yin Law gave the concluding remarks and the discussions were adjourned at 9.30 am.

Delegates of Workers Group

The discussions of Del-

egates of Workers Group was held at the meeting hall-5. U Kyaw Myo Win of Bago Division (West) presided over the discussions together with U Bo Thein of Shan State (East) and U Khin Maung Aye of Sagaing Division.

Deputy Director U Zaw Win and Assistant Director U Aung Win of work group-7 acted as masters of ceremonies.

The master of ceremonies announced the start of the meeting as there were 48 delegates listed accounting for cent per cent.

Next, discussions chairman U Kyaw Myo Win of Bago Division (West) gave an opening address. The proposal compilation group-3 presented their paper on economic, agriculture & livestock breeding and transport & communication (See page 10)



Chairman U Tun Yin Law speaking at discussions of Delegates of Political Parties Group.— MNA



With hands linked firm around the National Convention.